The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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FIRST EDITION.

FORTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

(FIRST SESSION.)

Petitions from Allegheny County (Pa.) Soldiers for Additional Bounty.

The Proposed Investigation Into the Treasury Accounts.

Speech by Senator Morton on Mississippi Affairs.

Debate on the Centennial Appropriation Bill.

An Allegheny Democratic Congressman Opposed to the Measure.

WASHINGTON, January 19, 1876.

SENATE.

Southern Pacific Railroad.

Mr. SHERMAN presented twenty-one petitions from citizens of Ohio, asking Congressional aid for the construction of the Southern Pacific Railroad. Referred.

Mint in Columbus, Ohio.

Mr. SHERMAN submitted a resolution that the President be requested to cause the building and grounds situated in Columbus, O., known as the Capital University, proposed to be donated to the United States for the purpose of a mint, to be examined for the purpose of ascertaining whether or not said building and grounds are suitable for such mint. Agreed to.

Soldiers' Bounties.

Mr. WALLACE presented a petition of citizens of Allegheny county, formerly soldiers in the Union army, asking for the passage of a law giving additional bounty to soldiers. Referred.

The Treasury Investigation.

The Senate then resumed consideration of the resolution submitted by Mr. Davis in regard to the books of the Treasury Department, the pending question being on the motion of Mr. Edmunds to strike out "a special committee" and insert "the Committee on Finance," so that the investigation shall be made by the Finance Committee, instead of a special committee.

Mr. SHERMAN said a Senator speaking in this body about a matter which affected the public credit should be exceedingly careful as to what be said. Any statement derogatory to our public accounts affected the public good more keenly than anything else. He denied that there was a discrepancy in the public debt to the extent of one hundred million dollars in 1870, as charged by the Senator from West Virginia, and said there was no ground for such a statement. He (Sherman) would be glad to have the Senator from West Virginia (Davis) go to the Treasury and examine the books for himself. He argued that if the Senator had read the finance reports and compared the different statements he would not have pointed out any such discrepancy, as the whole thing was explained in those reports. He read from the finance report of 1870 to show that the sinking fund bonds were not included in one statement, but were in another. The total debt on July 1st, 1870, after deducting coin and currency, sinking fund bonds, &c., was $2,486,358,509, or nearly one hundred millions less than the amount given by the Honorable Senator from West Virginia (Davis). Before the administration of President Grant, the public debt statements were very meagre, but when his administration commenced, and Mr. Boutwell entered the Treasury the statements were enlarged for the information of the public. He desired to say that if the investigation should be left to the Committee on Finance, that committee would do the best it could; but he would much prefer to have a special committee appointed, and let the Senator from West Virginia look for himself. The business of the Treasury Department was extensive and complicated. He had often heard it said that the manner of keeping accounts in the Treasury should be changed, but he thought it would be a serious matter to improve on the plan of Alex. Hamilton, Gallatin and other noted financiers.

Mr. EATON said he did not want to say anything to injure the credit of the Government, but the condition of the accounts of the Treasury should be probed and examined. He was engaged himself about six months ago with one of the shrewdest bankers in the United States in an examination of the finance reports from 1791 to 1874. The time occupied in the examination was about three weeks and he did not hesitate to assert that there was not an accountant in the United States who could take the finance reports and the debt statement and come within fifty million dollars of the public debt. In his opinion there should be three departments in the Treasury, one of public accounts, another of commerce, and a third of public labor. There was something wrong in making up the accounts of the Government, and there should now be a change.

Mr. KERNAN favored the investigation being made by a special committee.

Mr. DAWES said if the Senator from West Virginia (Davis) would state that he had reason to believe that any one had attempted to make the books of the Treasury Department falsely state the condition of the public debt, he (Dawes) would vote for a special committee; but if the whole purpose of this resolution was to ascertain if the books of the Treasury Department could not be kept in a more simple manner, it was evident to him that the Finance Committee could make the inquiry. The Senator from West Virginia should be more explicit in his statement as to whether he charged fraud or whether his purpose was to ascertain if the manner of book-keeping could be simplified.

Mr. DAVIS said not only the Senator from Massachusetts, but other Senators had attempted to put words in his mouth. He (Davis) has not said there was fraud, or that any one had altered the books, but he did say the statement sent to Congress from year to year had been changed; and, further, that the new table of 1870 did not agree with the Register's report; but since then the Register's report had been made to agree with that table.

Mr. DAWES said if the Senator from West Virginia charged that there was fraud, he (Dawes) would go with him in pressing the investigation, so that no guilty man should escape.

Mr. FRELINGHUYSEN hoped the amendment of the Senator from Vermont (Edmunds) would be adopted. He said next to the liberty of this country was the credit, and the people were exceeding sensitive in regard to it. It was the right of the people, without regard to party, to know if there had been blundering in the Treasury. If it was true there had been such blundering it was fraud.

The Mississippi Election.

Pending the discussion Mr. SHERMAN moved that the resolution of Mr. Davis be laid aside, in order that the Senator from Indiana (Morton) might call up his resolution in regard to the Mississippi election, and submit the remarks which he was prepared to do. Agreed to.

The Senate then took up the resolution of Mr. Morton in regard to the Mississippi elections.

Senator Morton's Speech.

Mr. MORTON had the floor, and he delivered a very able and exhaustive argument in favor of the resolution. He begun by a reference to the lawlessness that has obtained in the Southern States since the close of the rebellion. He was firmly of the opinion that in the late election in Mississippi the rights of the great majority of the voters were trampled under foot by the reckless hordes of desperate whites who were evidently willing to sacrifice everything in the effort to control the administration of affairs in that Commonwealth. The revolt was the work of men who were determined that none but whites should administer the laws of the State, and it was utterly without palliation or excuse. The alternative presented to the colored men was: Support the Democratic party, or starve. The colored people were fiercely denounced for their ignorance and want of moral standing; but nothing is said of the effects of slavery as a training school. Here Mr. Morton reviewed the

Laws of the Black Code

which made it a penitentiary offense to teach a negro, and he said that the fruits of those infamous statutes had, like dead sea apples, turned to ashes on the lips of their authors. It is the merest folly, said he, to longer deny the atrocities that have been committed on the colored people of the South. The white sportsmen went gunning for them, and if an equal number of Indians had been killed the whole country would have been aroused and summary vengeance wreaked upon the slayers. The murder of a hundred negroes, in cold blood, was, seemingly, a matter too small to receive the attention of the Government, and the Democrats went so far as to say that it did not even justify an investigation. The infamous lies about negro plots to murder white people have become exceedingly stale and disgusting. That these infamous lies were intended as a pretext for slaughter there is but little doubt. If apprehensions of uprising ever existed they grew out of a conviction of intolerable wrongs inflicted upon colored people. A conclusive answer to all these foul calumnies is found in the fact [illegible] colored men only are killed. That if [illegible] are killed they are few in [illegible] such cases are exceptionable. The [illegible] declared that it was the duty of the [illegible] party to maintain the rights of [illegible], saying, should the Republican party of the North become indifferent to the fate of the colored people of the South, and ignore the atrocities committed upon them, nothing can prevent them from sinking rapidly into a state of vassalage, and their last condition will be worse than the first. That the Democratic party of the South are reconciled to the civil and political equality of the colored people is contradicted by their every act; by their daily life; by their history in the past and their aspirations in the future, and when they get physical power, regardless of constitutional provisions or Congressional enactments, they will hurl them from the platform of equality and reduce them to a vassalage but one removal from slavery.

He referred to the white line policy adopted by the Democracy of the South, and affirmed that it was established by the Democratic party immediately after the termination of the war and never has been relaxed or abandoned for a single moment. The white line policy was the legitimate descendant of the black code of 1865, and the revolution of 1875 was but a continuation of the fight against the principles of reconstruction and the constitutional amendments. Whatever disguises may be temporarily adopted, whatever pretexts may be made in Washington, the inflexible white line Democracy of the South is the destruction of the political rights of the negro.

The Senator next adverted to the

Bloody Election History of the South

since reconstruction, and cited the numerous reports of Congressional and Senatorial investigating committees to prove that the pretext of the White Line Democracy that they were goaded to murder and rapine by Republican oppression had not the slightest foundation in fact. The vigorous prosecution of the Ku Klux and White Liners, and the suspension of the *habeas corpus* act were the only causes of the suspension of the bloody massacres of the negroes. It is the lesson of history in every age that where men are treated as villains and vagabonds, and subjected to wicked oppression from society because of their race, religious or political opinions they are sometimes thereby made villains and vagabonds. A systematic course of falsehood has been pursued by Southern Democrats with a view to poison the public mind against the Republican administration in the reconstructed States, and so persistent have they been that their believers are legion. Federal investigation of the charges of corruption, which have been made so broadcast, almost invariably proved that the charges were without foundation.

In Mississippi the charges of corruption against Governor Ames and every Republican State and county official have been so voluble and persistent that very many of the ignorant people have been made to believe them, and have thus to some extent been hounded on to madness and crime.

The Duty of the Republican Party.

Mr. MORTON concluded as follows: Many well meaning people deplore any reference to the outrages committed in the South as being inimical to the reconstruction and harmony between the sections. They are exceedingly anxious that in this Centennial year all past differences shall be forgotten and that the people of the North and of the South, forgetting and forgiving, and mindful only of our great national future, shall meet and embrace as a nation of brothers. It is a consummation devoutly to be wished, but I must remind such well meaning people that any formal reconciliation while the dearest rights of millions are systematically violated and the greatest wrongs are passed unnoticed, and unpunished, will be the rankest hypocrisy, revolting, alike to Divine, and to human justice. It is only knavish quacks who put a blister over the mouth of a wound and say it is healed. The healing process must begin at the bottom and be thorough to be permanent and healthy. All gushing and handshaking, which precedes concession of equal rights and justice to men of all colors and opinions in the Southern States, will be the veriest sham and will deceive nobody. Such foul wrongs cannot be ignored and concealed. They will forever obtrude themselves upon the world and cry aloud for redress. It will be a cry of "peace, peace" when there is no peace, and if the sound Republicans at the North turn a deaf ear to the Republicans of the South and affect to believe that reconstruction has taken place and that all is well, they will be justly contemptible in the eyes of mankind. The Union men of the South have been subjected to trials of which we in the North have but a faint idea, and they have shown their faith and patriotism by an adherence to their principles, under circumstances where the weak, the venal, and the unprincipled have joined the enemy. The Republicans of the North dare not, and they will not now abandon them. Let me say to this class of people and to the men of the South, that there is but one highway to reconciliation, and that is open straight and free, and over its portals are inscribed these words: "Equal justice to all; to all the equal protection of the laws," and if the Southern people will walk in that way they will arrive at the temple of peace and find unbroken rest.

The Senate then adjourned.

HOUSE.

Lands to Soldiers.

Mr. BLAND offered a resolution calling for information on the subject of the transfer of lands within railroad limits allowed to Union soldiers. Adopted.

Special or Local Laws.

Mr. SPRINGER introduced a constitutional amendment providing that Congress shall not pass any special or local laws in regard to granting pensions, bounties, lands or prize money, or for correcting the records of any department in relation thereto; granting relief to any person or authorizing the payment of any claim; giving to any corporation, association or individual the right to lay railroad tracks, or conferring any special and exclusive privilege on such corporation; regulating the practice of courts, or conferring special jurisdiction in a particular case; that in all cases where a general law can be made applicable no special law will be enacted, and that courts may determine whether any special law could be embraced in a general enactment. Referred.

The Treaty With Hawaii.

Mr. TARBOX offered a resolution directing the Committee on Foreign Affairs to consider the proper legislation necessary to carry into effect the treaty with the Hawaiian Islands. Adopted.

The Centennial Appropriation.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union, Mr. Wood in the chair, on the Centennial Appropriation bill, and was addressed by Mr. PHILLIPS (Ks.) in advocacy of the bill.

Mr. HARRISON followed on the same side. Alluding to the suggestions that the House by its vote on Mr. Holman's resolution on the 14th of December had committed itself against all subsidies, he called attention to the fact that when that resolution was offered Mr. Hoar had asked whether it would not cut off the Centennial appropriation, and that Mr. Holman distinctly stated that he did not consider the word "subsidy" in that resolution as covering the Centennial appropriation. The House, therefore, had voted for that resolution with a reservation in favor of the Centennial—not a mental reservation, but an outspoken reservation.

Referring to the enthusiasm of old John Adams over Fourth of July celebrations, and to the fact that he made orations which might be called "Spread Eagle," he expressed the desire that there were to-day more spread eagleism in the land. The common eagle, he said, taking his flight from the extreme limit of eastern civilization in 1776, would have made its flight to the western limit in a single day. But the proudest monarch of the air, dipping himself in the Atlantic, and then looking at the setting sun, ever intent, and sailing onward, takes days and weeks before he cools his pinions in the spray of the broad Pacific; and, he said: "We are told that the people shall not be taxed at the rate of three and a half cents each for a celebration for the country's birthday." He hoped the bill would pass, and he hoped that his Southern friends would not allow this opportunity to pass without proving to the North that they had as much pride in the Fourth of July as any Northern man.

A Southerner Speaks.

Mr. ATKINS (Tenn.) asked Mr. Harrison whether he meant that those gentlemen who opposed the bill were disloyal to the Government.

Mr. HARRISON—Not by any means.

Mr. ATKINS—I hope not. I hope that no such test will be made. We have heard enough of that.

Mr. HARRISON—I didn't fight myself, but I have read history sufficiently to know that brave men who fought are always the first to join hands across the "bloody chasm."

Mr. ATKINS—I am willing to join hands across the "bloody chasm," but I am not willing to vote for this bill.

An Alleghenian Opposed to the Appropriation.

Mr. COCHRAN spoke in opposition to the measure as unconstitutional. He said he had pledged his word to his constituents in Pittsburgh to vote against every subsidy, and this was a subsidy. He should, therefore, vote against this bill, and when he went home to his people he would be able to look them in the eyes and say: "I kept the pledge which I made to you when I was elected." [Applause on the floor and in the galleries.]

Mr. KELLEY spoke in answer to Mr. Cochran and in support of the bill.

Mr. REAGAN (Texas) spoke in favor of the bill, and gave as one of the controling motives on his own mind this reason: A great and protracted civil war, with the long controversy which led to it, and a system of reconstruction measures just as disastrous as the war, have so wrenched and distorted the Constitution, and have so perverted the principles of civil liberty and just government as to make a serious and earnest recurrence to the principles of the Declaration of Independence, of the Constitution and of the spirit and genius of the Government a paramount necessity.

Mr. FRYE supported the measure.

Mr. TUCKER spoke in opposition to the bill, and said the path of duty that lay before him in regard to the Centennial bill was as clear as it ever was in regard to any question that had ever been brought to his consideration. What was proposed to be celebrated in this centennial year? Was it proposed to have a material exhibition only, or was it to be an exhibition worthy of great moral principles that were to be illustrated by the anniversary of independence? In his view there were three great principles that underlay the Declaration of Independence. These were the principle of individual liberty, the principle of local government in a struggle against centralized power, and the principle of the exemption of American destiny from the controling influence of European politics. He would unite in celebrating the Centennial anniversary on these three principles. Let him see that the liberty of the citizen was secure against arbitrary power, that freedom and independence, what Chief Justice Chase termed the autonomy of the States, was safe against arbitrary usurpation of Federal power, and that American destiny was to be guided alone by its own policy and be free from the interference of European policy. Then there would be indeed a Centennial anniversary. The spirit of the Centennial was obedient to the Constitution. The greatest invention of American genius had been left out of view entirely, and that was the absolute subordination of Government power to the rigid, inflexible, unbending rule of the constitution.

Mr. TUCKER then proceeded to argue against the Constitutionality of the pending measure.

Mr. HOAR asked Mr. Tucker whether, when the Constitution delegated to Congress certain national powers, includin the taking of a national attitude towards foreign nations, it did not intend that such expenditures for national dignity as were usual to nations wielding those powers should be made by Congress?

Mr. TUCKER asked the gentleman from Massachusetts to point out to him where the word "National" in respect of power or anything else occurred in the Constitution.

Mr. HOAR—The power to levy war, to conclude peace, and to establish commerce means a nation in every line where that power is granted.

Mr. TUCKER—If that is what the gentleman calls national power I understand him, but there is no such thing in the Constitution as a power to levy war. There is a power to declare war and to raise and support armies.

Mr. HOAR—And to levy it after it is declared.

Mr. TUCKER—That is not in the Constitution. The power to create and maintain a navy and to make rules for the regulation of the land and naval service covers the whole question of what the gentleman from Massachusetts means.

George Washington's Time.

Mr. LAWRENCE called the attention of Mr. Tucker to a letter from George Washington transmitting the Constitution to Congress, in which the Government is called a National Government.

Mr. TUCKER—I know it. I admit it. I said the word "national" was not in the Constitution, and the gentleman has not found it in it. He finds it outside of it. That is exactly what I say.

Mr. LAWRENCE—It was in the minds of the men who made the Constitution.

Mr. TUCKER then proceeded with his argument, in the course of which he quoted the gentleman from New York (Hewitt) as saying yesterday that the Government was confessedly an educator of the country, and commenting on it, he said: Confessed by whom? I never confessed it. I not only do not confess it, but I deny it *in toto*. I deny that this Government can intrude in the control of the common schools of each State of the Union. I deny that this Government can go into our common school system in the States and upturn it according to the views of members of Congress here who know nothing in the world about it. This Government, and I beg my Democratic friends to remember it, has no mission except to execute its power and to perform its duties under and its subjection to the supreme law of the land—the Constitution of the country. Show me either the power to pass this bill or that this bill is essential to carry out a power conferred, and I will vote for it, but otherwise, before God and my country, I can't vote for it. He declared himself opposed altogether to a splendid Government.

Referring to the fact that the Legislature of Virginia had declined to make an appropriation for the Centennial, he explained that one reason was a provision in the State Constitution framed in 1867, and forced down their throats, preventing the State from making any appropriation for any thing except to pay her debts and carry on the Government. But he said Virginia will be there. Her people who are able to go will be there. She has given six daughters to the Union (referring to the States made out of the territory ceded by her) who will be there, and another of her daughters will be there (referring to West Virginia), taken from her by Cæsarian opposition, But "Old Virginia," rent in twain, impoverished in her weeds of widowhood, with a heart breathing the prosperity of the common country, will be there in spirit, and when the Govenment is restored to its pristine purity, when the principles of the revolution are re-established and liberty is proclaimed throughout the land to every man under the palladium of *hapeas corpus*, unrepealable by an edict of the President or by act of Congress on account of constructive rebellion, then shall the time come when we shall all unite with Massachusetts in the splendid close of Webster's great speech forty years ago: "Institutional liberty under a constitutional Union. Yes, liberty and union one and inseparable, now and forever."

Without taking action on the bill, the committee rose, and the House at 4:45 adjourned.

THE WHISKY FRAUDS.

Trial of Brownlee in Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, January 19.—The entire session of the United States Court to-day was occupied in hearing evidence in Brownlee's case. Harrison Miller testified to Brownlee's having visited the Patoka distillery and afterwards reported irregularities in the books of the Supervisor of the District.

Christopher Cochenorr, a distiller at Patoka, testified that in March, 1875, Brownlee, accompanied by Bingham, visited the wash-floor and ferment-room, when there was no extra wash on the floor. Witness gave as his opinion that two-thirds of the whisky manufactured by the Binghams was crooked.

John W. Bingham testified that he and his brother, Gordon Byram Bingham, had paid Brownlee $1,000, the last $500 of which was paid to Brownlee at his room in the St. George Hotel, Evansville, about the 22d of March, in 1875.

The Case of Wm. McKee in St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, January 19.—In the United States Circuit Court to-day, Judges Dillon and Treat being on the bench, Judge John M. Krum, one of the counsel for Wm. McKee, asked leave to withdraw the plea of "Not guilty," and file a demurrer to the indictments. Permission was granted and the demurrer filed. After reciting the points of the indictment, the demurrer states that the indictment is not sufficient in law, that McKee is not bound by the law of the land to answer the same, that he prays judgment of said indictment, and asks to be dismissed and discharged, and that the indictment be quashed. The demurrer will be argued to-morrow.

CHRISTIAN CONVENTION.

The First Day's Session in Philadelphia—Several Important Subjects Discussed.

PHILADELPHIA, January 19.—This morning the first session of the Christian Convention called by the Evangelists began at the Depot Tabernacle. The entire enclosure was filled. After prayer, Mr. Moody announced the first subject to be "Evangelistic services and how to conduct them." He spoke on this subject at some length. In answer to a question as to how long ministers should preach, he said: "Do not preach too long, as long sermons drive the gospel first in, and then out of the congregation." The next subject was "How to conduct prayer meetings." He said a minister should take a seat down with the congregation and induce them to speak and take part in the meeting. After the third subject, "The water of Life," had been discussed, Rev. Dr. Muchmore addressed the Convention, and brought the morning session to a close.

The Convention reassembled at 3 P. M. The Convention took up the subject of "Inquiry Meetings," which was discussed an hour. The last subject discussed was "Training of Young Converts." This closed the session for the day.

Notwithstanding the bad weather to-night, the Tabernacle was crowded, the usual revival services being held. Mr. Moody preached on "There is no difference."

PORK PACKING.

Reports From Various Points—A Falling off From Last Year of 750,000.

CINCINNANI, January 19.—The *Price Current* has revised returns from a large number of pork packing points, received within the last five days, which do not materially change the falling off in numbers indicated in the report published on December 30. Interior points show a probable falling off in the entire season of five and a half million hogs. The six leading cities are now 370,000 behind the same date last year. Cincinnati weights about the same as last year, Chicago about eighteen pounds heavier, Louisville seven pounds heavier, and St. Louis twenty-five pounds heavier. Interior points in west—Indiana show a large increase in weights. Hogs continue of superior quality at all points. The estimated packing at all points, including the six cities, indicates a possible falling off in numbers for the entire season, amo[illegible] to three-quarters [illegible] million.

SECOND EDITION.

THE STATE CAPITAL.

Several Bills Reported from Committees.

Proposed Appropriation of $10,000 to the Pittsburgh Homeopathic Hospital.

A Bill to Repeal the Jury Commissioner Law Defeated.

Special to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

HARRISBURG, January 19, 1876.

SENATE.

The Senate met at 11 o'clock, Lieutenant Governor Latta in the chair. Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

Public Charities.

A report on public charities was laid before the Senate.

Bills Reported from Committees.

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution relative to judiciary districts.

By Mr. NEWMYER, an act relative to appeals in cases of summary conviction.

An act relating to bail in criminal cases taken by mayors, deputy mayors, aldermen or justices of the peace, requiring to record on the information the residence of the person or persons taken as bail, and the location and extent of the property.

Bills Introduced.

An act conferring jurisdiction upon Courts of Common Pleas in all cases relating to mortgages of their property and franchises by railroad, canal or navigation companies. Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. ANDERSON, of Allegheny, an act appropriating ten thousand dollars for the Homeopathic Hospital in Pittsburgh. Referred to the Finance Committee.

A supplement to the act to provide for the incorporation of certain corporations, approved April 24, 1874, relative to a bonus paid by corporations upon the renewal of charters. Referred to the Committee on Constitutional Reform.

An act to prevent horses, cattle, sheep and swine from running at large in the various townships of the Commonwealth when a majority of the votes shall so decide. Referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Domestic Manufactures.

Bills Read the Second Time.

An act to confer additional power on Law Judges out of Court. Not agreed to.

An act relating to investments held by executors, trustees and other fiduciaries. Agreed to.

An act conferring additional jurisdiction on Orphans' Courts. Recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

A further supplement to the act to provide for the admission of certain classes of insane into hospitals for the insane in the Commonwealth, and their discharge therefrom. Agreed to.

An act authorizing appeals from assessments in the Commonwealth to the Court of Common Pleas. This bill allows appeals from assessments of County Commissioners. Further consideration was postponed.

A supplementary act to authorize the Government to appoint additional notaries public. Agreed to.

An act to protect children of the Commonwealth in their right to acquire useful trades.

Appointments Confirmed.

The following appointments by the Governor were confirmed: Secretary of the Commonwealth, M. S. Quay. This was agreed to unanimously. Notaries Public: Frank Gunnison, at Erie, Pa.; W. L. Harbaugh, at Mercersburg; and W. F. Stewart, at Brookville.

Adjourned.

HOUSE.

The House met at 11 o'clock. Prayer was offered by Rev. Clarke.

Bills Passed Second Reading.

The House proceeded to the consideration of bills on the calendar, when the following passed second reading, except when otherwise stated:

A joint resolution providing for the purchase of copies of Purdon's Digest.

An act fixing the compensation of arbitrators chosen under compulsory arbitration laws of the Commonwealth. The bill fixes a per diem allowance of two dollars to each of the arbitrators.

An act to repeal an act for the better and more impartial selection of persons to serve as jurors in each of the counties of the Commonwealth. Negatived. The bill repeals the jury commissioner law and restores the old law.

The House then adjourned.

Credit to a Doorkeeper.

Ephraim Jones, Chief Doorkeeper of the House, receives credit from both parties for the perfect decorum and order maintained yesterday during the immense throng of strangers in the House. K.

COMMERCE AND NAVIGATION.

Proceedings of the Dominion Board of Trade—Improvement of Canals and Railways Demanded.

OTTAWA, January 19.—In the Dominion Board of Trade to-day a resolution was adopted declaring that the shipping interests of the Dominion require that the telegraph cables be extended from the mainland to the islands in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, and petitioning the Government for their immediate construction, at an estimated cost of $130,000.

Delegates of the National Board of Trade of the United States addressed the meeting on the proposed reciprocal trade between Canada and the United States. Mr. Henry, of New York, said he was sure his people would join the Canadians in enlarging the canals. He urged the construction of the Conghanawga canal.

Mr. Hays, of Detroit, contended that every improvement in the canals and railways of Canada added to the value of the products of the Western States.

Hon. John Young moved that the Conghanawaga Canal be constructed on the same scale as the St. Lawrence Canal.

Mr. White favored the building of the canal, but first wanted an assurance from the United States Government that the White Hall Canal will be enlarged to the same size, and Canada vessels allowed to navigate American canals to New York on the same terms as vessels of the United States. He moved an amendment to that effect.

The motion as amended by Mr. White was carried. A resolution was adopted that the Government be memorialized praying for the restoration of the ten per cent. diferential duty on tea and coffee imported from the United States.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, January 19, 1876.

Plymouth Church.

At a meeting of the Examining Committee of Plymouth Church to-night, S. V. White, one of the members, stated his grievances against Henry C. Bowen, which, so far as can be ascertained to-night from Bowen, for reporters were not admitted, consisted in the fact that White called on Bowen in November and asked him to tell all he knew about Mr. Beecher, and that Bowen refused to talk on the scandal. Bowen charged that some member of the committee had given information to the press, which several of them denied, but Mr. Shearman admitted that he had spoken about the matter. Bowen then called for the advice they intended giving him, but they replied that they wanted to hear from him. The committee finally agreed to give him a written copy of the grievances in a few days, but he will not attend any more meetings, unless allowed a stenographer, which was denied to-night.

THE SIOUX INDIANS.

Minnesotians Becoming Alarmed at Their Hostile Attitude.

ST. PAUL, MINN., January 19.—In the House the following resolution was introduced and laid over under the rules. It will doubtless pass both Houses:

Resolved, That the hostile attitude of the Sioux of Dakota and adjoining territories, and their readiness to commit murders and other atrocities, calls for vigorous and uncompromising action on the part of the Government in the suppression of these outrages and their authors, that all annuities of Indians of said Sioux nation shall be kept within their reservations, and the entire business of dealing with said nation should be transferred to the War Department, which should not be trammeled in its action by any of those sectarian or humanitarian influences which have been recently recognized by the Government to the prejudice of the frontier settlements and of the country.

Marine News.

NEW YORK, January 19.—Arrived—The steamship Russia, from Liverpool.

ANTWERP, January 19.—The steamship State of Nevada, from New York, has arrived.

NEW YORK, January 19.—Arrived—The steamer Klopstock, from Hamburg.

NEW YORK, January 19.—Arrived—The steamers Switzerland, from Antwerp, and Boli[illegible]

FOREIGN ADVICES.

Turkish Troops Defeated by Insurgents.

Episcopal Seminary Closed by the Italian Government.

Rumors that France is Preparing for War.

ITALY.

Exchange of Scientific Publications.

ROME January 19.—The Italian Minister of Public Instruction has accepted the proposal of the United States Government for an exchange of scientific publications of the two countries.

The Spanish Elections.

In consequence of the political tendencies evinced in Spain in regard to the forthcoming elections for the Cortes, Cardinal Antonelli has instructed the Nuncio at Madrid to obtain a clear definition of the Government's intended line of conduct in its relations with the Papacy.

Episcopal Seminary Closed.

LONDON, January 20.—A special dispatch from Rome says the Italian Government has closed the Episcopal Seminary at Como for its refusal to admit the Government Inspector. This is a most important act, being the strongest step yet taken in the State's dealing with the Church, and will doubtless produce great results.

GERMANY.

A Captured Schooner Released by Spain.

BERLIN, January 19.—The *Reichsanzeiger* announces that in consequence of Germany's representations, the Spanish Government has by telegraph ordered the Governor of the Phillipine Islands to release the German schooner Minna, which was seized by a Spanish gunboat last October.

War Rumors.

LONDON, January 20.—The *Daily News* has the following special dispatch from Berlin: A paper which often has relations with the Government publishes an alarming article similar to those which caused so much uneasiness a year ago. The article mentions reports of the formation of the French squadron in the Mediterranean, in the collection of military stores at Nancy, etc., as reasons for Germany to be watchful.

TURKEY.

Insurgent Victory.

RAGUSA, January 19.—Six Turkish battalions were routed yesterday between Ragusa and Trebeije by insurgents under Gen. Peko. The Turks had three hundred killed and many wounded. The insurgent loss was thirty killed and many wounded.

The Insurgent Victory Confirmed.

LONDON, January 20.—A special to the *Times* from Ragusa confirms the report of the defeat of Turks by insurgents under General Peko, and gives the following particulars: The Turks disbanded after the first attack without further resistance. A majority of the killed, who probably number over three hundred, fell during the fight. The bulk of the survivors took refuge on a hill, where, at last accounts, they were surrounded by the whole insurgent army, 3,000 strong. The victory of the latter is unquestionably complete and important. They are preparing to attack the hill.

RUSSIA.

Transported to Siberia.

LONDON, January 20.—A Berlin correspondent of the *Times* says there are various reports concerning the transportation to Siberia of an Odessa merchant, whose name is Brodsky. The incident is considered to be of peculiar importance, because of the rarity of such proceedings in the reign of the present Emperor. The transportation was decreed by the political police. There was no semblance of a trial. It is variously surmised that Brodsky, who is highly respected, spoke against the Government in the Town Council or sold arms to Turks, as has been alleged, or was accessory to publishing recent reports on the export trade.

FRANCE.

The Elections.

LONDON, January 20.—A Paris correspondent of the *News* says the Republicans claim that they will certainly elect their candidates for the Senate in twenty-nine departments.

PARIS, January 20.—The *Moniteur* gives the following estimate of the result of the elections for Senatorial delegates: Seventeen departments are doubtful, thirty-three decidedly Conservative, six Bonapartist, and sixteen Republican, all shades. M. Buffet's election in Vosges appears to be certain. Militant Bonapartists will probably only obtain thirty seats in the Senate.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Not Dead.

LONDON, January 19.—Rev. Henry Varley, the noted revival preacher, had an attack of rheumatism of the heart last week, and his recovery for a time was despaired of, but it is now believed he is out of danger.

SPAIN.

A Slight Skirmish.

LONDON, January 20.—A telegram from St. Jean De Luz reports that the Carlists have surprised an advanced post between San Marcial and Irun, killing twenty-five Alfonsists.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, January 19, 1876.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

Ex-Senator Wade made an argument before the Senate Committee on Public Lands to-day, advocating the Christiancy bill to repeal the law which requires the Northern Pacific Railroad Company to pay the cost of surveying and conveying land grants to it.

The Indians.

Mr. Ingalls, who is employed with the Seminole tribe of Indians, appeared before the House Committee on Indian Affairs to-day, and testified that General J. P. C. Shanks, a special United States Indian Agent, had stirred up strifes and dissensions among the tribes. He visited here for the sole purpose of appearing before the authorities in Washington as an attorney to settle the troubles which he (Shanks) inaugurated. The committee decided to investigate the matter, and has summoned Shanks to appear.

BATTLE WITH INDIANS.

Apaches on the War Path—The Redskins Defeated.

CAMP GRANT, A. T., January 19.—A letter from Major Harper, of the Sixth Cavalry, at Camp Apache, says: The Indians broke out at Camp Apache recently. Major Harper, with his company, was ordered out just in time to save the lives of Major Ogleby, of the Fifth Infantry, and Lieut. Bailey. The troops charged the Indians, killing Diablos' brother. The Indians then attacked the garrison, but were driven back to the hills. A letter from Indian Agent Club, dated San Carlos, says Diablos is here, and all is quiet.

A Card.

To the Editors of the Pittsburgh Gazette:

A statement having some time ago been published in the Pittsburgh *Evening Chronicle* purporting to be the result of an interview between a reporter of that paper and Mr. Joshua Nuttal and myself at the Allegheny Water Works, I was much surprised to see such a tissue of misrepresentations gravely presented as the solid truth. I concluded, however, to let it go for what it was worth, and should probably never have referred to it again, but seeing another article of something the same character, which was recently published in two consecutive numbers of the same journal, I beg leave to inform the public that the statements contained in the latter article, except as regards the persons present in Captain Richmond's office, and Captain R. having strongly expressed his dissatisfaction with the mis-statements contained in the report of the interview, and with myself, and Mr. Nuttal, for having sanctioned them, are entirely without foundation in fact. As to the report, &c., I was not present during ten minutes of the interwiew, and was entirely unaware of the statements contained therein, until I saw them in print. Had I known them, they should never have been published with my consent; *all* of them being exaggerated, and many of them absolutely false. During the short time that I was present at the interview, the reporter asked me no questions. He addressed Mr. Nuttal, who answered him without consulting me. The "big engine" will *not* run safely at seven revolutions, "with or without the churn." She will not run at "two or three revolutions" without it at all. She has never to my knowledge run one day without stoping on the centres. During the last eight days she has burned just 450 bushels of coal in fourteen hours. My experience as an engineer counts years, where Mr. Nuttal's does not count months, and I give it as my deliberate opinion that to run her at seven revolutions would insure her speedy destruction. Her *natural* speed is from four to five revolutions, faster or slower than this, look out for trouble. In all my experience of thirty-five years as an engineer, it has never been my lot to meet with so *tricky* and unreliable an engine as this. I make this statement for the purpose of disabusing the public mind with respect to myself, and of proving to those who have known me for many years as a man of truth [illegible] I have not taken to falsehood in my old [illegible]. I know not how long I may retain my present position, but if I cannot keep it without lying and stooping to dishonorable tricks, I care not how soon I leave it.

THOMAS GIBTY, Engineer.

ALLEGHENY, Jan. 18, 1876.

THE LATEST NEWS.

Condensed Telegrams from All Quarters.

—Lord Napier, of Magdalena, has been appointed Governor of Gibraltar.

—W. F. Gill & Co., book publishers of Boston, have called a meeting of their creditors.

—Joseph Gaury & Co., merchants of London, have failed. The liabilities are £100,000.

—The mill operatives in Macclesfield, England, have returned to work on the employers' terms.

—I. C. Tyler & Co., an old established house in the foreign fruit trade in Boston, have suspended.

—A letter from Havana states that on the 25th of December John B. Sportorus was elected President of the Cuban Republic.

—The Supreme Court of Michigan has decided that the Sunday liquor law enacted at the last session of the Legislature is constitutional.

—Ben Boyd and wife, notorious counterfeiters, who have made some of the best counterfeits extant on several Illinois banks, were on trial in Chicago yesterday.

—Six penitentiary convicts working on the Northwestern Railroad in Tennessee escaped on Tuesday. Two were subsequently captured after being shot and wounded.

—H. C. Kibbee, Secretary of the Belcher, New York, Jackson, Lady Washington and other mining companies of the Pacific coast, has absconded. He is a defaulter to the amount of $60,000, mostly from the New York company. Belcher does not suffer.

—The trial of Jno. Noble, for the murder of his wife at Milburg, Wood county, Ohio, in July last, which has been progressing the past week at Bowling Green, Ohio, was concluded on Wednesday, with a verdict of manslaughter and a sentence of five years in the penitentiary.

—The anniversary of the birthday of General R. E. Lee, on Wednesday, was the occasion of a celebration in nearly every city of importance in the South. In Richmond the day was observed by a public meeting, at which an oration was delivered by Capt. J. Hampton Chamberlin, of Norfolk.

—Governor Houston, Levi W. Lawler and T. B. Bether, Commissioners to adjust and settle the debt of Alabama, will make a report to the Legislature in a few days. The result of their labors will be, if confirmed by the Legislature, to fix the entire indebtedness of the State of Alabama at about $10,000,000.

—The seventh annual session of the Expressmen's Mutual Benefit Association was held in Faneuil Hall, Boston, on Wednesday. One hundred and two delegates, from all parts of the country, were present. President Geo. Bingham, of Pittsburgh, delivered an address, embodying the financial statement. The total membership is 3,258. The receipts for the year were $92,719, and the expenditures $91,574. In seven years the association has paid $329,158 on one hundred and fifty-six claims for the benefit of members.

AMUSEMENTS.

Pittsburgh Opera House.

But few, if any, plays are produced here that occupy a higher position in the esteem of Pittsburgh theater-goers than Lord Lytton's drama, "Richelieu." In symmetry, elegance of diction and smoothness of action it is unexcelled. It was, therefore, quite in accord with the fitness of things that a large audience should be present at Mr. McCullough's impersonation of the foxy old *Cardinal*, as was the case last night. He acquitted himself nobly in this exacting *role*, and won enthusiastic plaudits, being several times called before the curtain. In the curse scene, so easily overdone and so unsatisfactory when under-done, he manifested in his outbursts of passion a power that thrilled his auditors and evoked their warmest recognition. The part of *De Baradas* fell to Mr. Waverly, who sustained the character of *Louis XIII.* when Sullivan played here a few weeks ago. The change in the cast was a very satisfactory one. It gave Mr. Waverly a better opportunity, which he made good use of. Mr. Wilson as *Louis* was very creditable indeed. If Mr. Ellis would only rid himself of his staginess, and become more natural, his acting would be so much more gratifying. Parts of his *De Mauprat* were quite commendable. Miss Fletcher's *Julie* was well dressed and well performed.

This evening "Hamlet."

The Charity Concert.

This evening is the occasion of the Charity Concert at Library Hall for the benefit of the Pittsburgh Association for the Relief of the Poor. A glance at the amusement column elsewhere will indicate to our readers that the performers are persons whose fame is not only local but national. The object is an eminently praiseworthy one, and the concert should therefore be well patronized. If any seats are yet unsold they can be purchased at Hale's.

Church Festivals.

A hot dinner and supper will be served to-day and this evening at the Second Presbyterian church, corner of Penn avenue and Seventh street. The proceeds are to be applied to the Church Fund.

To-night at the Fifth U. P. church, on Irwin avenue, Allegheny, a concert and supper will be given, and the promises are that both shall be more than ordinarily excellent.

Trimble's Varieties.

Within a few years past a number of variety theatres have endeavered to obtain a foothold in this city. Their existence has been ephemeral. That, however, cannot be said of Trimble's Varieties, which has always maintained its popularity, and by judicious management has become one of the permanent theatrical institutions of Pittsburgh. The programme this week is varied and attractive. The company is a new one and the performonces fresh and bright.

School of Design.

The art exhibition of the School of Design commences next Monday and will continue during the week. Admission is free.

Musical and Dramatic Notes.

MAGGIE MITHELL will be at the Opera House next week.

MR. J. N. GOTTHOLD will play on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday evenings of next week at Youngstown, Ohio, appearing, in the order of the evenings named, in "The Victor of Rhe," "Othello" and "Shylock." On Thursday, Friday and Saturday evening he will produce the same plays in Wheeling. We can assure the citizens of both places that rare pleasure in the amusement line is in store for them.

Fairbanks' Scales.

Their triumph this week at Washington in the award of the Post Office Department for all scales required this year, is a proof that the Old Weigh is very satisfactory to the United States Government. Nearly fifty years of experience in the line of manufacturing has secured for these St. Johnsbury scale-makers a reputation which distances all competition.—*Commercial Advertiser.* D&W

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ **DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS OF THE DUQUESNE NATIONAL BANK** Elected at the Annual Election, JANUARY 11th, 1876:

Wm. G. Johnston,	Wm. Douglas,
S. M. Fulton,	W. R. Boggs,
Jas. Shidle,	Michael Munhall,
Jos. Shallenberger,	Thos. J. Gallagher,
Edwin Bindley,	Jas. McKay.

WM. G JOHNSTON, President.
WM. DOUGLAS, Vice President.
A. H. PATTERSON, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR OF GAS AND GAS METERS FOR ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

☞ **DESIRING THAT THE PUBLIC** should more generally avail themselves of the advantages of this office, I would give notice to persons desiring to have their meters tested to leave their orders at the offices of their respective Gas Companies, or at my office, corner of Twenty-third and Smallman streets, and they will receive prompt attention.

R. H. SMITH, Inspector.

Robt. Davis,

GRAIN CHOPPING MILL

Corner 31st Street and A. V. R. R.

White Corn Meal in paper sacks or by the barrel.
Yellow " " " "
Chopped Feed by the cwt., ton or car load.
Grinding done to order for parties furnishing their own grain.
Track connections in mill to all points. Cars loaded in bulk or bags without hauling. Orders by mail promptly filled. z38

Pennsylvania Female College,

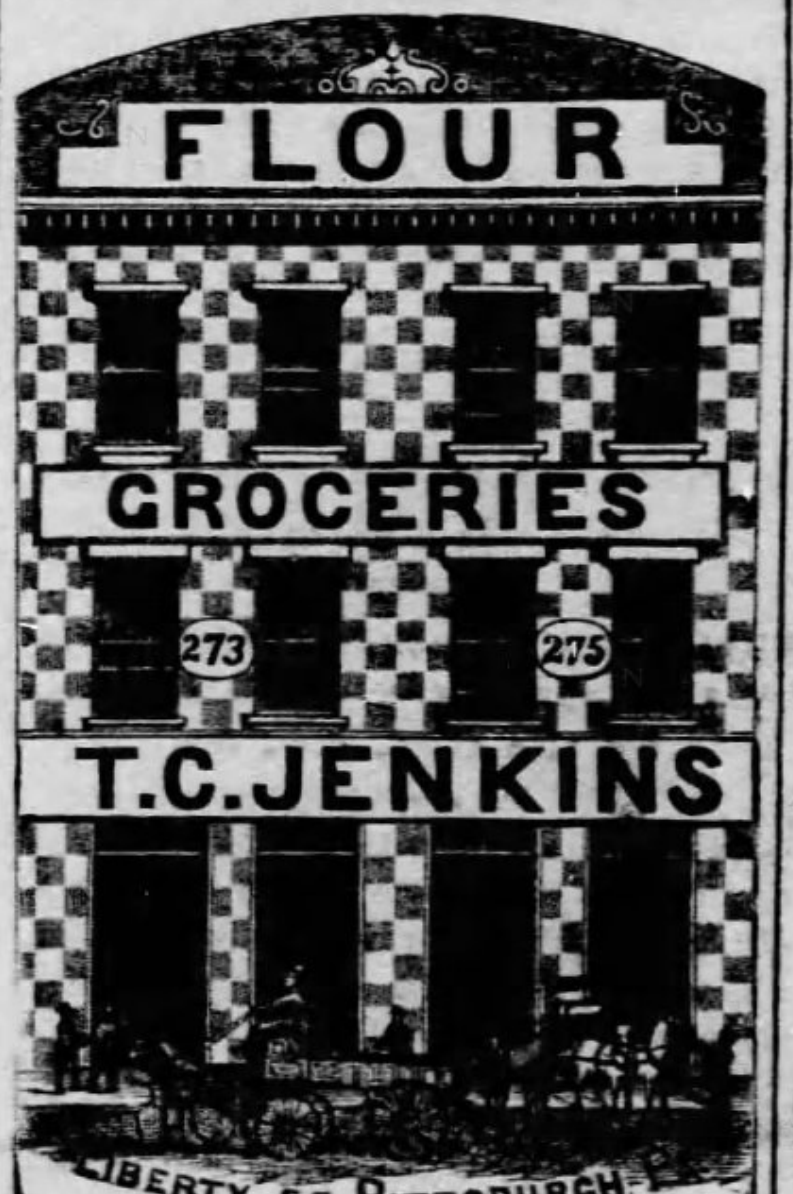
PITTSBURGH (EAST END).

Rev. THOMAS C. STRONG, D.D., President.

The SECOND TERM will commence on WEDNESDAY, January 5, 1876. The course of study is com[illegible] in each department. The training the[illegible] government that of a Christian H[illegible] Applications for [illegible]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHECKERED FRONT



THE HOUSE THAT SELLS THE GREAT

White River Flour,

THE BEST FLOUR FOR THE MONEY IN THE UNITED STATES,

Full and Complete Line GROCERIES.

OFFICE OF CITY CONTROLLER, PITTSBURGH, January 20, 1876.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until 12 M., MONDAY, January 31st, 1876, for Printing and Binding (46) forty-six Duplicates for the Water Assessor. Samples can be seen at this office. The Committee on Printing reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

R. M. SNODGRASS, Controller.

THE FIRM OF McQUEWAN & DOUGLAS has been dissolved, Mrs. MARY McQUEWAN retiring. The business will be continued under the old style of McQUEWAN & DOUGLAS, by SAMUEL B. and WILLIAM A. DOUGLAS, who will collect all accounts and debts due the old firm and settle all claims against it.

Pittsburgh, January 1st, 1876. a16

FIFTH ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE

CITY INSURANCE COMPANY

Of Pittsburgh, Pa., December 31, 1875.

Office No. 64 Fourth Avenue, Second Floor.

Cash Capital		$100,000 00
ASSETS.		
Bonds and mortgages, first liens and accrued interest		$114,062 34
Real Estate	$22,800 00	
Deduct mortgage	10 000 00	12,800 00
Cash in hands of Treasurer and in bank		7,523 46
Collateral Loans		10,443 56
Interest and balances due by agents		3,897 45
Hull and cargo premiums		2,663 30
Premiums in course of collection		9,817 76
Personal property		1,187 56
		$162,395 43
RECEIPTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1875.		
Fire and Hull Premiums	$66,191 93	
Interest and rent	13,439 10	$79,631 03
DISBURSEMENTS DURING THE SAME PERIOD.		
Commission and reinsurance	$10,928 11	
Returned premiums	4,965 51	
State taxes and State fees	2,571 71	
Salaries, rent, adjustment, and all other expenses	9,549 02	
Losses of 1874, $2,224 36; of 1875, $29,443 39	31,767 75	59,732 10
		$19,898 93
Balance January 1, 1875	$161,496 50	
Deduct dividends Nos. 4 and 5	19,000 00	
		142,496 50
		$162,395 43

JOHN R. GLONINGER, Secretary. a13

THE GALAXY

For February

NOW READY.

CONTENTS:

MADCAP VIOLET. By William Black, author of "A Princess of Thule," etc.
HOME RULERS IN THE ENGLISH PARLIAMENT. By Justin McCarthy.
ANNA SEWARD AND MAJOR ANDRE. An Obscure Leaf of History. By Hezekiah Butterworth.
ELIZABETH. By L. C. W.
SUICIDE. By Albert Rhodes.
TRANSFORMATION. By Nora Perry.
PARMA AND BOLOGNA. By M. E. W. S.
REUBEN DALE. By Miss Annie T. Howells.
THE TRADITION OF CONQUEST. By Mrs. S. M. B. Piatt.
MINOR FRENCH NOVELISTS. By H. James, Jr.
SOCIAL AND DOMESTIC LIFE UNDER THE ANCIENT REGIME. From the forthcoming Volume by Henri Taine.
PARSON KELLY. By Marian Douglas.
BARBERRY. By Jane G. Austin.
A WORD OR TWO ON EMERSON. By John Burroughs.
ARMY REDUCTION.
DRIFT-WOOD. By Philip Quilibet.
SCIENTIFIC MISCELLANY.
CURRENT LITERATURE.
NEBULÆ. By the Editor.

In the next Number will begin

GENERAL GEO. A. CUSTER'S

Reminiscences of the Late War.

These articles, it is believed, will be second only to "Gen. Sherman's Memoirs" as vivid pictures of Army Life and startling adventure.

Subscribe at Once.

We Prepay the Postage.

PRICE, 35 CENTS A NUMBER.

$4.00 PER YEAR.

It can be had, with either "Harper's Weekly" or "Bazar," or "Appleton's Weekly" for $7.50.

SHELDON & COMPANY, NEW YORK.

a14-THS

January 18th, 1876.

B. & B.

NEW GOODS AND BARGAINS:

4-4 "Fruit Loom Muslin" at lower prices by the yard or piece than ever before sold.

4-4 Soft Finish Muslin at 10c, that compares favorably with Lonsdale,

4-4 extra heavy Bleached Shirting Muslins at 12½c—best goods ever sold at this price, and equal to Wamsuta.

9-4 Bleached Sheeting at 25c, a bargain worthy of examination.

100 pieces Country Blankets, extra quality cloth, weight and size, at $6.50; early season price $8.

One case Brown Waterproof, at 75c.

Double width Barred Country Flannel, at 20c, same as usually sold now at 25c.

The greatest bargain ever placed on our counters is 100 pieces Home-made Country Flannels, double width, at 40c, made from fine selected Ohio wool.

NEW DRESS GOODS!

26-inch Plaids at 12½c.
26-inch Seal Plaids at 25c.
40-inch American Cashmeres at 40c.
Choice assortment of Fine Dress Goods from 25 to 50c, much less than value.

NEW BLACK GOODS.

40-inch All-wool Black Cashmeres at 75c.
Our Black Cashmeres at 85c, 90c, 95c and $1, still command the attention of buyers, and our new goods fully equal, if not surpass, any former offerings.

At 1.25 large lot extra wide new Black Cashmeres that we are willing to compare with $1.50 goods. Large invoice New Black and Colored Dress Silks.

Boggs & Buhl,

128 Federal St., Allegheny, Pa.

N. B.—New Hamburg Edgings, choicest styles, and lower prices than any former season. Shirt Fronts and Cuffs at wholesale prices by the dozen or half dozen.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WHOLESALE STORES.

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.

We will open on MONDAY, January 24, a choice line of

NEW DRESS GOODS,

Purchased during the past week at much under value, and will be sold accordingly.

New Styles Dark Prints, Shirting Prints.
Light Ground Percales, Cambrics and Prints at very low prices, to close.
Full Lines of Domestic Dry Goods at lowest prices.
Our Department of Hosiery, Gloves, White Goods, Embroideries, Handkerchiefs, Underwear, Notions, Trimmings, &c., kept fully replete with NEW GOODS which are arriving daily.

Wholesale Exclusively. Nos. 77 and 79 Market Street.

MUSSLEMAN & CO.,

LOUISVILLE, KY.,

Manufacturers of all kinds of CHEWING TOBACCO, also the celebrated

GIANT AND IRONSIDE NAVY

To be had in Pittsburgh at R. & W. Jenkinson's, John Fullerton & Son, J. Waylor, Martin Heyl, T. J. Wallace, J. B. Sichel & Co., E. Poerstell & Co., Carter rothers, Dilworth Brothers, T. C. Jenkins, Knox & Orr, Herzog & Bechman, [illegible] Sweeney, also all other Tobacco and Grocery Houses.

RITER & CONLEY,

SUCCESSORS TO JAMES M. RITER

BUILDERS OF

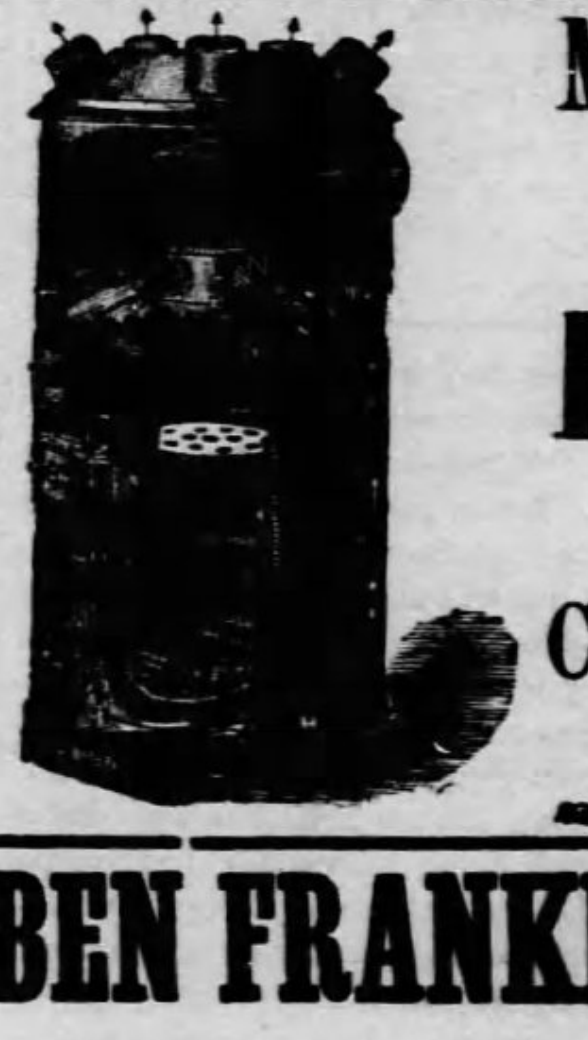
OIL TANKS, BLAST FURNACES, SIEMEN FURNACES,

Rolling Mill Stacks, Iron Roofing,

And all kinds of Sheet Iron Work.

ALSO, COPPER WORK OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Office and Works, 55 and 56 Water Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.



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MANUFACTURERS OF THE

MACFARLANE DOUBLE WARM AIR

FURNACE!

The Cheapest and best in use,

AND AGITATING GRATE,

Cook and Heating Stoves,

38 WOOD STREET.

☞SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

BEN FRANKLIN INSURANCE CO.

INCORPORATED 1866.

OFFICES—41 AND 43 OHIO STREET,

ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

HENRY IRWIN, President. GEO. D. RIDDLE, Secretary.

ESTABLISHED 1838.

THOMPSON & MILLER,

HOUSE PAINTERS,

NO. 135 THIRD AVENUE, NEAR SMITHFIELD STREET.

☞MIXED PAINT AND GLASS FOR SALE. Open from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M.

WALTER P. MARSHALL,

WALL PAPER.

No. 47 Irwin (NOW SEVENTH) Street.

PICKERSGILL, LYONS & Co.

141 WOOD STREET.

Invite the attention of purchasers to their large stock of ENGRAVINGS, CHROMOS, PHOTOGRAPHS, SMALL PORCELAIN PAINTINGS, PHOTOGRAPH AND PICTURE FRAMES, LOOKING GLASSES, etc., which they offer at very low prices.

Reduction in Prices.

Whole Stock Marked Down!

CLOSING OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF

CLOTH CLOAKS,
MATTLESEE SACQUES,
SEAL SACQUES,
SEAL MUFFS,
SEAL BOAS.

A FULL STOCK OF

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS

Blankets,
Prints,
Flannels.

AT VERY LOW PRICES,

Black Silks,
Colored Silks,
Black Cashmeres,
AND
Dress Goods.

We desire an examination as we offer some very handsome goods at very low prices.

MOORHOUSE & CARSTEN,

Cor. Market St. and 4th Ave.

STATEMENT OF THE CASH INSURANCE COMPANY, of Pittsburgh, Pa., from January 1st to December 31st, 1875, inclusive, Published in accordance with the requirements of the 15th Section of an Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, approved April 24, 1856:

Capital Authorized and Paid in		$100,000 00
ASSETS.		
Bonds and Mortgages	$135,451 00	
Bills Receivable	14,669 00	
Cash in Bank	12,651 71	
Pittsburgh School Bonds	10,000 00	
Allegheny Wharf Bonds	3,000 00	
National Bank Stock	4,250 00	
Uncollected Premiums	1,883 78	
		$181,855 50
RECEIPTS AND BALANCES.		
Premiums Received	$21,565 30	
Interest and Commissions Received	14,279 76	
Unpaid Dividends	200 00	
Balance Jan. 1, 1875	77,420 54	
		$113,445 60
DISBURSEMENTS.		
Dividends Nos. 14 and 15	$16,000 00	
Fire Losses Paid	7,797 37	
State and Water Tax	809 50	
Salaries and Expenses	5,222 25	
Commissions on Premiums	714 86	
Returned Premiums and Reinsurance	855 63	
Sundry Accounts charged to Profit and Loss	299 49	
		$31,610 10
Balance Above Capital		$81,855 50
Capital Paid in		100,000 00
		$181,855 50
Outstanding Risks, Dec. 31, 1875	$2,113,070 20	
Unearned Premiums	37,575 66	
Interest Due and Accrued	3,277 30	
Unadjusted Loss—Policy	1,500 00	
Debts none.		

JOSEPH T. JOHNSTON, Secretary.

270-TTHS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

That the Assessment Plans and Schedule of Assessments for the improvement of

BEDFORD AVENUE,

From Erin to 33d streets, will be open for inspection from JANUARY 19TH to FEBRUARY 10TH, at the office of the City Controller. All parties interested therein will please call and file their objections, if any there be, to said assessment.

C. H. LOVE,
W. H. O[illegible], JR.,
[illegible] MEANS,
WM. KANE,
[illegible] PARKER,
Commissioners.

ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE

GERMAN AMERICAN INS. CO.

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

Pittsburgh, December 31, 1875.

Capital paid in		$100,000 00
ASSETS.		
Bonds and Mortgages	$76,316 00	
U. S. 5-20 Bonds	[illegible]	
Bank Stocks	3,300 00	
Real Estate at cost	3,550 00	
Interest due and accrued	2,012 00	
Premiums in course of collection	11,524 37	
Personal Property, Office Furniture, &c	1,109 71	
Cash in bank	12,284 63	
		$155,373 41
RECEIPTS.		
Premiums	$81,401 15	
Interest	11,328 19	
Rents and other sources	984 22	
Balance January 1, 1875	26,702 89	
		$120,416 45
DISBURSEMENTS.		
Losses of 1874	$1 228 12	
Losses of 1875	16,968 18	
	$18,196 30	
Return Premiums	13,754 03	
Reinsurance	2,237 73	
Commissions	10,614 7[illegible]	
Salaries, Taxes and other Expenses	14,041 22	
Dividends	6,000 00	
		65,044 [illegible]
Balance January 1, 1876		$55,373 41
Capital paid in		100,000 00
		$155,373 41
Reinsurance reserve	$35,337 70	
Losses reported, not due	7,106 71	
Other Liabilities, Rents, &c	725 00	
Net Surplus	12,203 [illegible]	
		55,373 41
Amount of risks in force January 1, 1876		$3,636,001 18

W. J. PATTERSON, Secretary. z92

STATEMENT OF THE

Manufacturers and Merchants' Insurance Company,

FOR THE YEAR ENDING DEC. 31, 1875.

Capital		$250,000 00
ASSETS.		
U. S. 5.20 Registered Bonds	$63,000 00	
Premiums on same	10,237 50	
Bills Receivable	63,920 20	
Mortgages	79,200 00	
Company's Building, 87 Wood street	35,750 00	
Per Shares M. & M. Ins. Co. Stock	2,310 00	
Cash on Hand and in Bank	19,335 45	
Individual Accounts	8,361 92	
Stock Due Bills	85,000 00	
		$367,015 07
RECEIPTS.		
Premiums	$61,612 35	
Interest	17,532 29	
		79,144 64
DISBURSEMENTS.		
Losses	$25,933 13	
State, County and City Taxes	1,846 28	
Commission Account	2,957 88	
Return Premiums and Reinsurance	5,614 14	
Salaries, Advertising and all other expenses	8,058 30	
Dividends	30,000 00	
		74,409 73
Unadjusted Losses		300 00
Outstanding Risks		5,484,748 00

J. M. KENNEY, Secretary. 269

STATEMENT OF THE

Peoples' Insurance Co.

OF PITTSBURGH, PA.,

For the year ending December 31, 1875.

Cash Capital		$100,000 00
ASSETS.		
Bonds and Mortgages	$129,273 54	
Collateral Loans	22,450 30	
Bills Receivable	10,671 98	
Real Estate	5,145 61	
Accrued Interest	2,822 00	
Premium Notes for Hull Insurance	3,063 22	
Ledger Accounts	417 70	
Premiums in Course of Collection	4,[illegible] 10	
Cash	[illegible] 47	
		$190,[illegible]
RECEIPTS.		
Premiums	$46,480 [illegible]	
Interest	14,169 [illegible]	
		$60,[illegible]
DISBURSEMENTS.		
Losses	$17,[illegible]	
Returned Premiums, Reinsurance, Commissions and Taxes	6,213 [illegible]	
Salaries, Rent and all other Expenses	7,[illegible]	
Dividends	12,000 [illegible]	
Unadjusted losses	[illegible]	
Outstanding risks	[illegible]	

WM. [illegible]

DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICE: GAZETTE BUILDING,
Corner Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

JOSIAH KING,..................D. L. FLEMING,
N. P. REED,..................GEO. W. REED.
KING, REED & CO., EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

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By Mail, for three months	2 50
By Mail, for one month	1 00
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KING, REED & CO.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 20, 1875.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 32f.

BONDS at Frankfort, new 5s, 100½.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 112¾.

MR. COCHRAN opposes the Centennial bill—because he told his constituents "he would not vote for any subsidies."

THE editors were assembled in force, yesterday, at Harrisburg, and very naturally, the burthen of their thoughts was the repeal of the libel law.

"OUR delightful financial policy," is what an eastern hard money journal declares caused the failure of the Tredegar Iron works. What a blessed thing hindsight is.

THE very appropriate eulogy with which the Philadelphia *Times* welcomes Governor HARTRANFT to his second inauguration is in imposing contrast with the belittling hostility it manifested toward him during the Gubernatorial campaign.

THE Chicago *Tribune* credits the GAZETTE with favoring Justice STRONG, of the Supreme Bench, for the Presidential nomination. We fully appreciate the high character and great ability of Judge STRONG, but are opposed to taking candidates for the Presidency from the Supreme Bench.

A WESTERN paper sums up the amnesty debate as follows: There are 740 persons who have not been amnestied. The Republicans stand willing to vote amnesty to 739, but the Democrats prefer to leave the whole number disfranchised rather than permit a vote on excepting the Andersonville murderer.

THE Indiana editors were fully captured for the Centennial, while in Philadelphia, and telegraphed to their Congressmen, enthusiastically urging them to vote for the million and a half so earnestly desired. It was all right enough, but coming from them while in Philadelphia, it looked as though some setting up had been done.

THE evening of inauguration day, we judge, was a time of very unusual enjoyment and activity in Harrisburg. A grand ball, pyrotechnic displays, serenades and a good time generally were had. All the events attending the inauguration passed off pleasantly, and the whole affair was enjoyable, and its memories are altogether agreeable.

THE French Senatorial elections are reported to be generally favorable to the Conservatives, or Governmental party. The Republicans of the GAMBETTA school met with but few successes,—about equal in number to those of the Bonapartists. The force of governmental influence was very apparent, and the result is not at all strange.

THE speculations of Democratic journals over the Presidential canvass are, at times, very amusing. The New York *World*, in dealing with the possibility of taking New York over to the Republican party, details the operations of Democratic marplots for years past, and refreshingly admits that if they have their way, New York may be captured from them.

SENATOR NEWMYER has offered a bill in the Senate, looking to the trial of questions of fact in the Orphans' Court before a jury. This will make the legal practice of that Court conform with the general custom, facts going to juries, and the law being interpreted by the Court. We do not doubt it will give greater general satisfaction, in that it will be more popular than the present system.

SENATOR BOUTWELL entered into a lengthy defense of the correctness of the Treasury accounts on Tuesday, alleging that the changes in the system of bookkeeping, adopted for the sake of perspicuity, accounts for the apparent discrepancies noticed in Senator DAVIS' resolution. The committee that undertakes to penetrate the mysteries of the Treasury books will have a duty to perform that will test both patience and capacity.

DO WEATHER influences move in cycles of centuries? It is remarked that the present winter closely resembles that of 1776,—one hundred years ago. The military operations of WASHINGTON and others, depended on the condition of the weather, and hence the character of the winter remains clearly mentioned in the history of those times. The January of 1776 was mild and pleasant, as it is this year. What is there in this coincidence?

THE value of advertising space in the *Dispatch* has been fixed by its own estimate, and the advertising public will do well to remember it. It agrees to do the city advertising at *nineteen cents* a square for the first insertion. It charges the business public over four times the amount it thus frankly discloses its space to be really worth. It may be well for business men to ascertain if their favors cannot be inserted at equally reasonable rates.

THE vote on the proposition to instruct the Ways and Means Committee to report a bill repealing the resumption act, is not taken by the hard money papers East quite so enthusiastically as the more simple-minded papers of that persuasion in this city accept it. They notice that an analysis of the vote distinctly shows that the vote was badly mixed, and governed by all sorts of outside influences, and not at all reliable as indicating what a vote on the direct issue will be.

THE trial of the three Molly Maguires, who deliberately murdered, in open day, a pit boss who had fallen under the displeasure of the order, has been commenced at Mauch Chunk, in this State, and will be continued a week or more. It constitutes a test case, being about the first in which members of that gang of murderers have been brought to the bar of justice. If these are convicted and hanged, we will have less boldness among the Molly Maguires than heretofore.

FRAUDS travel with a rapid pace. Even the Alaska Commercial Company, which started with such flattering prospects in 1870, to gather seals, under a royalty contract with the Government, is declared to be guilty of gross frauds on the Treasury. Its contract limited the number of captures to be made yearly, and on these, a certain sum was to be paid into the Treasury of the United States. The claim is that the number has been greatly exceeded, and that the reports have, consequently, been defective. Congress will investigate.

[illegible] is said to be making frantic efforts [illegible] the pacification of her re[illegible] [illegible] outside intervention, and settle her trouble by means of diplomacy and the army. The belief is that her efforts will prove futile, and that when Spring arrives, military operations will again be necessary, on a somewhat extended scale. The belief is widely entertained that if active military operations are resumed, the financial pressure that will be put on Turkey will cause the collapse of the Empire.

WE quite enjoy the sharpness of sight and scent of the Pennsylvanians in Washington, who have organized themselves into a Committee on Offices. It would appear, from their outgivings, that there are persons who seek to impose on their gentle natures by securing offices, ostensibly as Pennsylvanians, when really they are not from this State at all. Of course, this is a deception particularly grievous when it is remembered that the number of officeholders from a given State is limited, and we have a full supply of real Pennsylvanians for all the offices at all times available. Hereafter, therefore, a sifting process is to be gone through, and those who cannot clearly show that they are "to the manor born," may credit themselves elsewhere.

THE manner in which the so-called credentials of EUSTIS, the newly inspired Democratic aspirant for the Louisiana Senatorship, were received in the United States Senate does not bode well for the chances of that honorable gentleman. He is a substitue for another weary gentleman, who held the credentials signed by MCENERY until he became tired of waiting, and so resigned. EUSTIS, elected in his place, has not thought it necessary to have the signature of a quondam Governor of Louisiana, and as he could not get that of KELLOGG, he comes forward with a paper that does not make out even a *prima facie* case, and the probability is that the Senate will refuse even to consider it. It certainly ought to end this trouble by admitting PINCHBACK if he is properly elected.

OUR HOME prices for breadstuffs depend, in large measure upon those that obtain abroad. The Mark Lane *Express*, the best English authority on the subject, says: "We note by the weekly sales that now we have exactly reached the average of last year when the crop was a good one. Unless imports continue to be overdone, which, with Northern ports closed and New York quotations fully five shillings per quarter dearer, seems quite improbable, there must eventually be a recovery in prices as our wants become conspicuous. More firmness is evinced in Paris and in some of the provincial markets, also in Belgium; but the Dutch and German markets have ruled dull, the roads and canals being obstrucced by ice and fallen snow. The latter seems to have been more plentiful in other parts of Europe than in England." This points to better rates for grain.

WE ARE not impressed with the good taste of what is termed MR. HOPKINS' maiden speech in Congress. It was on the Centennial Appropriation,—certainly a non-partisan subject, yet he went, as it appears to us, much out of his way, to reply to some of the allusions of MR. BLAINE, in his amnesty speech, which was on a partisan question. The course of the Democracy, in attempting to hinder a vote on the item excluding DAVIS from the benefits of amnesty, gave a partisan tenor to the subject, and the parliameneary battle which followed, and of which BLAINE's speech was a leading incident, was entirely partisan in its character. Hence, the allusions of MR. HOPKINS to certain points made by MR. BLAINE tended to drag the Centennial bill into range of partisan fire. Considered as a mere parliamentary move, it was not bright nor shrewd. If he wished to take part in the amnesty discussion, he should have plunged in when the tide was highest; but having let that opportunity pass, he, as the Chairmon of the Centennial Committee, and the ostensible leader on his side, on that question, should not have prejudiced his case by partisan allusions.

SENATOR HOOD's bill, to give effect to the recommendation of Governor HARTRANFT, that Commissioners be appointed to investigate the needs of the several cities, and apply remedies, where they are governed carelessly, or are spending money and increasing indebtedness recklessly, receives considerable favor. It makes it the duty of the Commissioners to collect all laws, or parts of laws, which they may deem essential to the welfare of the city, and to reject all laws or parts of laws that have been heretofore enacted, which they may consider hurtful or unnecessary, and also to adopt all other measures that shall by them be deemed necessary and advantageous for the equitable and economical management of said municipal governments, and incorporate them in a single code. The plan proposed is a code or charter for each city, adapted to its peculiar characteristics and wants. The Commissioners are given full power to examine all books and accounts of each of the cities, with the view of enabling them to prepare a code or charter which shall be beneficial to the interests of the people of each. As a means of remedying existing evils, this may be as good as any other, but until the people fully realize that *they* must prevent improper outlays, all other schemes will amount to little.

BUSINESS OF 1875.

Statistics of business, for various reasons, are not entirely reliable; but are necessarily depended on in making up estimates of growth or depression in trade. Those of Pittsburgh, for 1875, show a decrease in the several forms of trade which are very suggestive, and should call for a better explanation than that of the general decline of business. Our loss in iron movements, for example, is nearly twenty-three per cent. apparently; but the shutdown for about three months of time accounts for this, and shows a slight relative increase for that portion of time during which our mills were running. Whether, had the puddlers yielded to a compromise arrangement, our sales and movements of iron would have aggregated proportionately to the time the mills were running, we cannot determine; but the probabilities are, that under such circumstances our sales would have exceeded those of last year. Yet the fact that the decrease, in the iron trade of the country at large, aggregated twenty-five per cent. shows that Pittsburgh did better than other parts of the country. The prospects for 1876 are much brighter for the iron trade than they have been for more than a year past, and the outlook now is exceedingly favorable. We have adverted heretofore to the use of natural gas in the manufacture of iron, and it is believed that the experiment is quite certain to prove a success. It will, in that event, cheapen the production of finished bar iron two to three dollars a ton.

Our coal trade, one of our largest interests, makes a better showing, the falling off, as compared with 1874 being only about ten per cent. In 1874, the largest year we have had, the receipts were 193,868,068 bushels, while in 1875, they were 171,242,542 bushels. In the petroleum line, despite the disadvantages Pittsburgh refiners have labored under, owing to the discriminations of freight against them, the year's receipts of crude oil aggregate 1,858,363 barrels, being an increase of 210,000 over 1874. The provision and general trade of the city shows little change. The railroad tonnage has increased during the year, and, very naturally steadily increases from year to year. Were the railroads that centre in Pittsburgh to show our people the same generosity as to freights that they do other cities at the East and West, Pittsburgh would enter upon a growth in population and prosperity that would be marvelous. As it is, we gain with slow and uncertain progress, the result of severe and continued effort.

The banking business of our city has been prudently and carefully conducted, the result being a fair degree of prosperity. The resources of our banks, December 17, 1875, were $35,205,804.20, and their number twenty-three. The increase of capital and deposits is very small, the status of our old banks being really, but little changed in the course of the year. The capital of these banks is $10,508,228; net profits, $[illegible]; circulation, $6,[illegible]; deposits, $[illegible],100,793. It will be seen, from these figures, that our banks stand well and are doing a prosperous business. It is evident that having safely rode through the panic, and managed to do a profitable business during the depression, our banks will be fully prepared for the more prosperous times that are immediately before them.

The general outlook, therefore, for the city of Pittsburgh, is very flattering. If, as is generally believed, we are on the eve of a release from business depression, in the country at large, this city is prepared to secure her share in the coming prosperity. Our banks are well prepared to furnish the necessary funds for every legitimate enterprise; our glass and iron men are well established, and have well tried facilities for prospering in trade, and for competing for the trade of the country. We are gradually securing competing railway lines, which will afford us freight rates that will be acceptable to our shippers, and enable them to compete advantageously with other points. Our energy, skill and experience are in our favor, and we believe the coming year will be one of recuperated prosperity.

IN THE SOUTHWEST.

From the Mountains to the Gulf.

Sketch of a Trip from Colorado to the Texas Coast—Incidents by the Way, &c., &c.

Our whilom Colorado correspondent is again on his travels—this time through a district not previously visited by him, of which he gives us the following running sketch.—EDS.]

ON BOARD STEAMSHIP HUTCHINSON,
January 13, 1876.

To the Editors of the Pittsburgh Gazette:

While yet at Denver I felt once more a familiar sensation. The symptoms were well defined. I knew that again the spirit of unrest was taking possession of me, and that I must go somewhere. The question was, *where?* In thinking upon this subject, I concluded that the southern tier of States, none of which I had ever yet visited, would probably be pleasant at this season of the year, and decided to go there.

The next thing to do was to study up routes, then came the trouble; how to study, what to study. In Europe, Baldecker & Murray's guide books would have given; the one accurate descriptions of the routes, rates of fare, distances, names, qualities and charges, of all the hotels; full and trustworthy, and brief mention of every object of interest to be seen, whether of historical or artistic celebrity; the other would have given more grandiloquent and expansive descriptions of everything worth seeing, and a tolerably fair idea of the best way to see it, but here in America we have no Baldecker, no Murray, only a few books of time tables, doubtless very accurate, and, to one already tolerably familiar with any given route, useful in helping to decide which to take, but almost useless to one about to attempt a journey through a section of country altogether new to him. On account of this inability to procure such information as I needed, I decided to make no fixed plan, letting events determine my course. So, last Friday I folded my tent, i. e., packed my trunk, and on Saturday at 8 A. M. I silently stole away from Colorado.

The weather was exquisite, just cool enough to be delightful. I took a position at the rear of the train and gazed as long as they remained within sight, at the beautiful, magnificent, grand mountains. I never anywhere saw anything more lovely. The snowy range, composed of giants of 12,000 to 14,000 feet in stature, most of which cannot be seen from Denver, soon became visible as we increased our distance from the city. They were all clad in a thick garment of beautiful snow, which in some places was as white as snow can be, in others shaded by projecting peaks it was of a dark, dull, grey tint, and still in others where the rising sun shone full upon it, it was of that delicate shade of rose color so beautiful to look upon and so impossible to imitate on canvas.

Nearer to us was the range of foot hills, little fellows of from 7,000 to 10,000 feet, except in shaded ravines free from snow, forming, with their dark, sombre outlines, as it were, an ebony frame to the glorious picture they surrounded. I have seen the Rocky mountains many times, and from many points, but I never saw, and never expect to see, them looking more beautiful than they were when I last looked upon them.

The journey across the plains—after the first time—is too monotonous to be pleasant. I had noticed a party of Ute Indians getting on the forward car of our train, and I thought I might get some amusement out of them, so I strolled forward to where they were and found them busy playing Spanish monte. They play rapidly and silently. The game is utterly incomprehensible to me, resembling in that respect some games I have seen Chinamen playing in the steerage of a Pacific Mail steamer, but played with ordinary white men's cards instead of the queer looking things the Chinamen use. The Indians were as dirty and disagreeable looking animals as Indians generally are. Their faces and the parts in their hair were as usual painted a vermillion red. They had strings of brass beads and other similar ornaments wound about their persons. They wore Navajo blankets and two of them had white men's hats. In place of the proverbial Indian stoicism that we read about, they manifested great interest in their game, if one had a winning card he would slap it down with as much emphasis as a white man might have done. And when a white man who had a bottle of whisky drew the cork and held it close to the nose of one of the children of nature, the bold warrior drew a long breath of satisfaction, whirled around in his seat and reached for the bottle, exclaiming: "Give me, give me," which, of course, the white man didn't do, as the penalty for giving or selling whisky to Indians is so severe that few people ever incur it.

I soon got tired of Indians and got the engineer's permission to accompany him for an hour or two on the locomotive, the only advantage, aside from the variety, in riding on the engine is the better opportunity it gives one to see the herds of antelope. Sometimes these graceful creatures would stand quietly, scarcely ceasing to graze and let us run past within one hundred yards. At others they would seem quite alarmed and put off at top speed, often running nearly in line with the road for a mile or two and sometimes crossing the track not far in front of us. The only herd of buffalo I saw was a small one and far off. All journeys must end some time and I found myself at evening on second day out at Kansas City. I thought some of going to St. Louis and taking a boat thence to New Orleans, but finally decided to come by rail. I left at ten A. M. Monday, and reached Fort Scott, Kansas, about three P. M., a small, uninteresting town where at eleven P. M. I took the train of the M. K. & T. R. R. On awaking in the morning I found we were in the Indian Territory, the home of the Indian nation, composed mainly of the descendants of the warriors who fought our progenitors so fiercely, but who are themselves peaceful and civilized.

I was much disappointed in the appearance of the country. I expected to see fine farms and pretty villages, but found wild looking lands, very few cattle and dirty unattractive little towns. The men at stations were common looking white men, with a few full-blooded Indians and some half-breeds—some half white, but more half negro. We reached the Texas line soon after noon. In Texas the towns are larger and better looking, but I thought the cattle didn't look as well conditioned as in Colorado, nor did I see nearly so many as I had expected to, although of course the great herds, as I know, are generally a long way west of this road.

At Denver where we dined we were transferred to the Houston & Texas Central R. R. We ran all the afternoon through a sparsely settled, though rather rich looking country, supped at Dallas and woke up within an hour or two of Houston, one of the largest towns in the far southwest. Here we had to leave our Pullman car and shift to a very dirty car of the ordinary kind belonging to the Galveston, Houston & Henderson R. R.

After breakfasting at the Hutchings House in Houston, a large and commodious house, but slovenly, I strolled around while waiting an hour for the train, and looked with a certain degree of satisfaction at several steamboats of the style I know so well in Pittsburgh, and of which I had seen no other specimens since I left there. A run of three hours through a flat malarious looking district, and over two or three miles of trestle work, across an arm of the bay and we were in Galveston, where I found an excellent hotel and good dinner, after which I set to work industriously to see the town. The business streets are reasonably thronged, suggesting prosperity; some of the houses are substantial buildings, but as a rule not very imposing. The dwellings are generally frame, frequently with porches and verandas, as is usual in warm countries. The grass is green and so are many of the trees. Quite a number of the house yards have varieties of the palm family growing in them, showing that we are pretty far south. Although it is to-day one of the coldest days of the present winter, so they say, the mercury is at about 40 degrees, I think, and the mosquitoes, which are exceedingly abundant, are not very vicious, still they [illegible] to [illegible] a long sojourn not particularly attractive, and having seen pretty much all there is to be seen, I go at noon the day after my arrival on board the St. Ship Hutchinson, and sail for Brashear City *en route* to New Orleans. She is a good iron ship of some 1,500 tons. It is on board of her that I write this letter. We have a stiff breeze and pretty rough sea. Two others and myself are the only passengers remaining in the saloon—the rest have retired to make their offerings at the shrine of Neptune. One of these two is asleep, the other is writing—I am tired of reading, the decks are too wet with flying spray to go outside. So you see I am, as it were, driven to write.
X. E. R.

GENERALITIES.

SAMUEL RADFORD & SON, extensive grain merchants of Liverpool, have suspended. Their liabilities, though heavy, it is thought will be exceeded by their assets.

THE Illinois Republican Association in Washington has taken measures to prevent the appointment to office of any persons fraudulently representing themselves to be residents of that State.

THE Carlist leader Tristany, notified the Spanish Consul at Bayonne of his unreserved submission to Alfonso. General Martinez Compos' army is concentrated in the neighborhood of Pampeluna.

A MAIL train bound south, on the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad ran into the rear end of a freight train near Lexington, Ohio, on Tuesday, dislocating the shoulder of engineer Hogg, and slightly injuring a lady passenger.

ON Tuesday a mob of 200 men assembled in the vicinity of the residence of Mr. Richardson, who was murdered by his wife, in Massillon, Ohio, last Sunday, and fearing they would harm Mrs. Richardson, she was removed by the Chief of Police to Canton.

A PARTY of editors and others attached to the press of Indiana arrived in New York City on Tuesday evening from Philadelphia, where they have been visiting the Centennial exhibition grounds. The party will start to-day for home *via* the Pennsylvania Railroad.

A Name in the Sand.

[From G. D. Prentice's Poem.]

Alone I walked the ocean strand,
A pearly shell was in my hand;
I stooped and wrote upon the sand
My name, the year, and day—
As onward from the spot I passed,
One lingering look behind I cast,
A wave came rolling high and fast,
And washed my line away.

And so, methought, 't will quickly be
With every mark on earth from me;
A wave of dark oblivion's sea
Will sweep across the place
Where I have trod the sandy shore
Of time, and been to be no more—
Of me, my day, the name I bore,
To leave no track or trace.

And yet, with Him, who counts the sands,
And holds the water in his hands,
I know a lasting record stands,
Inscribed against my name,
Of all this mortal part has wrought,
Of all this thinking soul has thought,
And from these fleeting moments caught,
For glory or for shame.

A Queen's Revenge.

We have a curious instance of Queen Victoria's retentive memory. One day in 1827-28, when she was Princess Victoria, and the Queen of Wurtemberg was making a visit to England, Sir Thomas Hammond, being in attendance on the Queen, was present at luncheon. At that time the Princess Victoria dined at 1 o'clock. As he sat down the Princess Victoria bowed to him, but being bent forward he did not see it. One of the royal family said: "The Princess bows to you." Hammond looked up; her face was as red as fire. He bowed, but she never noticed him then or again. The year after her ascension he attended the levee, but Her Majesty did not notice him, and he passed on to the Duchess of Kent, who said: "My dear, don't you notice Sir Thomas Hammond, your oldest friend?" She bent her head slightly and said: "I am happy to *see* Sir Thomas Hammond."—[Haydon's Anecdotes.]

"Honor to the Light Brigade."

Tennyson wrote of the men who made the famous charge at Balaklava,

Let not their glory fade,
Honor the Light Brigade;

yet John Fitzpatrick, a member of that body and a participant in its much-praised exploit, has been allowed to die in England of starvation. He was discharged from the army in 1862 on account of disabling varicose veins, and was allowed a pension of a sixpence a day for two years and a half. He supported himself until lately by riding in circus pageants, but age finally incapaciated him for even that employment. He would not go to a workhouse, and died in Manchester for lack of food. The Coroner's verdict was, "Died of starvation—and the case is a disgrace to the War Office."

A Cooking School.

The cooking school recently started in Boston has been successful. It is under the management of a company of ladies, who hire the rooms and see that the cook teacher is competent. The lessons of two hours each are given to classes of two, three or four, or to a single pupil, at the preference of the learner. The pupils do the cooking themselves under the direction of the teachers, and may, if they wish, eat what they cook. Many of the classes are composed of middle-aged ladies, who are excellent housekeepers, but go to cooking school to learn to make delicacies or ornamental dishes, in which the teacher excels.

Don't Like Flats.

Julian Hawthorne, who has lived long in Dresden, where the flat system of domicile prevails, tells us that, according to his observation, the common door and stairway are entirely destructive of the idea of home, and even somewhat demoralizing. "There is a vast moral advantage," he says, "in the feeling that our home is our own, from the garden gate to the bedchamber. Any infringement thereon is a step toward toward communism; and I do not believe that a person of refinement can be accustomed to the 'flat' system without undergoing more or less abrasion, or, what is worse, hardening, of the moral cuticle."

Chasing a Cantatrice.

[Paris Dispatch to the New York Herald.]

Lucca has outwitted Gye. She sang on Wednesday in Brussels. Under the law of Belgium and France he can not compel the cantatrice to sing without the consent of her husband. Gye's contract was made with Baron Von Raden. Lucca pleaded that she had been married a second time. Gye's lawyer gave her permission to sing. He has since discovered, from the dates of the marriages, that he could have held her. There is a general laugh all round. He will try and arrest Lucca in Vienna.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Deeds Filed for Record.

The following transfers of real estate have been placed on file in the Recorder's office since our last report:

Charlotte Blume to Christ. Ziegler, December 31, 1875; lot on Centre street, Twenty-first ward, city. Price...$800

John Boyle et ux. to James P. Boyle and Peter J. Boyle, January 7, 1876; 3 acres and 118 perches in Wilkins township, reserving the underlying coal...Nom.

Alfred Dias et ux. to John Patterson, December 16, 1874; one acre in Lincoln township. Price...$100

Benjamin Chambers et ux. to Joseph Cole, June 5, 1875; 93 3-10 perches in Union township. Price...$294.42

Joseph Graham et ux. and Wm. S. McKee et ux. to Mrs. Mary S. Thompson, June 1, 1875; lot on Ellsworth avenue, Twentieth ward, city. Price...$2,000

Mrs. Elizabeth Johnston to Job L. Woodworth, July 2, 1860; lot on Hamilton street, Allegheny City. Price...$450

Wm. S. McKee et ux. to Joseph Graham, April 3, 1875; half interest in ten lots in Twentieth ward, city. Consideration...Nom.

Thomas Pillow et ux. to Peter G. Hite, January 15, 1876; 32 acres in East Deer township. Price...$19,500

Louis Roff to Louisa Roff, January 10, 1876; lot on Smallman street, Ninth ward, city. Price...$2,200

Casper Waite to Harvey Haas, January 17, 1876; 9 acres and 120 perches in Snowden township. Price...$952.32

John Brown et ux. to John Lehner, April 12, 1864; lot on Harmony street, Birmingham. Price...$300

Thomas Baker et ux. to Clark H. Johnson, January 13, 1876; lot on Chartiers street, Fifth ward, Allegheny. Price...$2,000

John Groebing, Sr., et ux. to Louis Walter, December 13, 1875; lot on Centre street, Seventh ward, Allegheny City. Price...$1,425

Andrew Hoehn to Charles Miller, December 14, 1875; lot on Second street, Leetsdale. Price...$200

Fred. Heys et ux. to Gotthold Donat, October 25, 1875; lot on Centre street, South Versailles township. Price...$525

Philip Hodel et ux. to Mary J. Strohm, January 11, 1876; one-third part of a tract of 60 acres in Indiana township. Price...$1,259

Samuel Hudrickson et ux. to John N. O'Neil, September 4, 1875; lot on Water street, Elizabeth borough. Price...$1,500

Clark H. Johnson to Susanna Baker, January 14, 1876; lot on Chartiers street, Fifth ward, Allegheny. Price...$2,000

Sheriff's Poll Deed to Thomas Mellon, October 30, 1875; interest of John Nell in lot on Ridge street, Twenty-first ward, city. Price...$50

Mrs. Jane Shiras to Rebecca M. Morris, December 18, 1875; lot on Locust street, Allegheny. Price...Nom.

J. R. Smith et ux. to George W. Spencer et al., December 27, 1875; 39 acres and 105 perches in McClean township. Price...$76,250

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,
No. 61 Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh.
CHARTERED IN 1862.
Assets January 1, 1873. - - $778,251.56.
OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of 6 per cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn, compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.
Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President; John Scott, Jas. Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. McKinley, Secretary and Treasurer.
A. Bradley, J. [illegible] Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, Jo[illegible] [illegible] F. Rahm, G. Follansbee, Jos[illegible] [illegible] Hartman, Robert C. [illegible]

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.
1876.
NOVELTIES IN
Dress Fabrics!
A large and complete stock at the
LOWEST PRICES.
Extra good value in
BLACK CASHMERES!
All grades, prices and qualities.
The very best value we have ever had the pleasure of offering in
Black Alpacas and Mohairs,
At 20c, and all intermediate prices to 87½c.
Newest novelties and designs in materials and shades in
Thibet and Camel's Hair Cloths.
Knickerbocker Suitings.
Colored Cashmeres and Merinos.
Colored Sateens and Serges.
Colored Alpacas, Repps, &c., &c.
And at the Very Lowest Prices.
OUR STOCK OF
DRESS SILKS,
In Black, Plain Colored and Striped, is unusually attractive, and for every quality, for the price, will be found better value than any heretofore offered.
Real good bargains in a large assortment of
Popular Dress Goods
At 12½c, 15c and 18¾c,
New Styles in Camel's Hair Goods
At 12½c, 15c, and 18¾c, Newest Styles in
DARK DRESS GOODS
At 12½c, 15c and 18¾c, Latest patterns in
Tycoon Repps
At 15 and 18¾c,
NEW SUEZ PLAIDS!
Worth fully 20a25c.
Stock always new, fresh and everything marked at the lowest prices, at
Wm. Semple's,
NOS. 165, 167 AND 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
N. B.—For the accommodation
and the Union Depot.

SPECIAL SALE
OF
DRYGOODS
A. W. ERWIN,
172 and 174
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
Extra Good Bargains!
At 6¼ cents, Yard wide Dark Chintzes, reduced from 20 cents—a special bargain.
At 6¼ cents, Yard wide Bleached Shirting Muslins, soft finish—extra good value.
At 8⅓ cents, 4-4 Penn Mill Sheeting—lower than ever before sold.
At 15 cents, Extra good value in Barred County Flannels—just reduced from 25 cents.
Hamburg Edgings.
Large stock just opened. Price from 6¼c to $2.00—much lower than ever before.
SHIRT FRONTS
Both singly and by the dozen, at every imaginable price. Special prices by the dozen or half dozen.
A. W. ERWIN,
172 AND 174 FEDERAL ST.,
Allegheny City, Pa.

Reduction in Prices.
SEAL SACQUES,
SEAL MUFFS.
SEAL BOAS.
SEAL SACQUES, Fur Trimmed.
CLOTH SACQUES.
DRESS SILKS.
DRESS GOODS.
A FULL STOCK OF
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS
BLANKETS, COMFORTS, FLANNELS,
FOR THE COLD WEATHER.
A large stock of Fancy Articles for presents, Cashmere Lace Scarfs and Bows, Silk Ties, Cravats, L. C. Handkerchiefs in Fancy Boxes, Initial Handkerchiefs.
WHITE, ORR & CO.,
35 Fifth Avenue.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c
CARPETS!
A CHOICE STOCK.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
29 FIFTH AVENUE.

CARPETS!
[illegible]77 Fifth Avenue,
ABOVE WOOD STREET.
HENRY M'CALLUM.

DUFF & CAMPBELL,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Window Glass
And dealers in French and Enameled Glass. As we keep in our warehouse a first-class Cutter, we are prepared to fill all orders from a single light upwards, on short notice. We select the best Sheet Glass to fill orders at our warehouse, 110 WATER STREET, between Wood and Smithfield.

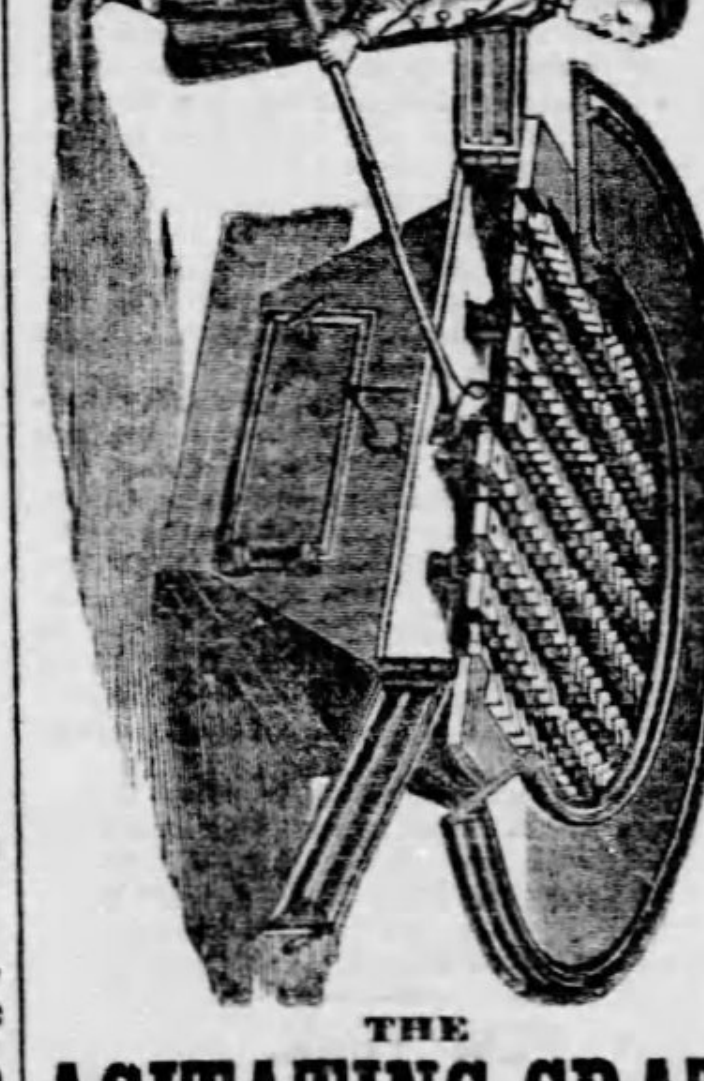
ALEX. SPEER & SONS,
SUCCESSORS TO HALL & SPEER,
Globe Plow Works,
DUQUESNE WAY,
Below Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh.
Plows, Cultivators, Road Scoops, Shovel Moulds, Road and Grading Plows.

LOUIS VERHAEGEN, MONUMENTAL SCULPTOR, Modeler and Designer in Monuments, Tombs, Altars, Figures, Busts, Statues, executed in all kinds of Stone and Bronzes. Studio at the entrance of Woodlawn Cemetery, New York. Refer to Hon. Thos. M. Howe, Josiah King, Alexander Bradley and others of his patrons in Pittsburgh.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS
WEDNESDAY
FULL LINES OF
DEEP MOURNING GOODS!
Of Every Description.
Black All-wool Cashmeres.
Black Silk Warp Cashmeres.
Henrietta Cloths and Drap De Ete.
Australian Cloths, French Merinos.
Black Shawls, Bombazines, &c., &c.
Black Crapes, all grades.
Black Crape Veils.
Black Crape Bonnets and Hats.
Black Crape Collars, Black Gloves.
Mourning Cuffs, Handkerchiefs, &c., &c..
At the Lowest Prices.
WOOLEN GOODS!
Of all kinds very low.
Barred Shirting Flannels.
Plain Flannels, all colors.
Twilled Flannels, all colors.
Fine Pressed Flannels.
Plain and Barred Opera Flannels.
Waterproof Cloths.
Ladies' Sacquing in cloth shades.
Cloths, Cassimeres, Jeans, &c.
AT SPECIAL LOW PRICES.
LADIES' CLOAKS, SHAWLS,
Sacques, Suits, &c.,
Some extra good bargains.
Ready-Made Clothing!
Of all grades for all ages and sizes.
BOOTS, SHOES,
Gaiters, Slippers, &c.,
FULL LINES.
THE BEST BARGAINS
AT
Wm. Semple's,
NOS. 165, 167 AND 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY
and further convenience of our Pa

SILK DEPARTMENT
Jos. Horne & Co.'s
RETAIL STORES,
AT
Bargain Prices
BLACK DRESS SILKS!
In the following well tested brands: C. J. Bonnet & Co., Hand-Spun, Guinet and Pousen.
Dark Colored Silks
In all the popular colorings.
Light Colored Silks
In all the new tints for
PARTY WEAR.
Striped and Plaid Velvets for Costumes.
AN INSPECTION SOLICITED.
197 and 199
PENN AVE.

New Improvements
FOR THE
FIERY FURNACE.



THE
AGITATING GRATE
(LARKIN'S PATENT.)
The Most Powerful, Simple and Effective Grate in the World.
The FIERY FURNACE is adapted for Churches, School Houses and all kinds of public and private buildings.
MANUFACTURED BY
GRAFF, HUGUS AND CO.
Who are also the Manufacturers of the
IMPROVED DOUBLE-OVEN
Boston Cooking Range,
PARLOR AND COOK STOVES, Etc.
206 AND 208 LIBERTY STREET.

Whitmore, Wolff, Lane & Co.
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
HARDWARE
SIGN OF THE ANVIL,
No. 50 Wood Street,
Have occupied their NEW BUILDING and furnished it with a NEW AND COMPLETE STOCK, to which they invite the attention of buyers.

MERCHANT TAILOR,
B. TIEGEL,
NO. 58 SMITHFIELD STREET,
Just received, a full line of CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, Fall and Winter Wear.
LOWEST PRICES.

JNO. GILLESPIE,
Chimney Sweep.
GRATES, FURNACES AND STOVES
SET AND PUT IN ORDER.
All Orders promptly attended to.
Residence No. 14 STRAWBERRY ALLEY.

Bronzes, Silverware,
Vases, Cut Glass.
Call and Examine.
J. P. SMITH, SON & CO.
189 LIBERTY STREET

LARRABEE'S CRACKERS—MACCAROONS, Cocoanut Drops, Ratifias, Shrewsbury, Albert, Fruit Biscuit, Wafer Soda, Cream, Milk and Oat Meal Crackers, received fresh and for sale at the Family Grocery Store of
JOHN A. RENSHAW & CO.,
Corner Liberty and 9th street.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.
, JANUARY 19,
DAILY OPENING OF
NEW GOODS
For Spring in Great Variety.
White Piques, plain, barred and striped.
Barred and plain Jaconets and Nainsooks.
White and colored Swisses.
White and colored Tarlataines.
All new goods. Patterns made especially for our own sales, and importations made directly by ourselves.
EXTRA GOOD VALUE
IN
New Table Linens and Table Damasks.
New Loom and Damask Table Cloths.
Towels and Towelings.
Fine French and German Towels.
Initial Towels, &c., &c.
Madder and Turkey Red Tablings.
Irish Linens, Butchers' Linen.
Linen Shirt Fronts, beautifully made, at very low prices.
THE VERY LOWEST PRICES
FOR
Domestic Dry Goods, in 4-4 Fine and Heavy Sheeting Muslin, 4-4 Bleached Shirting Muslin, Pillow Case Muslins, all widths, 9-4, 9-4 and 10-4 Bleached and Brown Sheetings; Twilled Sheetings, Linen Sheetings, Gum Sheetings, &c.
New Styles for Spring
IN
Light Shirting and Calicoes.
Medium and Dark Calicos.
Light, Medium and Dark Chintzes.
Light and Medium Percales, &c.
A FULL STOCK OF
Carpets, Oil Cloths and Mattings, Stair Oil Table Oil Cloths, Window Hollands and Window and Stair Fixtures, &c.
To shirtmakers, storekeepers and others buying goods by the dozen, half dozen or piece, we offer them everything at the lowest wholesale prices.
AT
Wm. Semple's,
NOS. 165, 167 AND 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
trons, our Omnibus is run at regu

INSURANCE.

ALLEGHENY INSURANCE CO.
OF PITTSBURGH.
Office No. 67 Fourth Avenue
Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.
JOHN IRWIN, JR., President.
J. T. STOCKDALE, Vice President.
C. C. DONNELL, Secretary.
CAPT. WM. DEAN, General Agent.
DIRECTORS.
John Irwin, Jr.,
J. T. Stockdale,
C. G. Hussey,
Harvey Childs,
Charles Hays,
Capt. Wm. Dean.
B. L. Fahnestock,
W. H. Everson,
Geo. W. Cochran,
Hugh S. Fleming,
James S. McCord,
T. H. Nevin.

WESTERN INSURANCE CO.
OF PITTSBURGH.
INCORPORATED MARCH, 1849.
Capital, - - - $225,000.
Fire and Marine Insurance
Losses Promptly adjusted and Paid.
Office First National Bank Building, corner Fifth avenue and Wood street.
DIRECTORS.
Alex. Nimick,
Alex. Speer,
Wm. Morrison,
Charles J. Clarke,
Wm. S. Evans,
Philip Reymer,
Reuben Miller, Jr.,
Andrew Ackley,
David M. Long,
John R. McCune,
John Wilson,
John B. Jackson,
H. Sellers McKee.
ALEX. NIMICK, President.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.
GEO. NEELD, Agent and Surveyor.

PENNSYLVANIA INS'E CO.
OF PITTSBURGH.
Office, No. 8 SIXTH AVENUE, Bank of Commerce Building.
This is a Home Company, offering good security to the insured. Risks taken at reasonable rates and losses promptly settled and paid.
DIRECTORS.
C. Yeager,
L. Walter,
W. W. Patrick,
C. C. Boyle,
J. C. Lappe,
Jacob Painter,
Thomas Mellon,
James Graham,
Geo. W. Evans,
Jas. P. Brewer,
Louis J. Aaron,
J. C. Fleiner,
J. S. Reymer.
C. YEAGER, President.
L. WALTER, Vice President.
W. W. PATRICK, Treasurer.
THOS. D. KELLER, Secretary.

Delaware Mutual Safety Insurance Co.
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Incorporated 1835. Established in Pittsburgh 1844
Assets Nov. 1, 1874, over $2,000,000.
P. A. MADEIRA, Agent,
Company's Building,
No. 68 FOURTH AVENUE.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, Jan. 13, 1876.

Notice to Printers & Stationers.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 3 P. M., THURSDAY, January 20th, 1876, for doing the newspaper printing from the first Tuesday in February, 1876, until the first Tuesday in May, 1877.

All public advertisements shall be printed in type not less in size than nonpariel, and a square shall consist of a space occupied by ten (10) lines of nonpariel type.

All proposals shall state the *price per square* to be charged for the first and each subsequent insertion.

Sealed proposals will also be received for furnishing the various departments of the City Government all Printing, Stationery, Engineering Materials, &c., required for the current year.

Also, for the Printing and Binding five hundred (500) copies of the ANNUAL REPORTS of the City Officers and several Standing Committees of City Departments for the year 1875.

Also, for the furnishing of BLANK BOOKS for City Assessor, Water Assessor and City Treasurer. Samples of the above can be seen at this office.

The Committee on Printing reserves the right to accept or reject any or all bids should they deem it for the best interest of the city to do so.

JAMES BROWN,
Comptroller.
281

REMOVAL.
THOS. WIGHTMAN & CO.,
43 Wood St., opposite St. Charles Hotel,
Window Glass
Of all sizes, cut to order.
VIALS, BOTTLES AND DEMIJOHNS.
FRUIT JARS,
Of old and Reliable Patterns.
Prices to suit times. Quality and style equal to any made in the country.

JOHN T. GRAY
PAINTER
54. 9TH STREET.
Better work for less money than any other establishment in the city of vicinity.

JAMES LITTELL,
Senior Member of the Firm of
LITTELL & MECHLING,
WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALER
NO. 237 LIBERTY AND 244 PENN STREETS.

NEW & WONDERFUL REMEDY
FOR
Spermatorrhœa and Impotence.
ELECTRICITY!!
Sufferers from Seminal diseases know the universal failures of all known medicines to reach this class of diseases. By a recent discovery in the application, the celebrated London Physician, Dr. Althaus, has invariably cured every case in which he has tried it. This is also the experience at the Pittsburgh Electrical Institute. Cures are so certain that a guarantee is given in every case.
Call on or address
PITTSBURGH ELECTRICAL INSTITUTE,
281 Penn avenue.

POTATOES—200 BUSHELS CHOICE EARLY ROSE in store and for sale by
J. B. CANFIELD,
[illegible]

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS
1876.
For Our Spring Sales in
HOSIERY!
We have made large and advantageous purchases, which are now being received, selected and made for our own sales, each pair bearing our own trade mark, the "Flag and Thistle," and shall offer a very large and complete line in all grades during the season at very low prices.
A complete assortment of Ladies' and Misses'
MUSLIN UNDERWEAR
In large variety of grades, styles and makes. Full sets to match.
Gents' Fine White Dress Shirts.
The Progress Shirt, two in one.
Calico and Percale Shirts.
Chevoit Shirts, &c.
A full and complete assortment of
GENTS' NECKWEAR!
Newest styles. A beautiful line of
Hamburg Edgings and Insertings,
Just opened.
WOOLEN FRINGES, all colors, and complete lines of
DRESS TRIMMINGS.
LADIES' CORSETS, white and colored, in all grades.
NEW NECKWEAR
Of all kinds, Scarfs, Ribbons, &c.
Cashmere Laces & Insertings
In all widths.
Stock Unusually Attractive
AT
Wm. Semple's,
165, 167 AND 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
lar intervals between our store

LEGAL.

Notice is Hereby Given

That application will be made at the next session of Legislature for a supplement to an Act, entitled "An Act to provide for the construction and maintenance of Foot-walks in Chartiers, Scott, Union and Robinson townships, Allegheny county," approved April 2d, A. D. 1869, so far as the same applies to Chartiers township, limiting the amount expended in foot-walks, by any taxpayer in said township to one-half of the road tax of such person.

N. PETRIE.
December 22, 1875. y72-TH

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA. IN BANKRUTCY. In the matter of John A. Rishel and James Sheers, Bankrupts. Western District of Pennsylvania, ss. A warrant in Bankruptcy has been issued by said Court against the estate of John A. Rishel and James Sheers, of the County of Armstrong, and State of Pennsylvania, in said District, adjudged Bankrupts upon petition of James Sheers, and the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to said Bankrupts, to them or to their use, and the transfer of any property by them are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupts to prove their debts, and choose one or more assignees of their estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 12 Church avenue, Allegheny City, Pa., in said District, on the 2D DAY OF FEBRUARY, A. D. 1876, at 3 o'clock P. M., at the office of NOAH W. SHAFER, Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy of said District.

JOHN HALL,
a3 U. S. Marshal for said District.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.

ALLEGHENY, PA., Jan. 17, 1876.

In the matter of Geo. W. Ahl and John C. McClintock, partners, Debtor. No. 2590 in Bankruptcy. Western District of Pennsylvania, ss. To the Creditors of said Debtor. Take notice that a meeting of the creditors of said George W. Ahl and John C. McClintock, will be held at the office of the undersigned, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 12 Church avenue, in the City of Allegheny, on MONDAY, the 31st day of January, A. D. 1876, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of considering and passing upon a proposition to be made to them by said Geo. W. Ahl and John C. McClintock, in full settlement and satisfaction of all debts due to them and further, that under the order of Court directing said meeting, I will attend at the above mentioned time and place to conduct the proceedings at said meeting. Creditors can attend either in person or by proxy duly appointed.

N. W. SHAFER,
190 Register in Bankruptcy.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States, for the Western District of Pennsylvania. Frederick Schaal and Erasmus Hoeveler, of Allegheny county, Bankrupts under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a discharge from all their debts, and other claims provable under said Act, by order of the Court, notice is hereby given to all persons who have proved their debts, and other persons interested to appear on the 1st day of February, 1876, at 10 o'clock A. M., before Samuel Harper, Esq., Register, at his office, No. 98 Diamond street, Pittsburgh, Pa., to show cause, if any they have, why discharge should not be granted to said Bankrupts.

S. C. MCCANDLESS, Clerk.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE—LETTERS Testamentary with the will annexed having been granted to the undersigned, upon the estate of ALEXANDER MCKEE, late of the Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, Pa., deceased, all persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the estate of said decedent, will present the same duly probated for settlement to

WILLIAM JANCEY,
or WILLIAM MCCUTCHEON,
Executors,
Fifteenth ward, Pittsburgh, Pa.
PITTSBURGH, January 5, 1876. 233:TH

WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, SS.—At Pittsburgh, the 5th day of January, A. D. 1876. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Benjamin F. Biber, of the city of Allegheny, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District.

232-TH FRANK W. SMITH, Assignee.

OFFICIAL---ALLEGHENY.

OFFICE OF THE CITY ENGINEER,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, Jan. 11, 1876.

NOTICE.—THE ASSESSMENT FOR the Grading of Spruce street, 9th ward, from Preble avenue to the Ohio river, is now ready for examination and can be seen at this office until FRIDAY, January 21st, 1876, when it will be placed in the hands of the City Comptroller to serve notices for the payment of the same.

264 CHAS. DAVIS, City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, Jan. 5, 1875.

NOTICE—THE ASSESSMENT FOR the construction of Peach and Virgin alley and Liberty street sewer from Madison avenue to line of German National Bank, is now ready for examination and can be seen at this office, until SATURDAY, January 15th, 1876, when it will be placed in the hands of the City Controller to serve notices for the payment of the same.

CHAS. DAVIS, City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CLERK OF COUNCILS,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, Dec. 13, 1875.

Damages on Re-Grading Troy Hill Road.

Notice is hereby given that the Report of Viewers on the Damages on Re-Grading of Troy Hill Road was confirmed by Councils, December 9th, 1875. Objections to the report must be filed within ten days.

The Report can be seen in this office.

ROLAND T. WHITE,
y24 Clerk of Select Council.

OFFICE OF CLERK OF COUNCILS,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, Dec. 2, 1875.

Grading and Paving Troy Hill Road.

Notice is hereby given that the Report of Viewers on the grading and paving Troy Hill Road was confirmed by Councils, November 29th, 1875. Objections to the report must be filed within ten days.

The Report can be seen in this office.

ROLAND T. WHITE,
Clerk of Select Council.

QUICKLY CURED.
ALL FORMS of Private and Chronic Diseases, at the Girard Medical Dispensary, No. 83 Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. The proprietors are regular graduates of medicine and surgery, as diploma at office will show, are longer engaged and the most successful, as their extensive city practice will prove. Age, with experience, can be relied on.
NO CURE, NO PAY.
Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia, all Urinary Diseases and Syphilitic and Mercurial affections of the Throat, Skin or Bones, are cured in the Shortest possible time that will insure permanent relief. Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, the result of selfabuse in youth, or excess in maturer years, and which produces some of the following effects: As emissions, blotches, debility, dizziness, nervousness, dimness of sight, cough, indigestion, constipation, despondency, confusion of ideas, aversion to society, loss of memory and sexual power, and which unfits the victims for business or marriage, are thoroughly and permanently cured. A medical circular relating to Private Diseases sent in sealed envelope for one stamp. All communications confidential. Address
GIRARD MEDICAL DISPENSARY,
No. 83 Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. All medicines are prepared by the proprietors where nothing but the best of drugs are used. This enables us to cure the most difficult cases after all others have failed. Office Hours from 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays from 3 P. M. to 7 P. M. 14-d

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the assessment plans and schedule of assessments for the Hiland avenue improvement, from Penn avenue to the line of the new water works, will be open for inspection from JANUARY 14TH to FEBRUARY 3D. All parties interested therein will please call at the Engine House, Hiland avenue, and file their objections, if any there be, to said assessment.

CHAS. LOCKHART,
E. C. NEGLEY,
J. H. MCELROY,
J. B. STEWART,
R. B. CARNAHAN,
Commissioners.

[illegible], Secretary.
Pittsburgh, January 3, 1876. [illegible]

OFFICIAL—PITTSBURGH.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the assessments made by the Viewers on the opening of Second avenue from Cross street to Railroad crossing, near Glenwood station, 23d ward, are now in my hands for collection, and if not paid within 30 days of the date hereof, liens will be filed against the property assessed for the unpaid assessments, with interest, cost and fees.

THOS. S. BIGELOW, City Attorney.
Pittsburgh, Jan. 17, 1876.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the assessments made by the Viewers on the damages by grade on Hazelwood avenue, are now in my hands for collection and if not paid within 30 days of the date hereof, liens will be filed against the property assessed for the unpaid assessments, with interest, cost and fees.

THOS. S. BIGELOW, City Attorney.
Pittsburgh, January 17, 1876.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE, MUNICIPAL HALL,
PITTSBURGH, Jan. 7, 1876.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Viewers' Report of damages caused by grading of Main street, from Penn avenue to Liberty avenue, has been approved by Councils, which action will be final unless an appeal is filed in the Court of Quarter Sessions within ten (10) days from date.

A. DEMPSTER, City Engineer.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
MUNICIPAL HALL,
PITTSBURGH, January 7, 1876.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Viewers' Report on the opening of Grandview avenue from Washington street to Sherman street, has been approved by Councils, which action will be final unless an appeal is filed in the Court of Quarter Sessions within ten (10) days from date.

A. DEMPSTER, City Engineer.

OFFICE OF THE CITY ENGINEER,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, Jan. 5, 1876.

NOTICE—THE ASSESSMENT FOR the construction of the Long alley Sewer, from Chestnut street westward 240 feet, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until SATURDAY, January 15th, 1876, when it will be placed in the hands of the City Comptroller to serve notices for the payment of the same.

228 CHARLES DAVIS, City Engineer.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE, MUNICIPAL HALL,
PITTSBURGH, Dec. 31, 1875.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Viewers' Report of damages caused by grading Hazelwood avenue, from Monongahela River to Four Mile Run Road, has been approved by Councils, which action will be final unless an appeal is filed in the Court of Quarter Sessions within ten (10) days from date.

A. DEMPSTER, City Engineer.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
Municipal Hall,
PITTSBURGH, December 31, 1875.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Viewers' Report on the opening of Second avenue, from Cross street to Railroad crossing, near Glenwood Station, Twenty-third ward, has been approved by Councils, which action will be final, unless an appeal is filed in the Court of Quarter Sessions within ten (10) days from date.

A. DEMPSTER, City Engineer.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the assessments made by the Viewers on the opening of Euclid street from Stanton avenue to Jackson street, are now in my hands for collection, and if not paid within thirty days of the date hereof, liens will be filed against the property assessed for the unpaid assessments, with interest, cost and fees.

THOS. S. BIGELOW, City Attorney.
Pittsburgh Dec. 29

OFFICE OF THE CITY CONTROLLER,
PITTSBURGH, Dec. 23, 1875.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the two (2) per cent. of the outstanding Water Extension Bonds of the City of Pittsburgh, will be paid if presented at this office, January 5th, 1876.

R. M. SNODGRASS,
Controller.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the report of the Viewers on the construction of Sylvan avenue Bridge, was presented to the Court of Quarter Sessions this day, and confirmed nisi, and if no exceptions are filed thereto within ten days, confirmation to be absolute.

THOS. S. BIGELOW, City Attorney.
December 11, 1875.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the assessments made by the Viewers on the opening of Virginia avenue from Kirkpatrick street to Oneida street, are now in my hands for collection, and if not paid within 30 days of the date hereof, liens will be filed against the property assessed for the unpaid assessments, with interest, cost and fees.

THOS. S. BIGELOW, City Attorney.
Pittsburgh, December 16, 1875.

OFFICE OF CITY ATTORNEY,
PITTSBURGH, December 15, 1875.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the assessments made by the Viewers on the opening and grading of the following streets, avenues and alleys are now in my hands for collection, and if not paid within 30 days of the date hereof, liens will be filed against the property assessed for the unpaid assessments, with interest, cost and fees.

Opening of Putnam street from Fifth avenue to Penn avenue.

Grading of Sylvan avenue from Mars street to Four Mile Run Road.

Grading of Hemlock alley from 48th to 49th streets.

THOS. S. BIGELOW, City Attorney.

BUSINESS CHANGES.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.—THE CO-Partnership heretofore existing under the firm name of J. S. & C. N. BOYD has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, C. N. BOYD retiring. All accounts have been left with J. S. BOYD for settlement.

TARENTUM, PA., January 3, 1876. 283

NOTICE.—MRS. H. B. LOGAN, HAVING this day sold her interest in the firm of LOGAN, GREGG & CO. to GEO. B. LOGAN, ceases to be a member of said firm from this date. The business will be continued under the same firm name by the remaining partners, at No. 52 Wood street, Pittsburgh, and 186 Federal street, Allegheny.

PITTSBURGH, December 31, 1875. z1

DISSOLUTION.—NOTICE IS HEREBY given that the partnership heretofore existing between DAUB, SULZNER & STRAHLEY, Grocery business, No. 204 Smithfield street, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, WM. STRAHLEY retiring. All debts due by and owing to the late firm will be settled by the remaining partners.

HENRY DAUB,
ALBERT SULZNER,
WM. STRAHLEY.
PITTSBURGH, January 5, 1876.

PITTSBURGH, January 1, 1876.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between W. HESPENHEIDE, A. E. FRANK and C. WINKLEMAN, under the firm name of W. HESPENHEIDE & CO., Merchant Tailors, No. 50 Sixth street, Pittsburgh, Pa., has this day expired by limitation. C. WINKLEMAN has withdrawn from the firm, and the business will hereafter be carried on at the same place by W. Hespenheide and A. E. Frank, under the firm name of HESPENHEIDE & FRANK, who will collect all accounts due and owing the late firm and pay all claims against them.

W. HESPENHEIDE,
A. E. FRANK,
z5 C. WINKLEMAN.

PITTSBURGH, December 31, 1875.

THE FIRM OF H. CHILDS & CO. is this day dissolved by limitation, H. CHILDS retiring. Either partner is authorized to settle the business of the firm.

H. CHILDS,
HARVEY CHILDS, JR.

PITTSBURGH, January 1, 1876.

We have this day formed a copartnership for the purpose of conducting the Wholesale Boot and Shoe business under the firm name of H. CHILDS & CO., as heretofore.

HARVEY CHILDS, JR.
z4 ROSS JOHNSTON.

DISSOLUTION—THE PARTNERSHIP Heretofore existing between PETER and JOHN WILKINSON and ROBERT WAILES, under the name of WILKINSON BRO. & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Peter Wilkinson retiring. The business will be continued under the name of John Wilkinson and Robert Wailes, who are authorized to receive all moneys due the old firm, and pay the debts against the same.

PETER WILKINSON,
JNO. W. WILKINSON,
ROBT. WAILES.
[illegible]RGH, Jan. 7, 1876. [illegible]

BY MUTUAL CONSENT THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the undersigned under the firm name of GEO. H. GARBER & CO., is dissolved, taking effect January 1st, 1876. The business will be carried on in future by GEO. H. GARBER, who will collect and settle all the accounts of the old firm.

GEO. H. GARBER,
E. W. COOMBE.

Having sold my interest to MR. GEO. H. GARBER, I would solicit for him the continuance of the patronage extended to me by my friends.

z58 E. W. COOMBE.

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE—NOTICE IS hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Wm. Walton and J. B. Stevenson, under the name and style of WALTON & CO., Dry Goods and Trimming Store, at No. 4310 Butler street, 17th ward, Pittsburgh, Pa., has been this day dissolved by mutual consent, J. B. Stevenson retiring from the firm. The business will hereafter be carried on by Wm. Walton, who will adjust and collect all accounts of said partnership.

WM. WALTON.
J. B. STEVENSON.

In retiring from the business I cheerfully recommend my late partner to the patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed.

J. B. STEVENSON.
Pittsburgh, January 13, 1876. z94

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

The firm of KENNEDY, CHILDS & CO, has been dissolved by the death of R. T. Kennedy.

The firm affairs will be settled at the office of the Penn Cotton Mill, No. 38 River avenue, Allegheny, by D. C. CLAPP.

The Penn Cotton Mill and Machinery, with lots fronting 224 feet on River avenue, and a four story brick warehouse on Isabella street, are offered FOR SALE. For terms and particulars, apply to A. P. CHILDS, Oakland, or D. C. CLAPP, on the premises.

KENNEDY, CHILDS & CO.
Pittsburgh, January 4, 1876. z22-W

ARCHITECTS.

BARR & MOSER
ARCHITECTS
HAVE REMOVED to the GAZETTE building,
Cor. Sixth avenue and Smithfield street.

E. M. BUTZ, Architect,
64 and 66 Federal street, Allegheny,
has designed and superintended the erection of the Penna. Reform School Buildings, German Evangelical Lutheran Church, Second Ward Public School, Allegheny, Seventh U. P. Church, 44th street, Pittsburgh, City Hall, New Castle, Pa., Boyle Block, Federal street, Allegheny, and numerous public and private buildings.

DR. WHITTIER,
NO. 302 PENN STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Continues to afford reliable special treatment in all Private, Nervous and Urinary Diseases.
Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, resulting from self-abuse or sexual excess, producing nervous debility, night emissions, despondency, dizziness, dimness of sight, pimples on the face, weakness of mind and body, and finally impotency, loss of sexual power, sterility, &c., unfitting the victim for marriage or business, and rendering life miserable, are permanently cured in shortest possible time. Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, all urinary diseases and Syphilis (all forms), consisting of skin eruptions, ulcers, &c., are perfectly cured, and the blood poison thoroughly eradicated from the system. Cures guaranteed.
DR. WHITTIER is a regular graduate of medicine, as his diploma at office shows; his life-long special experience in all private diseases, with purest medicines prepared by himself, enables him to cure difficult cases after others fail—it is self-evident that a physician treating thousands of cases every year acquires great skill. Consultation and correspondence private and free. Pamphlet sent sealed for stamp. Medicines sent everywhere, by mail or express.
Office hours—9 A. M. to 4 P. M. and 6 to 8 P. M. Sundays, 10 A. M. to 1 P. M., only.
TRUE MARRIAGE GUIDE,
144 pages, fine illustrations. Cloth and gilt binding. A book for private, careful reading, by both sexes, married or single, explaining wonders, sexual system, reproduction, marriage impediments, &c., causes consequences. Price 50 cents, at office, or by mail, sent securely sealed. Address,
DR. WHITTIER,
458 No. 302 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I Sold and transferred my stock [illegible] GERMAN AMERICAN BANK to CHA[illegible] WETTENGEL July 1, 1875, and have [illegible] interest in the Bank since that time.

CHARLES W[illegible]GEL.
PITTSBURGH, December [illegible].

FINANCIAL.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK

Cor. Diamond and Wood Streets,

In Germania Bank Building,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAPITAL, ... $200,000.

D. R. DAVIDSON, President.
JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.

Deposits received and 6 per cent. interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

ROBINSON BROTHERS

NO. 78 FOURTH AVENUE,

BANKERS.

Buy and sell on Commission GOVERNMENT BONDS, STATE AND CITY SECURITIES, RAILROAD BONDS AND STOCKS.

Especial attention paid to purchase and sale of all LOCAL SECURITIES of Pittsburgh and Allegheny.

FIRST CLASS REAL ESTATE MORTGAGES WANTED; ALSO $5,000 WARD SCHOOL BONDS

DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCIAL.

Latest Advices Concerning Money and Stock Matters.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
THURSDAY, January 20, 1876.

Our banks are in good condition, but are not pressed with demands for discounts. There has sprung up, however, within a few days a better demand for loans than has heretofore existed. Our iron and glass manufacturers are in receipt of a better supply of orders than heretofore, and the starting up of our glass works, and the probable increased activity of our iron mills, are creating a larger demand for loans than hitherto. But all this is of the regular order, and constitutes the regular business of the banks, all of which they are abundantly able to bear. The real estate and rent markets continue dull. General business has improved since the first of January and may be rated fair.

The British commercial and financial outlook is not described in bright colors by the London correspondent of the New York *Herald*. In his special dispatch of the 15th inst., he says that dullness attaches to many of the departments of trade. The great failures which have occurred, and others that are believed to be pending, have induced unusual caution, and hence, outside of purely speculative marts, transactions are limited. The bonds of the United States continue to improve. The new fives have risen ½ per cent., and other classes from ⅛ to ¼ per cent. The demand for them is steady and apparently increasing, being materially aided by the prevailing fears of a complication in European politics, which, if it occurs, will prove of serious damage to all weaker securities. American railroad bonds are lower, notably Reading, which is due to the announcement of a material decrease in the earnings of the company, and that the April dividend would be passed. Pennsylvania bonds are in good request. Eries are unchanged, and the disposition is to wait until existing questions as to the organization of the company are determined. The Pittsburgh & Connellsville loan, guaranteed by the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company, and the new Reading loan, have been largely subscribed for, the former being the scrip most favored and commanding a premium. This loan forms part of a total issue of £2,200,000, and will be applied, it is stated, to the payment of an existing debt, amounting to £9,400,000, the greater portion of which is due to the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

In conclusion, the correspondent says:—Taken altogether, it would not be truthful to describe the monetary situation in England as satisfactory. It does not compare well with that of the same period last year. Gigantic collapses have occurred. The commercial world is strewn with wrecks. There is neither a superabundance of work nor the former high prices for labor. The public revenue is reduced. Prosperity does not wear its once brilliant front, and the market value of a score of securities is several millions sterling less than it was twelve months ago.

More gold has been withdrawn from the bank for export to the Continent, and, so far as can be ascertained, there is a probability of the drain to that quarter continuing. The balance of trade with the world generally is still in favor of France to the extent of several millions, and in present circumstances there is no other means of settlement except by sending gold. Latterly the stock operations between this market and the Paris Bourse have been against us, especially in respect to Egyptians, which have been largely sold by Continental holders to investors in this country, and the impression seems to be gaining strength that Continental dealers have the best of the bargain. As to this, time will reveal. In the meantime the French exchange has been depressed to a point which threatens to give the Bank of England some trouble just at an awkward period. With the opening of the new year the distribution of the dividends will make the bank weaker, while the supply of money outside will be largely augmented, and the difficulty of influencing the French exchange in our favor in a corresponding degree increased. The last attempt in this direction can hardly be described as satisfactory, and unless some modification of the present policy is adopted, whereby a better command of the market is insured when the necessity for such a course arises, there is a probability that future advances in the rate will tend to have the effect more and more of simply keeping the bank out of the discount market.—*London Times*, Dec. 29.

Robinson Brothers, Bankers, No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of bonds and stocks from the latest advices by telegraph:

Gold	112⅞	5-20's 1868—coupons	121⅝
U.S.6's, 1881, coup	121¾	10-40's	118⅛
" 1864, all called	—	Currency 6's	123
" 1865	116⅞	New 5 per cents	116¼
" 1865 new	118⅜	10-40's—coupons	118⅞
5-20's 1867	120⅜		

RAILWAYS.

N. Y. Cen.	107⅜	Ohio & Mississippi	21⅜
Erie	16⅛	Union Pacific	66⅝
I. C.	96¼	Toledo & Wabash	4½
C. C. & I. C.	4½	Harlem	123½
St. Paul	39	Adams Express	103
Do. Pref	72¼	American Express	58⅜
Michigan Southern	66⅜	U. S. Express	61
Do. Central	61⅜	W Fargo & Co. Ex.	83⅜
North Western Com	41¾	Quicksilver	19
Do. Pref	58⅜	Fort Wayne	100½
Rock Island	106⅜	Hannibal & St. Jos.	20⅜
Clevs. & Pitts	91⅜	Panama	133½
Pacific Mail	37⅜	Iron Mountain	17
Western Union Tel.	77		

Robinson Brothers furnish the following quotations of active stocks on the Philadelphia Stock Board:

P. R. R. (S)	56	Con. Trans (S)	45⅛
Reading (B)	52⅞	Empire Do.	—
U. Cos. of N. J. (B)	137	A.V. R. R. 7-30 (S)	95½
Oil Creek (S)	14⅜	P.C.& St. L. 7's (B)	80⅝
Lehigh Valley (S)	62½		

NEW YORK, January 19, 1876.

Money 4@6; prime mercantile paper 6@8. The customs receipts were $315,000. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed $19,000. The clearings were $24,000. Sterling quiet at 484@488½. Gold opened at 112⅞ and closed at 112⅞, all sales of the day having been at these figures. The rates paid for carrying were 5, 4½, 3 and 2 per cent. Loans were also made flat. Governments were steady. Railroad bonds were firm. State securities were quiet. Stocks were active and weak, except Western Union and Northwest, which were steady, and Ohios, which were strong and higher. The transactions aggregated 140,000 shares, of which 20,000 were Pacific Mail, 10,000 Western Union, 7,000 Northwests, 8,000 St. Pauls, 29,000 Lake Shore, 27,000 Ohios, and 5,000 Union Pacifics.

Governments.—U. S. coupons of 1881, 121½; 5-20s '65, 116⅞; do of '65, new, 118⅜; do of '67, 120¼; do of '68, 121⅝; 10-40s, 117⅞; do coupons, 118¼; new 5s, 118⅞; currency sixes, 123.

State Bonds.—Tennessee, old, 46; do new, 44; Virginia new, 37; do old, 36; Missouri 6s, 102½.

Stocks.—Western Union Telegraph, 77; Pacific Mail, 37½; Adams Express, 102⅞; Fargo Express, 82; American Express, 57½; U. S. Express, 61; New York Central, 108⅜; Erie, 16½; do preferred, 32; Harlem, 133; do preferred, 133; Michigan Central, 61⅜; Lake Shore, 62; Union Pacific, 66⅞; Illinois Central, 96½; Pittsburgh, 91¼; Northwestern common, 40¾; do preferred, 57½; New Jersey Central, 105; Rock Island, 106⅜; St. Paul, 39; do preferred, 72½; Toledo & Wabash, 104¾; do preferred, 106; Fort Wayne, 100½; Terre Haute, 3; do preferred, 19; Indiana Central, 4½; Chicago & Alton, 102⅞; do preferred, 107; Ohio & Mississippi, 21½; Burlington & Quincy, 15½; Hannibal & St. Joseph, 21; Atlantic & Pacific Telegraph, 18⅜; Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, 119⅞; Central Pacific, 104⅞; Union, 103; Union grants, 103¼; Mariposa, 8; do prefered, 8¼; Panama, 134; Missouri Pacific, 11½; Atlantic & Pacific preferred, 104½.

LONDON, January 19—5 P. M.—The demand for money is very quiet at the Bank of England, and there is little doing outside. All the suitable gold arriving is taken for export. The rate for money on Goverment securities is 4 per cent. The amount of bullion withdrawn from the Bank of England on balance to-day was £10,000. Consols: money, 93 11-16; do account, 93¾; 5-20s of '65, 105⅜; 10-40s, 104¼; new 5s, 107; New York Central, 98; Erie, 14¼; do preferred, 31.

PARIS, January 19—5 P. M.—Rentes, 66f.

F[illegible]NKFORT, January 19.—U. S. new 5s, [illegible]

[illegible]LIN, January 19.—The rate of discount at the bank has been fixed at 5 per

COMMERCIAL.

Condition of the Markets at Home and Abroad.

DAILY REPORT OF PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
WEDNESDAY, January 19, 1876.

In the language of our commercial contemporaries the remark that trade is dull has become a trifle monotonous, but as faithful "abstract and brief chronicler of the times," we are not warranted by circumstances in varying the report. We can say, however, that there is a better and more healthful tone in business circles; most of our large industrial enterprises are now on a better and more substantial basis, and notwithstanding trade is dull for the time being, the outlook is improving, and our merchants and manufacturers generally expect business to commence to pick up within the next few weeks.

APPLES—There is only a fair demand, and prices continue to rule in buyers' favor, as holders are obliged to close out as soon as possible, as this weather is causing their stock to rot rapidly. We continue to quote at $1,50a2,50 for inferior to fair and $3a3,50 for prime to choice.

APPLE BUTTER—65a70 per gallon.

BUTTER—Prime to choice rolls, 23a25c, and there is not much inquiry for any other kind. Dealers all agree in reporting a very dull market.

BEANS—Prime navies still quoted at $1,25 per bushel and dull.

CHEESE—Prime Ohio Factory; 13½a14c; ditto New York, 14a14½c—these are the jobbing rates.

CRANBERIES—$12a13 per bbl.

DRIED FRUIT—Apples, 10a11c per lb. for prime to choice quarters. Peaches, 12½a13c for halves.

DRESSED HOGS—8a8½c.

EGGS—Fresh, guaranteed as such, 24a25c, and dull.

FLOUR—Spring wheat flours, $6,25a6,50 for Wisconsins, and $6,50a6,75 Minnesotas; winters, $6,25a6,75 for new and $7 for choice old. Rye Flour, $5a5,25 per barrel. Buckwheat Flour, 2½a3c per lb.

GROCERIES—Trade in grocery circles continues to move slowly, as is usually the case at this particular time, but an increased demand for the leading staples before long is probable. There are no new characteristics to which reference has not previously been made in these columns.

SUGARS.

Cut Loaf	12½	Standard B	10⅝
Crushed	11⅝	Standard Ex C	10¼
Granulated	11⅝	Refined Yellows	8½@ 9½
Powdered	11⅝	N. O. new crop	8½@ 9½
Standard A	10⅞		

COFFEES.

Fancy Rio	26	R. Rio, 1b pkgs	27⅝
Prime Rio	24½@25	R. Rio, loose	27⅛
Good Rio	22 @23	Roasted Java	34⅝
Old Gov. Java	34		

RICE.

Carolina	8	Rangoon	7

SYRUPS.

Choice	70 @75	Fair	55 @60
Prime	65 @70	Dark	45 @50

MOLASSES.

N. O. choice	63	N. O. strictly prime	60
N. O. prime	[illegible]3	Demarara	50@55

GRAIN—The grain markets continue dull, and, in a general way, present nothing important. Wheat still quoted at $1,20a1,25 for fair to prime Ohio, Penna. and Indiana red; $1,30a1,32 for choice ditto; northwestern red, $1,35a1,38. There is little or no demand for white Wheat, and it is bringing but little more than red. There is a fair demand for Oats, but the market continues quiet and unchanged; Penna. and Ohio mixed, 39a41c; ditto white, 42a43c. Corn is easier, under the influence of increased receipts and offerings, but prices are still maintained; 50a52c, on track, for new shelled, and 48a51c for ear, according to quality and condition. Rye unchanged at 80a82c.

HAY—Baled is still reported quiet and unchanged; upland prairie, $12a14; timothy, $16a19.

MILL FEED—Dull; Bran, on track, $13a14; Middlings and Chopped Feed, $19a23.

ONIONS—$1,25a1,50 per bbl.

POTATOES—No improvement in the demand, which is mainly for small lots; selling in a jobbing way, from store, at 45a50c per bushel.

POULTRY—Dressed Chichens, 13a14c per lb; live ditto, 50a60c per pair; dressed Turkeys, 16a17c.

PROVISIONS—The general tone of the market is easier, in sympathy with the decline in Hogs within the past day or two. A Chicago exchange, of Tuesday, says: There was not much inquiry for shipment, the weather being unfavorable for handling, and operators seemed generally to expect a bigger run of hogs this week, unless we have another soft spell, in which case the work of packing may be prolonged far into March, though the regular season closes with February. As the winter progresses without witnessing the constantly expected decline in prices, the confidence of the short sellers is more and more shaken, but they have not yet lost hope, though the facts of the present can scarcely be said to point downwards, as stocks are very small for the season—five-eighths of which is now over.

Hams—Extra S. C. per lb	14½	Do. half barrels	14
Shoulders, Ex. S. C.	10¾	Lard, Ref. for summer use, in tierces	—
B'fast Bacon, S. C.	14½	Do. in ½ bbls	—
Dried Beef, Ex. Sugar Cured, old	14½	Do. in buckets	14½
Beef Tongues, S. C. per doz	6.75	Do. 3 lb caddies	16⅜
Bacon Shoulders	10	Do. 5 lb do	16½
Rib Sides	—	Do. 3 lb pails	17¼
Short Rib do	13¾	Do. 5 lb do	17¼
Clear Sides	13⅞	Do. 6 lb do	17
Mess Pork, per bbl	$21.00	Ham Sausage	—
Family Mess Pork	21.00	Carbon Oil	—
Short Cut "	21.00	Cheese	14
Lard, Prime Leaf in tierces, per lb	13½	Pig's Feet, in kegs	2.20
		Do. do. ½ bbls	4.40
		Do. do. bbls	9.00

RAGS—Steady at 3c per pound for good country mixed.

TALLOW—Chandlers Tallow, city rendered, 9¾a10c; country do., 8¾a9c.

PITTSBURGH LIVE STOCK MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
WEDNESDAY, January 19, 1876.

Following were the arrivals during the week ending at noon to-day, and, in order to afford a comparison, we append those of preceding week also:

ARRIVALS.

	This week.	Last week.
Cattle	359 cars.	278 cars.
Hogs	192 "	261 "
Sheep	66 "	98 "
Total	554 "	637 "

Briggs, Dock & Drum, Commission Merchants for the sale of live stock at the East Liberty Stock Yards, report the markets as follows:

CATTLE.

The arrivals, as will be seen, show an increase of 117 cars in the aggregate; there were 92 cars of through consignments and 267 cars of yard cattle, against 109 cars of through and 169 cars of yard cattle the preceding week. With largely increased offerings, very unfavorable reports from the east and a decreased demand, the market has been an exceedingly hard one for sellers, and the advance of last week almost, if not altogether, lost. Dealers generally reported a decline of from an ¼ to ⅜ of a cent per lb, and some sales were reported at a ½ to ⅝c less, but these were exceptional. The warm, rainy weather had a very decided influence in depressing the market, as it nearly always does, and the unfavorable reports from New York were not without their effect in the same direction. As we close our report, there are a large number remaining unsold, and the indications are that a large proportion of these will have to go on in first hands. While it was expected that the sharp advance of last week would cause increased receipts and offerings this week, the market has reacted sooner, and the decline has been much greater than was looked for. Sales for the week, 2,061; preceding week, 2,874.

QUOTATIONS.

Prime 1,400a1,500 steers	6,00a6,37
Good 1,200a1,300 steers	5,25a5,62
Fair 1,050a1,150 steers	4,50a5,25
Veal Calves	6,00a7,00
Cows, Bulls and Stags	3,50a4,25

SHEEP.

On Monday the run was fair, and the market active at about last week's prices. On Tuesday the supply was somewhat larger than that of the day preceding, but with a continued fair demand, they were all sold, and that, too, at prices fully up to those of the day preceding. To-day the market was much the same as on Monday and Tuesday, and as we close our report there are but few remaining in the yards unsold. The run, as compared with the preceding week, shows a falling off of 32 cars, and but for this the market would no doubt have been a hard one, as the weather has been unfavorable, and the reports from the east not very encouraging, especially from New York.

QUOTATIONS.

Extra, 100a120 lbs	6,00a6,50
Prime, 90a95 lbs	5,50a5,75
Good, 80a85 lbs	5,00a5,25
Fair, 70a75 lbs	4,50a4,75
Common, 70a75 lbs	3,75a4,00
Indianas, as per quality	4,00a6,00

HOGS.

The run has been comparatively light since the date of our last report, yet with a very decided falling off in the demand—caused by the soft weather—the market has ruled exceedingly dull, and prices have declined from 30 to 40c per cwt. Notwithstanding the light run, the pens were pretty well filled to-day, with but few selling; shippers are taking hold very sparingly, and this accounts for the decline in the face of the large falling off of 60 cars, as compared with the preceding week. Telegrams from points in the west, this forenoon, including Indianapolis and Chicago, reported colder weather, which will cause packers to take hold more freely, and we should not be surprised if prices had touched bottom for the present at least.

Fancy Philadelphia Hogs	7,35a7,40
Fair Philadelphia Hogs	7,20a7,30
York Hogs	6,75a7,00
Roughs	6,00a6,50

All drafts must be attached to the original shipping bill, and in no case drawn for more than two-thirds of stock. Please telegraph amount of drafts and car Nos.

J. B. Sedwick is our authorized agent a Indianapolis, Ind.

BRIGGS, DOCK & DRUM.

Chicago Seed Market.

Transactions were limited in this market, but a firmer feeling prevailed. There was a fair demand for prime timothy at $2,45, and some sales were made at that figure, though some holders were asking $2,50. The common grades were slow sale, and quotations ranged from $1,90a2,40 for poor to good. Clover was scarce, and prices, under a fair demand, ruled a shade firmer. Sales of medium were made at $7,30a7,65 for common to prime; mammoth sold at $7,70. There was nothing of consequence done in flax; quotable at $1,40a1,50. Hungarian and millet were nominal at 45a55c, and buckwheat at 60a70c, according to quality.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
WEDNESDAY, January 19, 1876.

The Crude market continues weak and prices have further declined; shipment quoted at $1,92½ United certificates $1,71½; barge oil, delivered here, $2,12a2,15. The decline is attributed to a bear movement, although some operators thought the advance was too rapid to hold out. Refined was quiet and unchanged; on cars here, 10½a10⅝c; Philadelphia delivery, 13⅞a14c. There are very few sellers here at quoted rates. Refiners would willing sell if they could get even a small margin for profit, but this quoted rates will not afford.

Barrel in rather better demand. Sales of 2,000 city make at $1,30; countries quoted at $1,15a1,20.

CRUDE OIL RECEIVED PER ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
G. M. Robinson	Star Refinery	240
G. R. Robinson	Paine A. & T.	80
Total		320

Chicago Lumber Market.

Trade continues light, but the general market is steady, and common lumber, expecially 16-foot fencing, is firm, both on account of the moderate stock here and the prospects of a small crop of logs. In most of the camps in Michigan very little work can be done, owing to the absence of snow and muddy roads, which make it impossible to haul the logs to the river banks, and the teams are idle in consequence. The fall of snow at Grand Haven appears to have been too light to be of any benfit to loggers. In the Green Bay district sufficient snow has fallen to put the roads in fair condition for hauling. The dubious prospects for the log crop makes the market firm, and this firmness is intensified by every week of mild weather. But it is not too late for cold and snow, and twenty days of good hauling would be taken advantage of, and speedily remove all appehensions of a short crop. Quotations:

First and second clear	$40,00a42,00
Third clear, 1 inch	33,00a35,00
Third clear, thick	35,00a38,00
Clear flooring, first and second rough	30,00a32,00
Clear siding, first and second	18,00a19,00
First common siding	16,00a17,00
Flooring, second common, dressed	24,00a25,00
Box board, A	35,00a36,00
Box board, B	25,00a27,00
A stock board, 10 and 12 inch	35,00a37,00
B stock boards	25,00a27,00
C stock boards	15,00a16,00
Fencing	12,00a13,00
Common lumber, 18 ft and under	11,00a12,00
Joists and scantling, 20 to 24 ft	12,00a16,00
Lath	1,75a 2,00
A shingles	2,75a 3,00
Shingles on track	2,50a 2,62½

Salt—Large Increase in the Production.

The New York *Bulletin* publishes a statement of the salt trade in this country, which shows that the production has increased enormously during the past five years. The production in Michigan for 1875 was 4,409,325 bushels, an increase of 1,428,000 bushels since 1870. In the other principal producing States an increase on the average is fully up to this ratio, which places the total production for 1875 at about 30,000,000 bushels, or 13,000,000 more than in 1870. Notwithstanding this immense increase, it is necessary to import large quantities to supply the home demand. The importations now average about 15,000,000 bushels, most of which is consumed in this country. Since the manufacture is increasing and the quality improving, it is probable that in a few years the United States will not only be able to supply the domestic trade, but also have a surplus for export.

Domestic Exports for November.

The official report of the Bureau of Statistics for the month of November shows that the aggregate value of exports of domestic products of November, 1875, was $62,183,041, against $58,206,413 for November, 1874. Of this increase of over $4,000,000 of exports, $1,500,000 was increased exports of cotton, $1,000,000 was increased exports of wheat, $1,000,000 increased exports of bacon and hams, $700,000 in petroleum, $500 in leaf tobacco, etc.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, January 19, 1876.

FLOUR—Dull and unchanged.

GRAIN—Wheat dull and lower; No. 2 Chicago spring $1,04 spot; 98⅝c seller February; 98⅝c seller March; No. 3 79c; rejected 66c. Corn dull and lower; No. 2 43½c spot; 43⅜c bid seller February. Oats dull; No. 2 30⅝c spot. Barley and rye quiet and unchanged.

PROVISIONS—Pork quiet and steady; $19,15a19.20 spot; $19,27½a19,30 seller February; $19,57½a19.60 March. Lard quiet; $12,20 spot; $12,25a12,27½ seller February; $12,42½a12,45 seller March. Bulk meats quiet and unchanged.

WHISKY—Demand fair and market firm; $1,06 bid, $1,07 asked.

On Call Board wheat was lower; 90½c January; 98⅝c February. Corn ⅛c lower. Oats unchanged. Pork weak; $19,10a19,20 cash; $19,25a19,27½ February. Lard weak; $12,17½a12,20 January; $12,22½a12,25 February.

New York.

NEW YORK, January 19.—Flour in limited export and home trade demand; superfine western and State $4,25a4,65; common to good $4,90a5,35; good to choice $5,40a6,90; white wheat extra $5,95a7,80; extra Ohio $4,90a7,25; St. Louis $5,20a9,00. Rye flour easier; $4,20a5,30. Corn meal quiet; $3a3,30. Wheat dull and heavy: receipts 55,000 bushels; ungraded spring $1,00; No. 2 Chicago $1,22a1,24; No. 3 $1,06; No. 2 Milwaukee $1,22a1,26; No. 1 spring $1,32a1,40. Rye easier; western 88a90c. Barley declining; No. 2 Canada $1,10. Malt quiet. Corn: fair business; receipts 81,000 bushels; mixed unmerchantable 50a52c; do no grade 56a56½c; western mixed ungraded 60a63c. Oats lower and more active; western mixed State 43a47½c; white western 46a52c. Hay firm; shipping 85c. Hops firm; eastern and western 10a15c. Coffee quiet; cargoes 16½a19½c; jobbing 19½a20½c. Molasses quiet. Rice in moderate request and unchanged. Petroleum dull; crude 7⅞c; refined 13⅝a14c; cases 18a20c; naphtha 8⅞a9½c. Tallow steady at 9½c. Rosin steady at 62½a67½c. Eggs heavy and lower at 20a23c. Leather unchanged. Wool firm; pulled 27a28c; unwashed 15a32c. Pork dull and unsettled. Beef quiet at 11a11½c. Cut meats quiet. Middles quiet; western long clear 11c. Lard heavy; prime steam 13 13-16a14⅛c. Butter: choice firm; others quiet; western 16a35c; State 20a31c. Cheese firm at 6a12½c. Whisky $1,10a1,11.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLENS, January 19.—Sugar firm; 5⅜a5⅝c; fair to fully fair 6⅛a6⅜c; prime 6⅝c; strictly prime to choice 7a7⅛c. Molasses in good demand; prime 41a44c; prime reboiled 43c; strictly prime fermenting 41c. Flour: fair demand; superfine $4; double $4,25; treble $4,50a5,75; choice and family $6a7,50. Corn meal held higher; $2,35a2,40. Corn in good demand at 54c. Oats quiet; 45a50c. Bran steady at 85c. Hay dull; prime $17a18. Pork in demand at $21,50. Dry salt meats quiet; 8a8¼a11½c. Bacon dull; 9⅜a11½a12⅜c. Hams: choice sugar cured scarce; 14a14¼c. Lard scarce; tierce packers 12½c; refined 13c; keg 13⅜c. Whisky: rectified $1,11a1,12; western $1,14.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, January 19.—Refined petroleum 13⅝a14c; crude 10⅝a11¼c. Clover seed scarce; $11,50a12,50. Flour quiet; extra $4,50a4,87½; high grades $7a8,50. Wheat firm; Pennsylvania red $1,40; amber $1,41a1,43. Rye: western 83c. Corn moderate and active; yellow damp and prime dry 56a61c. Oats dull; white 46a50c. Pork dull; $21. Smoked hams 15a16c. Whisky: western $1,11. Butter quiet; New York and Bradford county extra 28a34c; western 25a29c. Cheese firm; 12⅝a13⅝c. Eggs depressed; Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware 26a27c; for western do 25a26c.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, January 19.—Flour dull. Wheat dull; No. 1 white Michigan $1,28 spot; and seller February $1,19; extra $1,39½; amber do spot and seller February $1,25; seller January $1,28; No. 2 amber $1,05. Corn dull; high mixed 46¼c; seller January held at 48c; 47¼c offered; seller January 48c; low mixed 45½c; no grade 43c; damaged 40½c. Oats dull; No. 2 35½c; 36c offered; seller February held at 37½; 38c offered; Michigan 35½c.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, January 19.—Cotton dull at 12½c. Flour dull. Wheat in fair demand and market firm at $1,30a1,40. Corn dull at 41a42c. Oats dull at 35a42c. Barley dull and unchanged. Rye firm at 78a80c. Pork dull at $20 cash. Lard dull; steam 12½c spot; kettle 13a13 1-4c. Bulk meats quiet at 7¼, 10, 10½, 10⅝a10⅞c. Bacon quiet and unchanged. Whisky steady and in moderate demand at $1,06.

Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, January 19.—Flour steady and unchanged. Wheat active and firm; No. 2 western red $1,37a1,38. Corn lower; western new 61½c. Oats scarce and unchanged. Provisions firm and unchanged. Butter quiet; 24a25c western extra; 22a24c firsts. Petroleum strong; crude 8a8½c; refined 13⅜a14c. Coffee firmly held; cargo 16½a19½c; jobbing 16½a20½c. Whisky: demand fair and market firm; $1,11½.

Boston.

BOSTON, January 19.—Flour: demand more active; western superfine $3,75a4,50; common extra $4,75a5,50; Minnesota extra $5,25a6,25; winter wheat Iowa, Indiana and Michigan $6a7,00; Illinois $6,50a8,00; fancy Minnesota $8,75a9,25. Corn steady; mixed and yellow 65a68c. Oats: mixed and white 48a52½c; rejected 44a46c.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, January 19.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull; No. 1 Milwaukee $1,08½; hard $1,20; No. 2 $1; No. 3 83 1-2c. Corn steady; No. 2 mixed 48c. Oats dull and easier No. 2 32 1-2c. Barley steady; No. 2 spring 95c; No. 3 57c. Rye quiet and easier; No. 1 70c.

Foreign.

LONDON, January 19.—Refined petroleum 10⅝a10⅞d.

LIVERPOOL, January 19.—Cotton steady at 6⅝a7d; sales 14,000, including 2,000 speculation and export, 8,900 American. Tallow 46s.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, January 19.—Cotton firm and unchanged. Flour firmer at $3,25a5,00. Wheat dull at $1,52a1,52½. Corn steady; 37½c. Oats dull at 35a35½c. Barley quiet at $1a1,15. Rye quiet at 68c. Pork dull at $20. Dry salt meats more doing; 6¾, 7, 10a10¼c. Bulk meats little doing.

Osw[illegible]go.

OSWEGO, January 19.—Wheat steady; No. 1 Milwaukee Club $1,40; No. 1 white Michigan $1,45. Corn quiet; western mixed 60a68c. Barley in light demand; No. 2 Canada $1,06.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, January 19.—Cotton quiet at 12½c. Flour and grain quiet and unchanged. Provisions quiet and unchanged. Whisky steady and unchanged.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, January 19.—Cotton steady; 12¼c; sales 3,400 bales; receipts 2,000; shipments 1,700. Others quiet and unchanged.

Cleveland.

CLEVELVND, January 19.—Petroleum firm; no change from yesterday.

Live Stock.

NEW YORK, January 19.—Beeves: receipts yesterday and to-day 2,600 head, against 1,860 head in same time last week; market extremely dull at a further decline from Monday of ¼c. The total reduction since Friday last is more than $1,25 per 100 pounds. Fat Illinois steers 1,400a1,450 lbs live weight 11½a11¾c, such as sold a week ago at 13c; common Missouri steers 1,000 lbs. 9½c; week ago same qualities 10⅝a11c; decline this week fully equal to the advance last week. Sheep: receipts since Monday 5,520 head, against 8,130 head last week; quality fair to prime; market weaker; ¼c lower; slow sales; 5½a7⅜c ordinary to extra sheep; 6¾a7c good to prime. Swine: receipts for two days 5,760 head, against 6,370 head in same time last week; market dull; one car corn-fed alive $7,50 per 100 lbs.

CHICAGO, January 19.—Cattle: receipts 2,500 head; under cooler weather active and 1c higher than yesterday; butchers sold $2,75a4; shipping $4a4,75; best $5a6,25; medium steers $4,75a4,95; shipments 1,000. Hogs: receipts 15,000 head, active and strong, 10a15c higher; packers $7,10a7,25; light bacon $7,15a7,30, mainly $7,25; eastern grades $7,30a7,40; shipments 1,850. Sheep: receipts 1,000 head; active; common to choice $4,40a5.

BALTIMORE, January 19.—Cattle: market dull; prices declined ¼a½c; very best 6a7½c; first quality 5a6c; medium or good fair quality 4 1-4a4¾c; ordinary thin steers, oxen and cows 3 1-4a4c; most sales at 4 1-4a5 1-4c; receipts 1,893; sales 1,444. Hogs: less active; prices ½c lower; tending downward; range 9 1-4a10 1-4c; receipts 8,286. Sheep: quiet; prices a shade easier; range 4½a7c; receipts 3,264.

BUFFALO, January 19.—Cattle: receipts 935; total for the week 6,123; market dull and weak, with a declining tendency. Sheep and lambs: receipts 2,400; total for the week 14,000; market very dull and prices ¼c off. Hogs: receipts 3,100; total for the week 16,700; market dull and slow; Yorkers $7,20a7,30; mostly $9,25; heavy $7,25a7,30.

ST. LOUIS January 19.—Hogs dull; shipping $6,50a6,75; packing $6,70a7,15; extra $7,20. Cattle slow and unchanged; good to prime native shipping steers $4.75a5; fair do. $4,50a5,50; choice cows $3,75a4,00; native stockers $2,50a4.

CINCINNATI, January 19.—Hogs dull; common to good light $7a7,15; fair to good packing $7,15a7,40; choice heavy $7,35a7,45.

INDIANAPOLIS, January 19.—Hogs: receipts 1,400; prices $6,65a7,10.

Wool.

BOSTON, January 19.—Wool remains unchanged; manufacturers purchase only in lots as wanted; there was no pressure to buy or sell; sales at 45a47½c for Ohio and Pennsylvania fleeces, including X and XX; No. 1 48a50c, the latter outside price for lots in good condition; XXX and picklock 50a55c; Michigan and Wisconsin fleece 42a47c, X and No. 1 pulled wool in fair demand at 37a55c, including super and X; combing and delaine fleece are firm; inquiry light.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, January 19.—The trade movement was slow in all departments with commission houses and importers. Cotton goods were steady. Fine bleached shirtings are closely sold up in leading makes. New York Mills shiring are held at value. Plaid prints are in fair demand, but shirting styles moved slowly. Woolen goods for men's wear are quiet. Foreign goods are dull.

Cotton.

NEW YORK, January 19.—Cotton dull at 13a13 3-16c; January 12 15-16a12 31-32c; February 13 1-32a13 1-16c; March 13 9-32a13 9-16c; April 13½a13 17-32c; May 13 21-32a13⅝c; June 13 29-32c; July 14 1-16a14 3-32c; August 14 5-32c.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD COMPANY.—3 bbls whisky, J. Kaiser; 5 do, Getty & Co; 1 do, A. Klenordlinger; 2 tres sausage, W. B. Hays & Son; 25 bxs candles, A. Kirkpatrick & Co; 25 do soap, Luebbe Bro; 20 bbls crackers, Snowden & K; 1 car oats in sacks, W. G. Miller; 150 tres hams, W. B. Hays & Son; 8 tubs butter, Head, C. & Co; 6 do, 3 kegs butter, Caskey, B. & Co: 4 tubs do, 1 bbl c nuts, 1 do eggs, 1 box poultry, J. H. Loh & Co; 1 box marble, W. W. Wallace; 5 bdls seats, Jacob Abbey; 1 car staves, C. A. Wormcastle; 39 bales b corn, McElroy & Co; 34 pails tobacco, J. Fullerton & Sons; 4 pkgs p sks, L. H. Smith; 25 kegs p feet, 5 hf bbls do, W B. Hays & Son; 15 bbls oil, J. L. Dunseath & Co; 5 tres shoulders, F. Sellers & Co; 2 cases wood, Maul & G; 2 pkgs paper sacks, Hill, W. & Co; 1 bdl wheels, J. Napier; 1 do wood, J. F. Young & Bro; 4 bxs drugs, B. L. Fahdestock; 43 bales cotton, Birmingham W. & Co; 1 car b hay, L. G. Graff & Co; 112 sks barley, J. Gangwich; 3 barrels crackers, J. A. Renshaw; 10 do flour, H. Schnelbach; 4 bags feathers, Wm. Cooper & Co.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R. Co.—12 bxs fish, Garrett & S; lot dumps, Reineke, W. & Co; 10 bales tow, F. A. Hopper; 2 kegs butter, E. W. Hazle & Co; 9 cases eggs, J. White, Jr., & Son; 14 do coffins, W. J. Meek; 6 bbls g ware, Gallinger & Co; 4 bxs hinges, P. H. Laufman & Bro; 60 do soap, 4 cars flour, T. C. Jenkins; 11 cars l stone, Moorhead, & Co; 3 do flour, D. Wallace; 1 do straw, W. Zinkhan; lot castings, W. W. Wallace; 1 car potatoes, P. Goodell; 1 do m feed, Laing & McK; 1 do oats, Scott & G; 1 do hay, S. B Floyd & Co; 1 bbl eggs, 1 do, 1 box butter, Head, C. & Co; 10 bxs iron, Jones & L; 1 car potatoes, T. Webster & Co; 21 bxs butter, Braden & P; 1 piano, Mellor & H; 1 paper cutter, A. C. Bakewell & Co; 3 bbls eggs, 2 kegs butter, Voigt, M. & Co; 5 bbls cabbage, Vangorder & S; 25 bales waste, C. P. Markle & Son; 1 car l stone, E. Thompson Steel Works; 1 do malt, H. M. Scott; 25 bales hops, J. Rhodes; 10 bbls spirits, Miller, F. & Co; 5 bbls gin, Casey, F. & Co; 10 do spirits, W. H. Holmes & Co; 10 do, Adler & R; 10 do, J. Affelder & Bro; 300 green hides, Hartley, McK. & Co; 1 car flour, Schomaker & Co; 1 do lead, Davis, C. & Co; 1 do spelter, Byers & McC.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.—1 car lumber, Heath & S; 2 do barley, Z. Wainwright; 1 box boots, S. F. Scott & Co; 4 rolls leather, G. N. Hoffstott; 10 bdls wire, J. Woodwell & Co; 5 tres hams, W. B. Hays & Co; 1 car wheels, P., C. & St. L. R. R. Co; 1 car brick, Swaney & D; 2 do r r ties, R. Pitcairn; 2 cars s iron, W. Mullins; 9 bbls oil, Paine, A. & T; 119 sks oats, Scott & G; 20 sks flour, Mead & Co; 26 pkgs sunds, C. Miller; 25 sks rags, J. B. Jones; 5 tubs butter, 2 bbls h nuts, J. J. Pettit & Co; 22 kegs o meal, Watt, L. & Co; 25 cases matches, J. S. Dilworth & Co; 10 do, Johnson & C; 10 do, S. Ewart & Co; 5 bxs eggs, A. Barnett; 14 sks rags, H. J. McCracken & Bro; 4 cars straw, C. P. Markle & Co; 1 d hog, 6 bbls eggs, 6 firkins butter, J. H. Loh & Co; 6 bags feathers, Wm. Cooper & Co; 10 boxes mdse, R. E. Sellers & Co; 1 hhd tobacco, Maul & G; 13 bbls sunds, Voigt, M. & Co; 21 do, Head, C. & Co; 3 do, E. Fox & Co; 13 do, P. Duff & Son; 5 pkgs eggs and butter, Weisbrod & W.

RECEIPTS AT PITTSBURGH ELEVATOR.—1 car barley, J. Rhodes; 1 do oats, Scott & G; 1 do, R. Rae.

Receipts of Blooms, Ore, Pig Metal and Scrap Iron.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD.

Nimick & Co. m	18	Carnigie & Co. m	7
Zug & Co. m	2	E. D. Newlton i	1
Lucy Fur. o	1	J. Wilbert & Co. i	2
Total			31

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.

Soho Furnace o	3	Shoenberger & Co. o	7
W. Clark & Co. o	1		
Total			11

SCRAP IRON, &c.

W. J. HAMMOND,

DEALER IN

WROUGHT AND CAST IRON,

Wrought Turnings, Cast Turnings, Old Railroad Locomotive Tire, Old Car and Driving Wheels, Old Boilers.

Brass, Copper, Lead and Zinc,

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ALDERMAN,

Ex-Officio Justice of the Peace and Police Magistrate,

Office—No. 95 CARSON STREET,
PITTSBURGH, (S. S.)

SAMUEL M'MASTERS,

Alderman,

EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE AND POLICE MAGISTRATE,

OFFICE, NO. 100 GRANT STREET, OPPOSITE THE CATHEDRAL.

OTTO WUTH,

Analytical and Consulting Chemist,

No. 99 Water Street.

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DANIEL WENKE,

Notary Public.

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1119 CARSON ST., South Pittsburgh.

HAZARD POWDER CO.'S

Sporting and Mining Powder.

I am now prepared to supply this very superior Powder to Sportsmen, Furnacemen, Contractors, and dealers by keg or car load, at Low Prices. Safety Fuse constantly on hand.

ARTHUR KIRK,

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NEW PATENT CAR FOR INCLINED PLANES con[illegible] arranged to carry PASSENGERS AN[illegible] VEHICLES at the same time. Descriptive c[illegible] sent on application. Address,

J. EARNS[illegible] Engineer,
N. W[illegible] Race streets,
[illegible]ncinnati, Ohio.

RIVER NEWS.

State of the Rivers, Movements of Steamboats, &c.

OFFICE OF OBSERVATION, SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. ARMY.—DAILY REPORT OF THE STAGE OF WATER, WITH CHANGES IN THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT 3 P. M.

Pittsburgh, January 19, 1876.

Stations.	Above low water ft.	in.	Change —or† ft.	in.	Dir'n of Wind.	State of Weather.
Cairo, Ill	28	4	†1		W	Clear.
Cincinnati, Ohio	27	7	†2	10	NW	Clear.
Davenport, Iowa	3	1			SW	Fair.
Dubuque, Iowa	5	6		†1	NW	Clear.
Keokuk, Iowa	5	9	†1	5	W	Fair.
Leavenworth, Ks.	6	6		†3	W	Clear.
Louisville	12	6	†2	2	W	Clear.
Memphis, Tenn.	22	5	—1	6	NW	Clear.
Nashville, Tenn.	30				W	Clear.
Pittsburgh, Pa	12	2	†4	9	NW	Cloudy.
Shreveport	23			†4	N	Clear.
St. Louis, Mo.	9			†1	W	Clear.
Vicksburg, Miss.	38	4			N	Clear.

L. A. WELSH,
Sergeant, Signal Service, U. S. A.

THE stage of water last evening was 11 feet 9 inches, and rising; it was expected that there would be 14 or 15 feet to-day, as both the Monongahela and Allegheny were reported rising rapidly at headwaters. There was good water for running coal yesterday, but the run will be small, as there is not much coal ready to move.

THE E. H. Durfee left St. Louis for Pittsburgh on Tuesday.

THE Emma Graham, from Cincinnati, arrived and departed.

FREIGHT rates between St. Louis and New Orleans are 40c per barrel for flour and 20c per 100 weight.

THE Exchange, from Cincinnati, is among the first boats due, and will be the next packet out for that point.

FOLLOWING named boats will depart on this water with tows of coal: Tom Rees, Stella, Alice Brown, Baltic and Mary Ann.

THE Arlington did not get away until daylight yesterday, Captain Moore concluding to lay over in consequence of the wind.

THE Billy Collins is running from New Orleans, in connection with the railroad, 6 miles above the city, and we are informed is doing well.

COM. KOUNTZ was before the Congressional Committee at Washington, on Tuesday, giving some evidence in regard to the Indian agency business.

MR. S. P. COOLEY, an old steamboat clerk, but for several years past engaged in business on shore, is now keeping books for Henry Rea, Jr., produce merchant, this city.

THE St. Louis Barge and Novelty Works, which does a leading steamboat business, has just closed a contract to build 14 iron bridges of different sizes for an Arkansas Railroad.

THE new boat building at St. Louis, for Doc. Terry will be launched about the 10th of February. He has not decided yet whether he will put her cabin and machinery on there or at Cincinnati.

CAPT. ED. EVANS, an old steamboatman, but now engaged in farming, some four miles from town, on the South Side, was in the city yesterday. He expects to stand market next summer, with peaches.

THE towboat Gov. Allen is lying at Algiers, opposite New Orleans, repairing her machinery. She is having one new cylinder put in and the other bored out. As soon as her engines are in order she will load at New Orleans for the Ohio river.

CAPT. J. DOLLIS died of paralysis, at Louisville on Sunday night, and was buried on Monday. The flags of the Henderson packets Tarascon and Morning Star were at half-mast in respect to his memory. He was cabin boy on the Fame prior to 1830, and bar-keeper on the Mediterranean, Capt. Strodes, in 1832.

IN weather like this, do pilots delight with sunshine by day and moonshine by night. For the light of the moon gives him bearings by night, when the sky and the shore and the river looks bright, and he merrily steers his boat all right, singing "look at the river with star-drops bedight, and look at the moon which is shining so bright, and take thou a lesson from this poor wight—the moon may get full but she never gets tight."—*St. Louis Globe.*

THE wholesale price of coal during last year, at New Orleans, ranged from 35 to 45 cents per barrel, and its lowest figure ruled at the close of the year. The contents of boats are averaged at 9,000 barrels each and barges at 4,500 barrels. At this rate the consumption at New Orleans last year was 448,000 barrels. In 1869 the consumption was 3,317,000 barrels, or nearly 1,000,000 more than last year. The annual consumption since 1869 shows a gradual decrease in quantity.

THE Wheeling *Intelligencer* gives the following comparative table of the wages of steamboatmen. We would like to have a statement of the wages paid in 1865 to make the table complete:

	Per month. 1860.	1870.	1876.
Captain	$ 100	$ 125	$125a150
Clerk	75	100	100a150
Mate	50a60	75a100	50a60
Pilot	60	90	80
Engineer	75a80	100	75a80
Fireman	35	30a35	60a75
Steward	50	60	50
Deckhand	18a20	25a30	20

And also the following statement of wages paid to railroad men:

	1860.	1870.	1876.
Conductor, freight, per day	$3.00	$3.00	$3.10
" passg'r, per month	91.70	91.70	91.74
Brakeman " "	40.00	40.00	40.00
" freight per day	2.25	2.25	2.25
Fireman " "	2.25	2.25	2.25
" passg'r, per day	2.00	2.00	2.00
Engineer "	3.75	3.75	4.00

For Additional River News see Fourth Page.

RIVER PACKETS.

For Cincinnati and Louisville.

REGULAR WEEKLY PACKET—EVERY WEDNESDAY, 12 M.

THE NEW AND SPLENDID PASSENGER STEAMER

EMMA GRAHAM.

E. B. COOPER ... Master.
N. EARHART ... Clerk.

Will leave as announced.

Giving through receipts to Evansville, Nashville, Cairo, Memphis and New Orleans. No freight received after 3 o'clock P. M. on day of departure.

For Freight or Passage apply on board or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD,
No. 13 Wood street, or
GEORGE H. GHRIEST.

Freights will be received at the wharfboat of
S. R. & J. W. PATTERSON, Agents.

For Marietta, Parkersburg, Gallipolis, Ironton and Cincinnati.

LEAVES HERE EVERY MONDAY—4 P. M.
Leaves Ironton every Thursday—10 A. M.

THE FINE PASSENGER STEAMER

SALT VALLEY.

T. SANFORD ... Captain
W. A. & L. L. MADDY ... Clerks

Will leave as announced above.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, or
S. R. & W. J. PATTERSON,
Wharfboat, foot of Wood street.

STEAMSHIPS.

PASSAGE

TO AND FROM EUROPE

TICKETS to and from any European port for all the principal lines of steamers.
PASSPORTS procured on shortest notice.
DRAFTS AND LETTERS OF CREDIT on all the principal cities of Europe and America.
COLLECTIONS of inheritances, legacies, &c., attended to directly and promptly.
PARCELS, &c., forwarded promptly to any part of Europe.
GOLD, Silver, Foreign Coins, Stock, &c., dealt in.
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Please apply to

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163 SMITHFIELD STREET,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

AMERICAN LINE

MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

Only Line Carrying the American Flag. Sailing every Thursday from Philadelphia, for QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

Cabin, Intermediate and Steerage accommodations unsurpassed.

Rates as low as by any other first-class route.
PETER WRIGHT & SONS,
General Agents, Philadelphia.

LOUIS MOESER, 142 Smithfield street; THOS. E. WATT, 78 Fifth avenue; J. J. McCORMICK; Smithfield and Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh. WM SEMPLE, 165 Federal street, Allegheny City.

COAL, COKE AND LIME.

COAL! COAL! COAL!

DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,

Miners, Shippers and Dealers in

FAMILY, NUT AND BLACKSMITH

COAL.

Office & Yard--567 Liberty St.

Particular attention given to filling orders of the above coal.

CHAS. H. ARMSTRONG,

DEALER IN

YOUGHIOGHENY & CONNELLSVILLE

COAL,

AND MANUFACTURER OF

Coal, Slack and Desulphurized Coke.

OFFICE and YARDS—Cor. Butler and Morton streets, Liberty and Clymer streets, Ninth ward; also, Second street, Eighth ward, and at the foot of Ross street, P. & C. R. R. Depot, Second ward.

Orders left at either of the above offices, or addressed to me through Pittsburgh P. O., will receive prompt attention.

WM. T. DUNN & CO.,

Sewer Builders and Manufacturers of

Drain and Sewer Cement Pipe.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Hydraulic Cement, Patent Chimney Pipes, Cellar Floors, &c., cemented. All orders promptly attended to and work guaranteed.

OFFICE, 41 FEDERAL STREET.
WORKS: 240 REBECCA STREET,
ALLEGHENY.

POTATOES—500 BUSHELS CHOICE Peach Blows, for sale by
J. B. CANFIELD,
November 24, 1875. 116 Water street.

WHOLESALE GROCERS, &c.

IN STORE AND FOR SALE.

500 Barrels Minnesota Flour.
150 Barrels Rye Flour.
150 Barrels Burmuda Red Onions.
200 Barrels Sweet Michigan Cider.
3 Cars Rye.
100 Bales Choice Wisconsin Hops.

For sale by
ROBT. F. WEDDELL,
347 Liberty street.

The Only Grain Warehouse in Pittsburgh with Track Connections.

LAING & M'KALLIP

347 Liberty, 134 Fifth avenue and 31st street and A. V. R. R.,

DEALER IN

Grain, Feed, Hay, Cement,

LIME, PLASTER AND

ANTHRACITE & CANNEL COAL.

New Orleans Sugar & Molasses

"WHITE STAR" FLOUR

FULL LINE GROCERIES.

Watt, Lang & Co.,

172 and 174 WOOD STREET.

SUNDRIES.

100 Bbls. Choice Michigan Apples, carefully packed in good new packages.
2 Cars Choice Michigan White Wheat.
Corn, Oats, Chopped Feed, &c., &c., in store and to arrive. Also—
10 Bales Cotton (2 bushel) Sacks, cheap.
A few hundred of those heavy "India Bags."
HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO.,
349 Liberty Street.
Office up stairs.

DECEMBER 10, 1875. de11

GEORGE STEWART,

Commission Merchant,

And Wholesale Dealer in

FLOUR, GROCERIES, GRAIN, FEED AND PRODUCE.

No. 11 West Ohio street, Allegheny City.

Orders for shipment promptly executed. Particular attention given to consignments of all kinds of Country Produce. mh11:k11

PETER KEIL ... JAS. F. RITCHART.

KEIL & RITCHART,

Commission Merchants,

And dealers in Flour, Grain, Seeds, Mill Feed, &c.

349 LIBERTY STREET,
Patterson's Block, Pittsburgh, Pa.

H. M. CALDWELL & CO.,

Commission Merchants,

And Dealers in

HAY, GRAIN AND PRODUCE,

205 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Orders for Shipments and Consignments solicited and promptly attended to.

JOHN PORTERFIELD & CO.,

FAMILY GROCERS,

And dealers in best brands of ST. LOUIS FLOUR,
No. 15 MARKET STREET,
Corner of First avenue.

AIKEN, WALLACE & POLLOCK,

185 LIBERTY STREET,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Choice Apples, Cranberries, Jersey Sweet Potatoes, and Produce generally received daily. Consignments solicited and prompt returns guaranteed.

JOHN SHIPTON ... A. WALLACE.

SHIPTON & WALLACE

WHOLESALE

Grocers and Produce Dealers,

No. 6 Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh.

ENGINES, BOILERS, &c.

Great Reduction in the Price

OF

STEAM BOILERS.

THE AMERICAN

Sectional Steam Boiler Co.

Are prepared to furnish their justly celebrated

WEIGAND BOILER!

Of any capacity at prices below that of any other Boiler now in the market. All persons or corporations who contemplate putting in new Boilers should call and get our prices before purchasing elsewhere. We guarantee our Boilers to be as represented. For pamphlets, testimonials and other information, call on or address the Company, at their office,

No. 27 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FORT PITT

Boiler, Still and Tank Works.

D. W. C. Carroll & Co.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Tubular, Double-flued Tubular, Fire Box and Cylinder Steam Boilers.
Oil Stills and Oil Tanks.
Chimneys, Breeching and Ash Pans.
Settling Pans, Salt Pans and Condensers.
Steam Pipes, Gasometers and Iron Bridges.
Prison Doors and Coal Shutes.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:

Corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty Streets,

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Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to.

O'Hara Boiler Works

N. SNYDER & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Steam Boilers,

OIL TANKS,

Stills, Agitators, Salt Pans, Gasometers, Settling Pans,

PRISON DOORS, CHIMNEYS,
BRICHEN FIRE BEDS, &c.

Cor. Second Av. and Liberty St.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Repairing done promptly. Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to.

PENN AVENUE

Boiler Works.

JARED M. BRUSH & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

STEAM BOILERS, OIL STILLS,

SHEET IRON WORK, &C.

No. 31 Penn Avenue.

BRIDGE WORK.

UNION IRON MILLS.

Carnegie Brothers & Co.,

PITTSBURGH,

MANUFACTURUERS OF

Bridge Iron

Patent Solid Rolled Wrought Iron Beams.

GIRDERS, CHANNEL IRON, ANGLES, PLATES, AXLES, POST IRON, SPLICE BARS AND MERCHANT BAR.

Special attention given to unusual shapes and sizes.

General Office and Works:

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Western Office—No. 211 Washington avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

Lithograph of Sections and Book of detailed Information, giving calculations [illegible] strains, &c., furnished on application.

KEYSTONE BRIDGE COMP'Y

BUILDERS OF

Iron and Wooden Bridges,

Wrought Iron Turn Tables, Roofs, &c.

OFFICES—Cor. Fifty-first and Harrison streets, Pittsburgh; No. 218 South 4th street, Philadelphia.

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GRAFF TUBE WORKS.

WILLIAM GRAFF & CO.,

Manufacturers of

PLAIN AND GALVANIZED

Wrought Iron Pipe,

FOR GAS, STEAM AND WATER.

No. 140 FIRST AVENUE, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Pipe of any size, length or thickness furnished to order. Also pipe cut and fitted to plans for mills, &c.

CEMENT—20[illegible] [illegible]VILLE, 100 bbls [illegible] [illegible]LD, [illegible] street.

FINANCIAL.

AMERICAN BANK.

Iron Bank Block,

Corner Sixth avenue and Wood street,

PITTSBURGH.

CASH CAPITAL $200,000.

Stockholders Individually Liable.

BANK OF DEPOSIT AND DISCOUNT

JOHN FLOYD, President. WM. FLOYD, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

Thos. M. Marshall, John M. Murtland,
James Mosgrove, Archibald Wallace,
James W. Arrott, James D. Kelly,
Charles B. Leech, Wm. Floyd,
John Floyd.

Collections made to all points in the United States and Canadas. Prompt attention paid to correspondents. fe10:h41

FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK,

OF ALLEGHENY,

No. 171 Federal Street.

CAPITAL, $200,000.

DISCOUNT EVERY DAY.

Stockholders Individually Liable.

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J. W. HALL, Vice President.

Simon Drum, D. Macferron,
Geo. D. Riddle, R. H. Knox,
R. W. Cartwright.
JAS. H. RIDDLE, Cashier.

Allegheny National Bank,

OF PITTSBURGH.

No. 33 Fifth Avenue.

CAPITAL STOCK, $500,000.

J. W. COOK, President.
R. W. MACKEY, Vice President.
W. McCANDLESS, Cashier.

N. Holmes & Sons,

BANKERS,

No. 57 Market Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

Stocks, Bonds and Other Securities Bought and Sold on Commission.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

United States Securities.

FOUNDERS & MACHINISTS.

FRIEDMANN'S INJECTORS

FOR

STEAM BOILERS!

TAKES THE

PREMIUM.

They Start Promptly. Do not lower the boiler pressure when feeding. Feed warm water at high and low pressure. Deliver more water with less steam than any other. Have no moveable parts to get out of order.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR TO

Bailey, Farrell & Co.

NO. 167 SMITHFIELD ST.

Industrial Machine Works.

Hugh M. Bole, Proprietor,

Manufacturer of Stationary Steam Engines used in Saw, Grist and Planing Mills; Engines for Coal Mines and Inclined Planes, either single or double. We also make a specialty of manufacturing Machinery for Crushing and Washing Coal, Coke Oven-Pushing Machine, Elevators, Screens, &c. All work warranted first-class.

Shop—Corner of Point Alley and Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Robinson, Rea & Co.,

FOUNDERS and

MACHINISTS,

12 SMITHFIELD ST.,

PITTSBURGH.

BERLIN FOUNDRY.

ESTABLISHED 1808.

WM. G. PRICE & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

LIGHT MACHINERY CASTINGS, SUGAR KETTLES,

Plumbers' Castings, Sash Weights, Window Lintels and Sills.

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

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PITTSBURGH FOUNDRY.

A. GARRISON & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Chilled AND Sand Rolls

Of acknowledged Superior Quality, at the Lowest Current Prices.

ORE AND CLAY PULVERIZERS,

ROTARY SQUEEZERS,

Haskins Patent Double Spiral Pinions,

AND

ROLLING MILL CASTINGS,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Office and Warehouse:

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A. HARTUPEE,

MANUFACTURER OF

FIRE BRICK,

Of any desired size and shape. Also

Every Variety of Tiles,

For Gas Works, Refineries, Stoves, Steamboat Boilers, Fire Beds and Furnaces.

Finely Ground Fire Clay always on hand,

OFFICE,

CORNER FIRST AVE. AND SHORT ST.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

DICKSON, MARSHALL & CO.,

IRON CITY FOUNDRY.

Manufacturers of BRIDGE, ROLLING MILL, BLAST FURNACE AND MACHINERY CASTINGS. CORNER OF LIBERTY AND TWENTY-THIRD STREETS, PITTSBURGH, PA.

OILS.

Waring Bros.,

(Successors to WARING & KING)

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

IN

Petroleum and its Products

49 Fifth Avenue.

Philadelphia address:
WARING BROTHERS & CO.,
[illegible] Water street.

GRAY'S FERRY PRINTING INK WORKS
PRATT & ROBINSON,
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Printing Inks of every grade and color. Clear Black News Ink for Hand and Power Presses.

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PATENT PLANISHED

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ROOFS.

W. B. Scaife & Sons,

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79, 81, 83, 90 and 92 Second Ave. and 78 Third Ave.,

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Erect in any part of the United States.

IRON ROOF FRAMES

MANUFACTURERS OF

CORRUGATED IRON,

The best article in use for covering or siding Wooded Frame Buildings.

ONLY MANUFACTURERS OF

SCAIFE'S PATENT WROUGHT

IRON DOME HEAD,

Kitchen Range Boiler,

EVERY BOILER TIGHT AND TESTED AT 120 POUNDS PRESSURE.

Sheet and Plate Iron Work.

AND COPPER PIPES.

GRAPHIC

SELF-FEED

Base Burner,

GUARANTEED TO BURN

SOFT COAL,

HARD COAL,

OR COKE.

MANUFACTURED BY

A. BRADLEY & CO.,

NO. 30

Wood Street,

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WAYNE IRON

AND

STEEL WORKS.

BROWN & CO.,

Manufacturers of the

WAYNE AND "U. S." BRANDS OF

IRON AND STEEL.

Bar, Rod, Hoop, Sheet and Tank Iron, Extra Horse Shoe Iron, Wagon Box Iron, Iron Plow Beams, Flanged Landside Iron, Light T Rails, 12 to 19 lbs. per yard, Splice Bars, "U. S." Boiler Plate and Fire Box Iron, and Boiler Heads, all Flanging, Boiler and Tank Rivets, extra quality; Wayne and "U. S." BEST REFINED STEEL and Cast Steel. Also, Iron Centre Cast Steel for plows and cultivators, Tire Steel, Lay Steel, Grain Drill Steel, Flanged Landside Steel and Steel Plow Beams. All descriptions of Iron and Steel made to order for Agricultural Implements, Plow Moulds, Shares, Cultivator Shovels, Rolling Coulters, &c., cut to any desired pattern. Near Union Depot. Office and Works,

COR. DUQUESNE WAY AND TENTH ST.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Our "U.S." Brands warranted to be unexcelled.

Pennsylvania Iron Works.

EVERSON, MACRUM & CO.,

Manufacturers of every description of

SHEET AND BAR IRON,

Flat, Bar, Round, Square, Band, Hoop, Tank and Boiler Iron, Fine and Common Sheet Iron.

Office at Works, SECOND AVENUE, immediately above upper Monongahela bridge.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

MONT BLANC FOUNDRY.

A. TOMLINSON & CO.

Manufacturers of COAL PIT CAR WHEELS, BRIDGE, ROLLING MILL, BLAST FURNACE and MACHINERY CASTINGS of every description. RAILROAD STREET, between 29th and 30th streets, PITTSBURGH, PA.

STEEL WORKS.

LABELLE STEEL WORKS.

Smith, Sutton & Co.,

SUCCESSORS TO

REITER, SUTTON & CO.,

Manufacturers of all kinds of

STEEL.

ALSO,

Springs, Axles, Rake Teeth, &c.

OFFICE AND WORKS,

Ridge, Lighthill and Belmont Streets, and Ohio River,

ALLEGHENY.

Postoffice address, PITTSBURGH, PA.

PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS.

ESTABLISHED IN 1845.

ANDERSON & WOODS,

Manufacturers of

Best Refined Cast Steel,

Of every description; also

Best Refined German Plow and Spring Steel.

CORNER ROSS STREET and FIRST AVENUE, Pittsburgh, Pa.

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Manufacturers of every description of

Cast and German Steel,

Steel Fire Box and Boiler Plate,
Elliptic and Platform Springs,
Axles, Steel Tire, &c., &c.

WAREHOUSE—83 Water street and 160 First ave.

New York, 30 Gold St. ... Chicago, 146 Lake St.
Boston, 13 and 15 Custom House St.

HUSSEY, WELLS & CO.,

Manufacturers of every description of

CAST STEEL.

Office and Works—PENN and SEVENTEENTH STREETS Pittsburgh, Pa. fe16:m55

Black Diamond Steel Works.

PARK, BRO. & CO.

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

STEEL.

Office and Warehouse—30th, 31st and Railroad streets, Pittsburgh.

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS.

Miller, Metcalf & Parkin,

OFFICE, NO. [illegible] [illegible]ERTY STREET.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA [illegible] RAILROAD.—On and after SUNDAY, November 21, 1875, trains will leave Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows:

CITY TIME.

MAIN LINE EASTWARD.

PACIFIC EXPRESS daily, except Monday, 3:01 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg 11:20 a. m., Philadelphia 4:20 p. m.; New York 7:35 p. m.

DAY EXPRESS daily, at 7:36 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg 3:55 p. m., Philadelphia 6:30 p. m.; New York 9:15 p. m., Baltimore 6:35 p. m., Washington 9:07 p. m.

MAIL TRAIN daily, except Sunday, 7:51 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg 8:15 p. m.

ATLANTIC EXPRESS daily, at 12:51 p. m., arriving at Harrisburg 11:05 p. m., Philadelphia 3:10 a. m., New York 6:50 a. m.

PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS daily except Sunday, 4:31 p. m., arriving at Harrisburg [illegible] a. m., Philadelphia 7:00 a. m., New York 10:10 a. m.

FAST LINE daily, at 7:41 p. m., arriving at Harrisburg 3:45 a. m., Philadelphia 7:35 a. m., New York 10:35 a. m., Baltimore 7:35 a. m., Washington 9:08 a. m.

JOHNSTOWN ACCOMMODATION 3:31 p. m.

WALL'S ACCOMMODATION 6:41, 10:22, 11:46 a. m., 3:41, 5:41, 6:11 and 11:31 p. m. Sunday 12:46 p. m.

BRINTON ACCOMMODATION 6:06 a. m., 5:06 and 9:26 p. m. Sunday 3:26 p. m.

WILKINSBURG ACCOM. 9:21 a. m., 3:41, 4:51, 7:11 and 8:11 p. m.

LIBERTY ACCOMMODATION 3:11 and 10:11 p. m.

MAIN LINE WESTWARD.

Trains arrive at Union Depot (city time) as follows:

Mail Train daily, except Monday	1:21 a. m.
Fast Line daily except Monday	1:31 a. m.
Pittsburgh Express daily except Monday	7:36 a. m.
Cincinnati Express daily	8:11 a. m.
Pacific Express daily	1:41 p. m.
Limited Mail daily	[illegible]
Way Passenger daily	[illegible]
Johnstown Accommodation	10:21 a. m.

Wall's Accommodation 6:36, 9:01 a. m., 1:21, 3:41, 5:56 and 7:51 p. m. Sunday 10:01 a. m.

Brinton Accommodation 7:41 and 8:16 a. m., 7:06 and 11:11 p. m. Sunday 7:06 p. m.

Wilkinsburg Accommodation 11:46 a. m., 3:06, 7:31, 9:31 and 10:01 p. m.

Liberty Accommodation 7:11 a. m. and 4:06 p. m.

SOUTH-WEST PENN. RAILWAY.

No change of cars.

Youghiogheny Express, except Sunday, 6:06 a. m.

Connellsville Express daily, except Sunday, 6:06 p. m.

Trains arrive from Connellsville at 9:41 a. m. and 6:46 p. m.

WEST PENNSYLVANIA DIVISION.

From Federal Street Depot, Allegheny City, city time.

MAIL TRAIN connecting for Butler ... 6:36 a. m.
EXPRESS connecting for Butler ... 3:06 p. m.
FREEPORT ACCOM. 9:16 a. m. and 4:36 p. m.
SPRINGDALE ACCOM. 11:36 a. m., 6:16, 8:41 and 11:31 p. m. On Sunday, 12:51 and 9:11 p. m.
TARENTUM ACCOMMODATION 11:31 p. m.
MARKET TRAIN FOR BUTLER 3:31 p. m.

Trains arrive at Federal street Depot, city time:

Express connecting from Butler ... 10:11 a. m.
Mail Train connecting from Butler ... 5:51 p. m.
Freeport Accommodation, 8:11 a. m. and 1:36 p. m.
Springdale Accom. 6:51 a. m., 3 11, 7:16 and 11:11 p. m. On Sunday at 9:51 a. m. and 6:41 p. m.
Market Train from Butler 9.11.

The Excelsior Baggage Express Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences. Time cards and full information can be obtained at the Ticket Offices, No. 79 Fifth avenue, and the Union Depot.

D. M. BOYD, Jr.,
General Passenger Agent.
FRANK THOMSON, General Manager.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI & ST. LOUIS RAILWAY. (Panhandle Route.)

On and after SUNDAY, Nov. 21, 1875, Trains leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows, Pittsburgh time:

DEPART.

6 Fast Line	2:07am
10 Pacific Express	[illegible]
4 Columbus Mail	[illegible]
36 Washington Accommodation	[illegible]
34 McDonald's Accommodation	[illegible]
32 Dennison Accommodation	[illegible]
38 Washington Accommodation	[illegible]
2 Limited Mail	[illegible]
40 McDonald's Accommodation	[illegible]
12 McDonald's Accommodation	[illegible]
42 Sunday Church Train	[illegible]

ARRIVE.

33 McDonald's Accommodation	[illegible]
7 Cincinnati Express	[illegible]
35 Washington Accommodation	[illegible]
31 Dennison Accommodation	[illegible]
37 McDonald's Accommodation	[illegible]
39 Washington Accommodation	[illegible]
3 Columbus Mail	[illegible]
1 Fast Line	[illegible]
5 Southern Express	[illegible]
41 Sunday Church Train	[illegible]

Pacific Express, Limited Mail, and McDonald's Accom. No. 13 leave daily. Cincinnati Express and Fast Line arrive daily. Fast Line leaves daily, Sundays excepted. All other trains will run daily, Sundays excepted. Sleeping Cars without change to Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis and St. Louis.

D. W. CALDWELL, General Manager.
W. L. O'BRIEN,
Gen. Passenger and Ticket Agent.
S. M. FELTON, Jr., Gen. Supt.

PITTSBURGH, VIRGINIA & CHARLESTON RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY, NOV. 22d, 1875, and until further notice, Trains will leave and arrive at the New Depots, Fourth avenue and Try street, Pittsburgh, as follows, Pittsburgh Time:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Through Mail	6:00am	Homestead Ac.	[illegible]
Monongahela Ac	11:12am	Through Mail	[illegible]
Express	3:50pm	Express	[illegible]
Homestead Ac.	5:58pm	Pittsburgh Ac.	[illegible]

CHURCH TRAIN leaves Monongahela City every Sunday at 8:00 a. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 12:45 p. m.

Extra train leaves Ormsby on Saturday at 1:35 P. M., running to Hays. Returning, leaves Hays at 2:00 p. m., arriving at South Pittsburgh at 2:35 p. m.

Through connections to and from Brownsville daily (except Sunday,) as follows: leave Brownsville at 5:00 a. m. and 12 m., connecting to reach Pittsburgh at 10:50 a. m. and 5:50 p. m. Returning, trains leave Pittsburgh at 11:12 a. m. and 3:50 p. m., connecting with Packets, reaching Brownsville at 5:30 and 9:30 p. m.

Leave orders for Baggage at General Office, 61 Fourth avenue.

WM. J. ROSE, Gen. Frt. and Pass. Agt.
JOHN M. BYERS, Ch. Eng. and Supt.

PITTSBURGH, WASHINGTON AND BALTIMORE RAILROAD. "CONNELLSVILLE ROUTE."

Change of Time—Winter Arrangement.

On and after SUNDAY, Dec. 26, 1875, trains on this road will depart from and arrive at Depot, corner of Grant and Water Sts., as follows, Pittsburgh time:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Uniontown Ac.	6:59am	McKeesport Ac.	[illegible]
Through Mail	9:45am	McKeesport Ac.	[illegible]
McKeesport Ac	11:00am	W. Newton Ac.	[illegible]
McKeesport Ac.	3:15pm	Through Express	[illegible]
Uniontown Ac.	3:45pm	Uniontown Ac.	[illegible]
McKeesport Ac	4:15pm	McKeesport Ac	[illegible]
W. Newton Ac	5:10pm	McKeesport Ac.	[illegible]
McKeesport Ac	6:20pm	Uniontown Ac.	[illegible]
Through Ex.	8:00pm	McKeesport Ac.	[illegible]
McKeesport Ac	11:15pm	Through Mail	[illegible]
Church Train	12:45pm	Church Train	[illegible]

Mail trains daily. Through Express East, daily, except Sunday. Through Express West, daily, except Monday. Accommodation trains daily, except Sunday. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars.

Save 75 miles travel to Washington City, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, and all points East and South.

R. B. SOWERS, Ticket Agent,
55 Fifth avenue.
[illegible]NDMAN, General Superintendent.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY, CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

On and after Dec. 12, 1875, Trains will leave and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, City Time, as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	2:12am	Atlantic Ex.	[illegible]
Erie&Asht. Ex.	7:12am	Wheeling Ex.	[illegible]
Cl.&Wh'g Mail	8:27am	Chicago Ex.	[illegible]
Chicago Ex.	8:42am	Erie&Ash. Ex.	[illegible]
Cl.&Wh'g Ex.	1:52pm	Chicago Mail	[illegible]
Pacific Ex.	3:12pm	Cl.&St.L. Ex.	[illegible]
Wheeling Ex.	4:17pm	Fast Line	[illegible]
Erie & WarEx.	4:37pm	Cl.&Wh'g Ex.	[illegible]
Thro. Ml., limit	6:02pm	Erie & Ash. Ex.	[illegible]
Depart from Allegheny.		Arrive in Allegheny.	
Beaver FallsAc.	8:57am	Leetsdale Ac.	[illegible]
Leetsdale Ac.	10:27am	Leetsdale Ac.	[illegible]
Leetsdale Ac.	12:07pm	Beaver FallsAc.	[illegible]
Sharps.&As.Ac	1:12pm	Enon Accom.	[illegible]
Enon Accom.	3:42pm	Sharps.&War.Ac.	[illegible]
Leetsdale Ac.	5:12pm	Leetsdale Ac.	[illegible]
Beaver FallsAc.	6:12pm	Beaver FallsAc.	[illegible]
Leetsdale Ac.	8:37pm	Leetsdale Ac.	[illegible]
Leetsdale Ac.	10:57pm	Leetsdale Ac.	[illegible]
Fair Oaks Sunday Church	12:42pm	Fair Oaks Sunday Church	[illegible]

Through Mail, limited, leaves daily. Pacific Express leaves daily. Chicago Express arrives daily. Atlantic Express arrives daily, Mondays excepted. All other trains will leave and arrive daily, Sundays excepted.

F. R. MEYERS,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.
J. D. LAYNG, General Manager.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.—On and after MONDAY, December 6th, 1875, trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, City Time:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Arnolds Park Accom.	6:55am	Night Express	[illegible]
Buffalo Ex.	8:25am	Parnassus Ac.	[illegible]
1st S. Works Ac	10:10am	1st S. Works Ac	[illegible]
Kittanning Ac.	11:40am	Arnolds Parker Accom.	[illegible]
Titusville Ac.	1:00pm	Emlenton & Reynoldsville Ac.	[illegible]
Emlenton Ac.	3:20pm	2d S. Works Ac	[illegible]
Hulton Ac.	5:00pm	Titusville Ex.	[illegible]
2d S. Works Ac	6:10pm	Kittanning Ac.	[illegible]
Night Ex.	8:10pm	Hulton Ac.	[illegible]
Parnassus Ac.	11:00pm	Buffalo Ex.	[illegible]

All Trains Daily, except Sunday.

Church train leaves Soda Works at 8:35 a. m., arriving at Pittsburgh at 10:10 a. m.; returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 12:50 p. m., arriving at Soda Works at 2:35 p. m. Stop at all stations.

Special Sunday train between Pittsburgh and Foxburg, connecting at Parker with Parker and Karns City Railroad for Karns City and Petrolia. Leaves Pittsburgh at 7:15 A. M. (city time), arriving at Foxburg at 11:10 A. M.; returning, leaves Foxburg at 2:55 P. M., arriving at Pittsburgh 7:05 P. M., stopping at all stations.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars on Night Express between Pittsburgh and Titusville.

Buffalo Express north connects at Red Bank with train on Low Grade Division for Brookville and Driftwood, making connection at Driftwood with trains on the P. & E. R. R. eastward to Williamsport, west to Emporium, Olean and points on B. N. Y. & P. R. R.

Buffalo Express and Emlenton Accommodation, north and south, connect at Red Bank with trains on Low Grade Division for Sligo, Brookville and Reynoldsville.

Buffalo Express, north and south, make close connection at Brocton to and from Buffalo.

Orders can be left with Excelsior Baggage Company, 78 Fifth avenue, for baggage to be checked from hotels or residences to destination.

Ticket office, No. 78 Fifth avenue and Union Depot.

J. MORTON HALL,
Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agent.
DAVID McCARGO, Gen. Superintendent.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PRIVATE DISEASES.—OFFICE 194 PENN STREET, next door to the St. Clair Hotel. For the cure of all diseases of a private nature in from two to four days, by an entirely new and safe treatment. Also, seminal weakness, impotency and all other diseases of the genital organs, and their prevention. A cure warranted or money refunded. Has Diploma in the office, and is a regular physician of 30 years standing in the practice, and has cured over 18,000 cases. For Circulars and Book, &c., address DOCTOR W., 194 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays excepted.

DR. WHITTIER, No. 302 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa., a special physician, having a Union-wide reputation for the reliable and successful treatment of Private and Urinary disease, Spermatorrhoea, Seminal Weakness, Impotence, etc. Everybody should read TRUE MARRIAGE GUIDE, 144 pages illustrated; cloth and gilt binding; about wonders of reproductive system, marriage, proper age and condition, marriage impediments, causes and consequences. Price, 50 cents. Address as above.

OBSTACLES TO MARRIAGE.—Happy relief for young men from the effects of Errors and Abuses in early life. Manhood restored. Impediments to marriage removed. New method of treatment. New and remarkable remedies. Books and circulars sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa.—an institution having a high reputation for honorable conduct and professional skill.

A CARD—TO ALL WHO ARE suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City.

PRESCRIPTION FREE—FOR [illegible]

HOME NEWS.

The probabilities are that the weather to-day will be clear or fair, with slight changes in barometer, lower temperature, and variable winds, mostly from the north.

Creditors' Meeting.

The meeting of the creditors of Heinz, Noble & Co., called for ten o'clock this morning, will be adjourned to meet at two P. M., the time of the composition meeting.

N. W. SHAFER, Register.

Scientific Leture.

The seventh and last lecture of the High School course will be delivered by Dr. Jillson in the High School Hall this evening, commencing at a quarter before eight. Subject "Sympathetic Vibrations—The Voice and the Ear." Admission twenty-five cents.

A Small Fire.

The alarm of fire about half past nine o'clock last evening, from box 78, corner of Fifty-fifth and Butler streets, was caused by the burning of a still in the Standard Oil Works, located on the Allegheny river near the point named. The loss was but trifling.

Notice to Gas Consumers.

Your attention is invited to one of the most useful invenlions in gas burners yet made. It is *Self Lighting*, does away *entirely* with the need of *matches, lighters* or *fires*, always *ready, instantaneous* and *sure.* It cannot fail to commend itself as an article of *indispensable* value. Any desiring it, or to see it will receive prompt attention by addressing

C. M. WHITE,
198 Second avenue.

A Receiver Arrested.

Detectives Geary and Scott, of Allegheny who have been at work investigating the personal history of the Polish Jew glazier who, on Monday was arrested while attempting to dispose of two very valuable ladies opera chains, made a desent upon his house yesterday and captured a lot of very valuable jewelry. He lived at 471 Penn avenue, this city, and it seems quite evident that he has been carrying on the business of receiver of stolen goods. The articles captured were three solid gold watches, three large link heavy gold ladies chains with pearl setts; one sett of amethyst sleeve buttons; four or five heavy good rings; one gentleman's heavy gold watch chain; one set of ladies' jewely; one new brown colored sack overcoat and a lot of ladies underwear. The articles are now at the Mayor's office in Allegheny and the owners can obtain them by identifying the articles.

MUNICIPAL PRINTING.

Organization of the Committee Yesterday—Contract Awarded.

The first meeting of the new Printing Committee was held yesterday afternoon in the City Clerk's office. Messrs. John A. Fox and W. F. Aull were nominated for Chairmen. The former declined, whereupon the latter was elected by acclamation. The 15th of each month, at 7:30 P. M. was fixed as the time for regular meetings. The contract for printing five hundred reports of the Water Extension Committee was awarded to Stevenson & Foster at $13.75. The other bidders were Nevin, Gribbin & Co., $14.00, and the *Herald* Printing Co., $15.50.

Bids for doing the newspaper printing of the city for the ensuing three years were next opened. This contract includes all the advertising required by the city, and full reports of the proceedings of Councils. The ordinance regulating the awarding of the contract fixes seventy words as a square, and the maximum price per square at one dollar for the first insertion and seventy-five cents for each subsequent insertion. Bids were submitted by all the city papers, as follows, the *Freiheits Freund* being awarded the contract for doing the printing in German before the bids of the English papers were opened:

	First insr't	Sec'd insr't
Freiheits Freund	.75	37½
Volksblatt	.50	25
Dispatch	.19	10
Telegraph	.40	30
Chronicle	.50	35
GAZETTE	.37	33
Commercial	.24	18
Leader	.50	35
Post	.29	19

On motion of Mr. Fox, the contract was awarded to the *Dispatch.*

THE MYSTERIOUS DEATH.

Inquest Upon Patrick Kerwin—His Death More Probably an Accident than a Murder.

An inquest was held last evening at Coroner McCallin's office upon the death of Patrick Kerwin, the man who died last Monday from the effects of a splinter in his neck, under circumstances, as stated by himself, that led to the belief that it was probably murder.

About a dozen witnesses were examined. Two of them corrorborated the statement of the wife, that Kerwin had said he had been knocked down by some one. The assertion that he was robbed was denied. During the day of the date that he was injured he drew $84.50. He purchased a pair of overshoes in the evening, and also patronized a number of saloons in rather a lavish manner. When he reached home he still had $80 and some cents in his pockets, and his watch and chain were still in his possession, proving conclusively that he was not attacked for the purpose of robbery, if he was struck at all. The result of the *post mortem* examination was correctly reported with the exception that the splinter was only about two inches in length instead of four. It was apparently a piece of "tongue" of flooring of the uniform width of about a quarter of an inch, but wedge shaped, and comparatively sharp pointed at the end [illegible] entered the neck. All the evidence went to show that the injury could quite as easily have been made [illegible] fall as by a blow. Detective [illegible], who worked up the [illegible] satisfied that there was nothing in it to sustain the belief that Kerwin was murdered, and it was through his efforts that most of the witnesses were produced. The jury, however, were not altogether satisfied, and adjourned to meet this morning at 9 o'clock to examine the neighborhood where the accident occurred, or the crime was committed. A number of new buildings are being erected on the street, and the theory was advanced that Kerwin had fallen into one of the excavations for these. It is this point upon which the members of the jury wish to satisfy themselves.

During the investigation some evidence was adduced to prove that a quarrel had occurred between an employee of the same road upon which Kerwin worked himself; but as the evidence was not sufficient to indicate that the quarrel was serious, but little importance was attached to it.

From the evidence in the case, the belief was all but confirmed that the deceased came to his death from a fall while in an intoxicated condition, and the supposition that he was murdered is, to say the least, untenable.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

Conflagration Last Night at Apollo, Armstrong County—Two Blocks of Buildings Consumed—Loss, $50,000—Names of the Sufferers—Steamers Sent For.

The town of Apollo, in Armstrong county, on the West Penn railroad, about forty-two miles from the city, was visited last nigh by a large and very destructive fire, which consumed, before its progress was arrested, some forty houses of various kinds. The fire originated about 9 o'clock in the shoe store of H. A. Rudolf, and was caused by the explosion of a kerosene lamp. It spread with almost unparallelled rapidity, and the fears that the town would be totally destroyed induced some of the leading citizens to telegraph to this city for fire engines. When the dispatch was received it was sent to Allegheny, for the reason that it was the most available place from which steamers could be sent to the scene of the conflagration. Chief Crow was very prompt in responding to the call for help, but by the time Superintendent Creighton, of the West Penn. road, could be aroused and informed that transportation was urgently needed it was half-past twelve o'clock. Mr. Creighton thought it hardly necessary to ship the engines, because he did not consider it likely that he could get them to Apollo before morning, and by that time the fire would be either under control, would have done all the damage in its power, or, in case of its spreading, would have burned the railroad bridge and prevented the steamers from getting to the town. And Mr. Creighton wae about right, for at one o'clock this morning a telegram was received stating that the fire was under control and that there existed no apprehension of greater destruction. Two blocks of buildings were burned, and from the meager particluars we have been able to obtain we are led to infer that they were located in the business portion of the town. So far as could be ascertained the names of the losses are as follows: 'Squire Henry, two houses; Thomas Boozer, one house, Lewis Whittlinger, three houses; W. H. Ray, two houses and one drug store; Scott Cochran, tobacco store; H. A. Rudolf, shoe store and dwelling; Apollo Savings Bank; Simon Whittlinger, one large house, shoe store and grocery; Hileman's tin shop and grocery; D. D. Lloyd's store and warehouse; Robert Wilson, trimming store; Harry Young, dwelling; Mrs. Mary Withington, one dwelling. In addition to the above there were a number of dwellings and warehouses whose owners could not be learned. Owing to the lateness of the hour, and the confusion consequent upon the fire it was wholly out of the question to get the losses or insurance. However, it is thought the former will aggregate between $40,000 and $50,000, if it does not reach a sum that will exceed the latter.

For the greater part of the above information we are indebted to Miss Sadie Wilson, the efficient and accommodating operator at Apollo.

Housekeepers would find their Biscuit, Cakes, &c., much improved by using Marvin's Self-Raising flour, in place of ordinary flour, mixed with expensive baking powders or cream of tartar and soda.

Steamship Arrivals Yesterday.

Dispatches received at Max Schamberg's European Steamship Exchange and Telegraph office, at 160 Smithfield street, announce the arrival of the steamer [illegible] New York; steamer [illegible]

THE HOUSES WE LIVE IN.

What Effect the Hard Times has Upon Our Landlords—Desirable Residences Reduced Twenty-five Per Cent. in Price—The Force of the Tidal Wave of Reduction Spent Before Reaching the Tenement Houses—The Situation in Pittsburgh and Allegheny.

The effect of the money stringency is beginning to be felt, severely, by the landlords of this city, and of Allegheny. Last year the tightness and scarcity of money did not seem to affect them, so far as their tenants were concerned, and rentals remained at the same rates as during times of prosperity. The widespread feeling that marked retrenchment in expenses was a necessity of the times, brought about the very general deductions of the wages of workingmen of nearly all classes, and as was very natural those who were compelled to accept a lower price for their labor at once set about economizing, and there has been a very general inclination among them to begin with that greatest bugbear of household expenses, the rent. At the beginning of the year the demand for lower rents was so general and so emphatic that the landlords understood that there must be a fall in prices. They struggled, and some are still struggling against this tendency of the times, but they will eventually have to meet the tenants halfway—there is no escape for them. The great majority of the large landholders, appreciating the position which the dull times forces them into, have already made reductions of twenty-five per cent. in the rents of their high-priced and middle-class buildings, and they are strongly opposed to making any further reduction.

GOD HELP THE POOR.

But, after all, investigation proves that the really poor class will derive but little benefit from the reduction in rentals. It seems that the landlords have not included them in their lists of reductions, probably for the reason that they think they are now getting their living apartments for as low a price as it would be possible to provide a frame and plaster shelter for. The agents who have the collecting to do are more troubled with the protesting wail of the poor than they have been for several years. The universal cry of the occupants of tenement houses is that the wages of their husbands and providers have been reduced, and that the rents must be made to come within the reach of the new and poorer order of things. In many instances the response has been a grateful one, though the reduction was but a dollar or two on the months rent. In every case where the reduction was made, the tenants were of the class known as "good tenants," meaning those who had always paid, and who were in a condition that promised prompt payment in the future. But there is a large class of tenants who cannot look for even this very slight reduction because theenforced idleness of the male head of the household compells them to seek credit, and during the time that the husband or father is out of employment this very large class are glad to be allowed to retain shelter, and leave the desideratum of lower rents to the future.

A GLOOMY FUTURE FOR THE INDIGENT POOR.

The class of indigent tenants have received very large accessions during the past three months, owing to the dullness in the iron and glass trades, and owners of tenement property have dire apprehensions of a gloomy future for their investments. Reasoning from this fear, and taking into consideration the almost paralytic state of our home manufacturing industries, they conclude that they cannot afford to make a general reduction in tenement rents, because they rely upon the good or paying tenants to make good, at least, a fair per centage upon their principal invested, and they justify this conclusion by the assertion that if they were to make a wide and sweeping reduction in rents the amount received from their paying tenants would scarcely pay them for keeping the houses open. That the indigent class of tenants are constantly on the increase is an indubitable fact, and there seems to be no good reason to hope that their number will materially decrease during the remaining winter months.

Thus far there has been no disposition shown by the landlords to force these unfortunate poor to the wall, and there is a very general sentiment of gratitude among the tenants in consequence. Enquiry has elicited the fact that there is very little demand for tenement house apartments, and this fact is explained upon the hypothesis that those who are quite unable to pay rent are content to remain in one place as long as they can; and those who are yet able to meet the demands of their landlords, are not willing to go under a new master as they do not know how soon the time will come when adversity will compell them to petition for leniency. It is a remarkable fact that the downward pressure has been applied to houses that bring a rental of $400 and upwards, and the occupants of such houses, in Pittsburgh at least, do not seem to feel that a decrease of twenty-five per cent. in the prices that have been ruling should entitle the landlords to any marked gratitude. In Allegheny the demand for the better class of houses is brisk, and the prices are looked upon with more complacency. In both cities there has been a crash in the prices of outlying, or quasi-suburban dwellings, and in both cities the demand for tenement-house apartments is not brisk.

WHAT THE BROKERS HAVE TO SAY.

Yesterday a representative of the GAZETTE conversed with a number of prominent real estate brokers with a view of getting a clear insight into the question of rents. The brokers talked with were those who are prominently identified with the rental interests of this city and Allegheny. The general impression of the real estate men was that the present time was too early to prognosticate the condition that the property question would assume during the next season. They all acknowledged the necessity of a depression in rents, and they were quite unanimously of the opinion that the liberal reductions made in the rental of desirable residences made by the owners would fully satisfy the economical spirit that seemed to have seized upon tenants of all classes. One very well informed gentleman whose business, however, does not embrace the renting of houses, except as a necessary incident of other real estate transactions expressed the opinion that really a No. 1 houses in Allegheny, such as, for instance front upon the park, would not be rented any lower than the figures which prevailed last year. A very large owner of such property was his authority for the statement, and subsequent investigation proved, that in the main, he was very near right. The opinions of several gentlemen visited were in such accord upon the question of rents that it will suffice to present the views of two of them.

THE SITUATION IN PITTSBURGH.

Cuthbert & Son make a specialty of rentals, and the firm, probably, do more of this kind of business than any other brokers in Pittsburgh. In conversation with the reporter Mr. Cuthbert said that he thought the time was a little too early to give any reliable information regarding the matter of rents, so far as the future was concerned. The hard times were being felt, very appreciably by property owners, and there was a general tendency toward a reduction. Notwithstanding this his experience was that houses which were considered to be worth less than $400 per annum, were holding their own, despite the hard times. In a few instances slight reductions had been made in houses of this class, but the decrease was small, probably not ten per cent. However, Mr. Cuthbert, had noticed that some families, who formerly occupied an entire dwelling, were now sub-letting their houses, and in this way providing means to meet the payment of their rent. Tenants were all demanding large reductions. Many of them were not content with less than a reduction of $100 per year, but the extent of the reductions would largely depend upon the determination with which the demand was pressed. Suburban property, said the broker, was very dull. Houses on the heights, particularly those in Mount Washington, were not easily disposed of to tenants, because of a prejudice that seemed to exist against dwellings in that region, born of an idea that residences in that quarter were not easy of access.

The determination to have lower rents had taken root among the merchants, said Mr. Cuthbert, and many of them were demanding large decreases in the rental of their establishments.

There is some first-rate property that is not paying four per cent. The landlords' side of this question is not so pleasant as it might be, said he, in conclusion. While admitting that the wages of labor are lower now than they have been the laborers must regard the fact that taxes are just as high as ever they were, and if it is hard for the laborer to pay old rates with less wages, it is equally hard for property owners to voluntarily enforce a depreciation of their property without receiving any equivalent. A great many tenants demand too much. The owners have shown a disposition to make an equitable deduction from the old standing, and the tenants should be satisfied with what is fair. At present the prospect was rather gloomy, Mr. Cuthbert thought. but he was confident that business would soon revive, and that the clouds of adversity would be swept away.

THE SITUATION IN ALLEGHENY.

The investigation in Allegheny led to the discovery that large numbers of Pittsburgh people were seeking residences upon the other side of the bridges. The real estate men thought that the primary cause of this migration was that Allegheny was cleanly and Pittsburgh was not. They hinted, too, that the taxes had something to do with it. At the present time the demand for dwellings is very brisk. The brokers have as many inquiries for residences now as they had at any time during 1875, and the inquiries are all made by people of the more prosperous class. Very little business is done with the poorer people, who live in tenement houses. They are apparently hibernating. Mr. James L. Orr, of Allegheny, has a very extensive list of houses to rent, and upon the question of rents he speaks with authority, so far as Allegheny is concerned.

He said that the percentage of decrease made in rentals hitherto was about twenty-five per cent., and he thought that the future decrease, in any, or all kinds of residences would be inconsiderable. Henceforth, it was his opinion, desirable houses, in desirable locations, would command the rental at which they were now held, but it would not surprise him if a further deduction was made in the price at which suburban houses were held. He thought the landlords were doing as well this year as they did in 1875, and he heard no complaints from them, on the score of deficient returns from their realties. He thought that they had shown a disposition to do what was right, and he believed that in making the twenty-five per cent. deduction they [illegible] bed-rock, and that they wo[illegible]. There were [illegible] in Allegheny, [illegible] were being rapidly filled up. The most desirable houses were in the Fifth, Fourth, Third, Second and First wards. Several weeks ago many dwellings in those wards were for rent, but at the present time the vacant dwellings were comparatively few, because of the almost unprecedented demand for desirable residences in Allegheny. Since the 1st of January people were as clamorous for desirable domiciles as they had been during the summer, and owners and brokers were reaping a harvest. The tenement section of the city, represented by the Ninth and Sixth wards, was not marked by empty apartments, and the call for accommodations, by this class of tenants, was very faint. Suburban property was dull and in very slight demand. Mr. Orr regarded the future very hopefully. His business was brightening up, and he believed that the present pressure would not endure long. His experience, with people who rented houses at a price of from $400 upwards, was that the tenants were willing to meet the landlord amicably upon the twenty-five per cent. reduction, and he thought that the time of trial was quite over.

It is obvious that the universal and marked reduction in the rental of dwelling houses will have a depreciating effect upon real estate values, and it is a question whether it will recover from the depression, even in the event of a return of industrial prosperity.

BREVITIES.

Paragraphic Pencilings of Passing Events.

····It was ten years ago yesterday since Mrs. Grinder was hung in the jail yard on the hill.

····Several pairs of shoes were stolen from Gross, shoe store, on Pine alley, Allegheny, on Monday night.

····A slight collision occurred at the round house of the A. V. R. R. yesterday. One box car was smashed.

····Barton & Co., the contractors who recently went into bankruptcy, have resumed work on the block pavement on Penn avenue.

····The patrolman found a number of doors unfastened last night again. Among them were some offices in the United States Bank building.

····The wind blew down the smoke stack of Mullen & Maloney's mill, in the Thirty-sixth ward, on Tuesday afternoon. It was one hundred and five feet high.

····The miners at the pits at Beaver hill, Pan Handle Railroad, are afraid to work at 2½ cents, on account of warning notices posted up with drawings of coffins upon them.

····Mr. W. J. Fennerty was yesterday elected Chairman of the Appeals Committee, Dr. James Kerr of the Ordinance Committee, and Mr. J. H. Sorg of the Committee on Wooden Buildings.

····A lady named Mrs. McKean was knocked down by garroters on the the road to Wood's run on Monday afternoon. She was robbed of a pocket book containing $150. There is no clue to the perpetrators of the crime.

····At the meeting of the Executive Committee of the Humane Society yesterday afternoon, one thousand copies of the annual report of Superindent Street were ordered to be printed in pamphlet form. Michael Dean was re-elected Agent for the ensuing year at a salary of $840.

····To-morrow evening the citizens of the Fifth and Sixth wards, Allegheny, will meet in the Sixth ward school house, to consider Senator NcNeil's bill, now before the Senate, and which provides for an issue of bonds for street improvement, something after the mode of the Penn avenue act of Pittsburgh.

····An effort was made on Tuesday night to rob Mr. DeHahn's office, on Fifth avenue extension. The burglar, when about to commence operations on the safe, which contained several thousand dollars worth of valuable papers, was interrupted by officer Mott, but he managed to escape before his arrest could be encompassed.

····The investigation into the alleged abuse in the Reform School will be commenced to-day, Mr. Ross, clerk of the Board of Managers having raceived a telegram yesterday to the effect that the State Board of Charities would arrive in the city to-day for that purpose. The investigation will begin at ten o'clock this morning.

····Yesterday the Board of Viewers was engaged hearing complaints of property holders on the assessment of damages for the improvement of Carson street, between the Smithfield street bridge and the city line below Saw Mill Run. The assessments amount to $9,300, and the damage was principally incurred in reducing the hump for an approach to the new Point bridge.

····It is said that at the next meeting of the Water Committee Mr. James Boyd will submit a proposition to furnish the city sufficient machinery to supply it with water for the next twenty-five years, provided he is given the $750,000, which it is estimated will be necessary to finish the water works. The proviso knocks the wind out of the proposition. Now, why won't he do it for nothing?

····The *Dispatch* will no doubt issue a manifesto this morning to its patrons and try to make them believe that, as a reason for its willingness to publish for a corporation advertisements at nineteen cents a square, for which it charges its best patrons one dollar, that the city advertising is partly news. This may do to preach to marines, but we mistake its patrons very much if they do not consider their money as good as the city's, and ask for the same rates. But after all, as a prominent citizen remarked in City Hall last evening, it is dear at that price.

····An itinerant glazier offered to sell two gold opera chains worth from $150 to $250 to a lady in Allegheny on Monday afternoon, and the jeweler to whom she took them to appraise put the detectives on the track of the glazier who was arrested on suspicion of having stolen the chains. They are thus described: One of the chains is of round links, so joined as to make a square chain and the slide or medallion, contains three pearls set lengthwise. In the other chain the links are longer and more slender and the slide contains four large pearls. Both chains terminate in heavy gold tassels.

····George R. Snelling was before 'Squire Milligan a few days ago on a charge of embezzlement. Upon representations that he owned certain lands in the West, the deeds to which he surrendered to Mr. Poerstit, the gentleman named consented to go on his bail bond. Afterwards he discovered the deeds were fraudulent, and thereupon (yesterday) gave Snelling into the hands of officer Richardson for commitment. While the officer was conveying the embezzling individual to jail, and when near the institution, Snelling made a desperate and successful effort to escape, and has not since been seen.

····When the GAZETTE, by a vote of 84 to 2, defeated the *Dispatch* for the Municipal printing a few years ago, it labored hard to impress its readers with the idea that it would not have the city printing; that no prestige was connected with it, and that no independent paper would have it. Then the city was paying sixty cents a square for its advertising—a fair but not a high price. Yesterday this same sheet begged the Printing Committee to give it the city printing for the enormous sum of nineteen cents a square for first insertion, and ten cents for each subsequent insertion. Truly the panic has struck the *Dispatch.*

PERSONAL.

***Judge White is recovering from his attack of congestion of the bowels.

***John Chislett, Esq., has gone to Antonio, Texas, for the sake of his health.

***Mrs. Livermore lectures this evening at Butler, and to-morrow evening at McKeesport.

***Joseph G. Wainwright, Esq., and family, have left for Florida on account of the poor health of Mrs. Wainwright.

***Miss Julia Rive, (an eminent American pianiste), who plays at Library Hall this evening, is stopping at the Union Depot Hotel.

CRIME IN THE CITY.

Brief Mention of Minor Offences and Petty Criminalities.

A WARRANT was issued yesterday by Alderman Krehan, of the South Side, for the arrest of Evan Beadle, who is charged with unwarranted assault and battery on Moses Dent, an aged colored man.

ACTING MAYOR BUTLER yesterday committed John Barrett to jail for trial for stealing a buggy robe and whip on Tuesday afternoon, from No. 33 Wood street. He was arrested on Liberty street, by officer Mulvaney, with the stolen articles in his possession.

JOHN CUNNINGHAM and his wife, of Mansfield, were arrested yesterday and taken before 'Squire McCready, of that place, on a charge of knowing something about the large amount of thieving that has been done lately in that borough. Their house was searched and a quantity of stolen goods recovered. The wife gave bail for a hearing. Cunningham was committed to jail.

Library Lectures.

To the Holders of Season Tickets:

As announced previous to Mrs. Livermore's lectures last evening, upon recommendation of the Board of Directors, the lecture course for the present season has been discontinued. Eight of the twelve lectures constituting the course have been given, and that holders of season tickets should incur no loss the Board, on Monday, adopted the following, which, it is hoped, will be satisfactory to all concerned:

Resolved, That the Lecture Committee be authorized to refund the unearned portion of the season tickets in cash, or credit the same on account of memberships.

Ticket holders, who have no special preference, would gratify the Board and Committee if they will adopt the latter course, indicated in the resolution, which can be done at any time before the 1st of March on application to the Librarian at the Library, or where the amount due is desired in cash it will be refunded, during the same time, by Mr. James M. Bell, No. 59 Fourth avenue. The amount to be refunded is one-third the amount originally paid.

On behalf of the Committee.

WM. MCCLELLAND, Chairman.
January 19, 1876.

For Rent.

First class country residence at Emsworth, six miles from the city, on P., Ft. W. & C. R. R. House has eight rooms, marble mantels, hot and cold water bath room and W. C. furnace, &c., &c.; is almost new, and has half an acre of ground attached. Will be rented for one year or a term of years to a reliable tenant. Apply to S. W. SPENCER, [illegible]

THE COURT RECORD.

A Complete Report of the Proceedings in the Courts Yesterday.

United States District Court.

(*Before Judge McCandless*)

John McMillen and Isaac Stewart, Crawford county, bankrupts, were discharged from bankruptcy.

Thomas Richey vs. Wm. M. Lloyd, of Altoona. Rule granted on debtor to show cause why he should not file a list of creditors.

Francis Ardary, bankrupt, of this city. On petition of Thomas Mellon, a secured creditor, it was ordered that unless the assignee proceeds to sell certain property before the 15th of March next, the petitioner shall have leave to proceed upon his mortgage and judgment, without further order of Court.

Gerry, Tilton & Colwell vs. the Pittsburgh Bolt Company, of this city. On petition the Merchants' and Manufacturers' National Bank of Pittsburgh, and Caughey & Hailman, creditors, have leave to intervene in proceedings in bankruptcy.

A. D. Miller, bankrupt of this city. A rule was granted on bankrupt to show cause why the composition should not be set aside.

R. E. Sellers & Co., of this city, debtors. Time for adjudication in bankruptcy of said debtors extended to the 31st inst.

A. Arnstahl, bankrupt, this city. Assignee's report of sale of certain book accounts presented and confirmed *nisi.*

Jacob Dundore, Union county, bankrupt. Argument on the rule of Wm. Spots, to show cause why he should not be attached for contempt, was heard, and same continued to the June term at Williamsport.

Common Pleas Court No. 1.

(*Before Judges Stowe and Collier.*)

Proceedings were dismissed in the matter of the lunacy case of Joseph Henderson, he having been restored to a sound state of mind.

J. B. Smith vs. Harvey Bollman. Motion and reasons for a new trial *ex parte* plaintiff.

George B. White, Lemuel Spahr and Wm. Hastings were appointed viewers as prayed for by the Homewood Sub School District.

James H. Porte vs. Emanuel Deroy, formerly reported. Verdict for plaintiff, for $40. This was an action of trover and conversion to recover the value of a watch.

John B. Smith vs. Harvey Bollman, before reported; action on a note. Verdict for defendant.

Annie Fellinger vs. P. F. Howley. Jury out. Action for rent.

Levi Berwald & Co., for use of Levi Berwald vs. the Fame Insurance Company of Philadelphia (2 cases). These are actions to recover on two policies of insurance. On trial.

James Lacey vs. Adler & Roedelheim, successors to Adler & Rosenberg. Juror withdrawn and judgment of non suit taken. This was an action to recover a commission for the sale of liquors.

Peoples' Fire Insurance Company vs. Christiana Wilbert. This was an action to recover on a judgment note. Verdict for defendant.

The First National Bank of Wellsville, Ohio, vs. John Heath; action on a note against the endorser. On trial.

Trial List for To-day.

131. Peterson Bros. vs. Finney.
136. Turner, administrator vs. Henry.
146. Williams, assignee, vs. Neel et al.
164. Beecher vs. McCloskey.
229. Guiser vs. Glasgow et al.
230. Same vs. Haslett et al.
231. Carothers vs. Brown et al.
2. Loughray & Colls vs. Duff.
198. Holmes et al. vs. Davis.
184. Commonwealth vs. McMillan et al.
3. Holmes vs. Milligan et al.
4. Auerbach vs. Levey.
6. Darschoffer vs. Aber.
8. Wochley vs. Leahey.
9. Gray, trustee, vs. Reed.
10. Same vs. Alger & Co.
11. Same vs. Holmes.
12. Same vs. Will.

Common Pleas Court No. 2.

(*Before Judges Ewing and Kirkpatrick.*)

The City of Allegheny vs. Margaret Johnson. Motion and reasons for new trial *ex parte* plaintiff.

City of Pittsburgh vs. Samuel Crawford. Previously reported. Verdict for defendant.

William Weitham and wife vs. James McPhillamy. Previously reported. Verdict for defendant.

Joseph M. Heimm and wife vs. James McPhillamy. Previously reported. Verdict for defendant.

Catherine Mevey vs. Charles Gearing and wife. Verdict for plaintiff for $155.76.

Joseph Weaver vs. Oliver Ferson, Executor of John W. Johnson, deceased, late Committee of Joseph Weaver. Juror withdrawn and case continued.

Pennock for use vs. Stoinski. On motion of plaintiff's attorney, Thos. Herriott, Esq., was appointed Auditor to distribute the fund paid into court.

Frank Patterson vs. John McCleary. On trial. Action for damages for turning water course and injuring property.

A. W. Hollshouse vs. Joseph C. Shaw. Action to recover for boxes sold. On trial

Trial List for To-day.

5. Hay vs. Willard, owner, &c.
6. Addis vs. The City of Pittsburgh.
14. Ioner et al. vs. Briggs et al.
26. Same vs. Same.
134. Wheeler vs. The Loyalhanna Coal and Coke Co.
144. McKenney & Son vs. Tenth Ward Bank.
19. McAteer et ux. vs. Harcum et al.
21. West vs. Keenan.
23. Beecher et ux. vs. Golden.
24. James vs. Miller.
25. Clark vs. King.

Criminal Court.

(*Before Judge Sterrett.*)

A verdict of guilty was yesterday returned in the case of J. M. and Chas. Harbaugh, charged with highway robbery on oath of Isaac Mills, Sr.

Frank Foster pleaded guilty to a charge of larceny and receiving stolen goods.

The case of the Commonwealth vs. Chas. Harbaugh, indicted for setting fire to his house in the Thirty-fifth ward, with intent to defraud the Union Insurance, Birmingham Fire Insurance and a third insurance company, occupied the attention of Court most of the day, and was still on trial when Court adjourned at half past four o'clock.

Trial List for To-Day.

Commonwealth vs.
Croft & Phillips,
Chas. Harbaugh, 3.
John Speady,
Jacob Houghey,
John Hurley, 2.
Michael Quinn,
Ed. Shore et al.,
Jesse Writz et al.,
Fred Stolla,
Thos. Farrow et al.,
Chas. Lindenstetter,
Albert Steen,
Wm. Wagner,
Hugh Corwin,
Matthew Fay,
James Grady,
Edward Henle,
R. Splane et al.,
John Litzenberger.
H. J. Heinz et al.,
A. H. Rowand,
W. D. Bell,
Matthew Fay,
John Byrne alias O'Brien.
Garrison Mosby,
Hubert Hoffman et al

Orphans' Court.

(*Before Judge Hawkins.*)

Estate of Jacob Seifert, deceased. John Staub executor, ordered to file his account on or before the 26th inst.

Estate of James Weldon, deceased. Administratix granted leave to sell real estate for the payment of debts.

Estate of Caleb Russell, deceased. The heirs being called in open court Catharine Walker, by her attorney decided to take the Fourth avenue property at valuation. Bids being called for over valuation, James H. McFadden for heirs of Jane R. McFadden, deceased, bid $525 over valuation for Fourth avenue property; Catharine Walker, by her attorney bid $1,000, and the property was decreed to her. The other real estate being all refused, was ordered to be sold.

Blanche C. and John M. Robins, minors. Petition of guardian for leave to join in probate sale of real estate of his wards. Rule to show cause issued.

Estate of Henry Melaney, deceased. Petition of City of Allegheny for order on Trustee to pay claim for grading and paving liens out of fund in his hands. Granted.

Gunther Parzel, deceased. Widow's appraisement presented and approved *nisi.*

Estate of Alex. Negley, deceased; in partition. Time for return of rule extended.

Estate of William McKinney, deceased. Decree of distribution made.

Estate of George C. Monahan, deceased. Same action.

Estate of John Robertson, deceased. Same action.

Common Pleas Jurors.

The Jury Commissioners have drawn the following jurors for Common Pleas Court No. 1:

Fifth Monday of January.—A. P. Anschutz, gent.; James Aiken, bricklayer; John Aiken, painter; Andrew Ahl, furniture dealer; Oscar Alexander, gent.; Christ. Beckert, Sr., gardener; Dixon Bartley, teamster; Jos. R. Brown, clerk; Richard Bailey, lumber dealer; Patrick Carrigan, paver; T. H. L. Clark, carpenter; Wm. Crider, plasterer; Jas. P. Cunningham, lumber merchant; William Clifferty, saloon keeper; Peter Dietz, boiler maker; Samuel Dempster, gent.; Charles Diehl, gent.; Ross Drum, clerk; Isaac Gilden, pawnbroker; Jos. Henry, glass blower; Wm. Hickenbottom, artist; Wm. Haas, collector; Wilson Henry, farmer; Fred. Hemp, gent.; H. Haley, cigar maker; J. N. Hepsley, painter; David C. Jones, roller; Adam Johns, shoemaker; Thomas Jenkins, glass blower; George Linderman, street commissioner; John Lee, barber; James Mum, contractor; A. P. Martin, sexton; M. Manuel, liquor dealer; John Messer, carpenter; Wm. Manley, waiter; John Murphy, gent; J. S. Murray, engineer; Wm. McClelland, boat builder; Joseph McKeown, farmer; Wm. McClure, assessor; W. W. Nesbit, paper hanger; L. Nottingham, clerk; L. W. Pratt, salesman; Ed. Reichter, boiler; Adolph Rosemond, carpenter; J. V. Rowland, gent; James Scott, policeman; Andrew Shaw, farmer; John Strouson, painter; Fred. South, saloon, keeper; John Stevenson, gardener; John Smith, plumber; Francis Vance, gent; George White, farmer; Michael Whalin, tailor; Enoch Wagner, farmer; Joseph Walton, coal merchant; Samuel Hibbs, moulder; Samuel Hunter, carpenter.

The following were drawn for the Common Pleas No. 2:

Second Monday of February.—David Ahl farmer; Samuel J. Allison, blacksmith; W. D. Alexander, clerk; Christ Bergman, tailor; James Boyd, supervisor; John Beatty, farmer; Francis Block, farmer; Willis Booth, Sr., gent; W. R. Canham, druggist; John B. Creery, jeweler; Wm. Calvin, teamster; S. C. Cochran, clerk; James Donaldson, farm[illegible] G. Dunn, merchant; Henry [illegible] William Durbaum, [illegible] alderman; George [illegible] ron Floyd, gent; Louis [illegible] C. Gallaher, saloon [illegible] Fred. Harley, saloon keeper; Ed. Hogan, laborer; B. C. Hoff, gent; David Kramer, blacksmith; Christ Kirchner, hotel keeper; Henry Lea, farmer; John Lanigan, warehouse keeper; Daniel Mahoney, laborer; Patrick McGinley; George Klinzenhoffer, tanner; Jno. McKillen, Sr., gent.; Jas. McClelland, miner; Richard McClure, farmer; Francis McGraw, porter; James L. Marshall, wool merchant; Wm. McIrwin, farmer; F. A. McCance, grocer; Isaac Neely, farmer; James Powell, Jr., miner; Patrick Karns, coachman; George Richard, lumber dealer; John Schisler, farmer; Geo. Smith, merchant; James Salisbury, Alderman; Cornelius Scully, farmer; Albert H. Slater, carpenter; Gustav Thurston, painter; Jas. Stediford, carpenter; Alfred Schich, boiler; Z. H. Palmer, carpenter; E. P. Roberts, clerk, Thos. Welfer, yard; John Wadsworth, gent.; Frank J. Mickerle, jeweler; Wm. D. White, engineer; Robert Wilson, miner; Oliver West, merchant; Singleton Granderson, laborer.

Court Brevities.

THE Grand Jury returned true bills yesterday against all the parties concerned in the election frauds that were perpetrated in the Second district of the Fifth ward at the late elections.

A RULE was granted in Common Pleas Court No. 1 yesterday, on Controller Snodgrass to show cause why a mandamus should not be issued compelling him to sign the remaining $20,000 of Brownsville avenue bonds. The rule is returnable on the 26th inst.

A SUIT to recover $1,000 damages for alleged breach of contract, was commenced by Alex. McClure against the Pittsburgh Savings Bank and the First National Bank of Wellsville, Ohio. The plaintiff alleges that they neglected to pay him $400 interest on certain balances, against which he held judgments.

MRS. SARAH MASSEY filed a bill in equity in the Common Pleas Court No. 2, yesterday, against the Iron and Glass Dollar Savings Bank and John Massey, to compel the delivery to complainant of a bank book alleged to be held by John Massey, and the payment to complainant of a deposit of $550, with interest from September 1st, 1874.

MIDNIGHT OPERATORS.

Robbery of the Safe of a Water Street Firm.

The office of the establishment of Byers, McCullough & Co., on Water street, between Wood and Market streets, was robbed on Tuesday night of about $300 in money. About eleven o'clock officer Teters, whose beat is along Water street, discovered the front door of the warehouse open. Earlier in the evening he had tried it and found it fastened. The fact of it being ajar at a subsequent visit naturally aroused his suspicions. He went inside. The office had been ransacked. Desk drawers were lying on the floor and papers were strewn about in confusion. He secured the premises and had Mr. Byers informed of the burglarious visit. In the morning it was learned that the vault safe, which has a combination lock, had been robbed of the sum stated. A coat belonging to one of the clerks had been carried off, and a sadly dilapidated garment left in its place. It is supposed that the thief secreted himself in the warehouse just before the time of closing. The vault door was evidently left open, as there was not the slightest indication that force had been used in opening it. Besides the burglar proof safe in the office had not been interfered with in any manner. The vault combination was known to two of the clerks, but the combination of the other safe was known only to the proprietors. The thief, in making his examination of the papers, did not light the gas, as that would have attracted attention, but there was a fire in an open grate in the office, and it was kept blazing so as to give sufficient light.

"Facts are Stubborn Things."

Thousands of human beings are yearly borne on the swift current of disease down to the grave, just because they do not possess a sufficient knowledge of themselves. A man meets his neighbor, and the first salutation is, "How are you?" or "How is your health?" The reply frequently is, "Oh, I am well, with the exception of a cold." Most persons lightly regard a cold. Reader, do you know that a cold is one of the most dangerous of maladies? A cold not only clogs up the pores of the entire system, and retards circulation, but it is productive of Catarrh, which is quite apt to lead to Consumption. "Oh," you say, "it is nothing but a *cold* in my head." True, but *that cold* is really a mild form of Catarrh, and if not arrested in its course will become chronic. Catarrh is one of the most disagreeable, offensive affections in the catalogue of diseases. The passage to the nose is obstructed, the sense of smell impaired, and there is a disagreeable sensation of pressure in the head. In the more advanced stages, there is a discharge having an offensive odor. If the disease be allowed to continue in its course, thick hard incrustations will form in the head, the bones of which sometimes become softened and break away in pieces. Why will persons continue to suffer such an annoying, disgusting disease, when they can just as well be cured of it? Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy will cure the worst forms of Catarrh; in fact, it is the only sure and safe remedy which has yet been offered to the public. Many harsh, irritating preparations may, for a time, relieve the urgency of the symptoms, but they do not cure the disease. Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy is soothing and health in its effects, and when used with Dr. Pierce's Nasal Douche, according to directions, does not fail to effect a cure. Sold by all Druggists.

TTHS-S.

Executor's Auction Sale of Valuable Stocks

at Thos. F. Stewart's sales rooms, corner Fifth avenue and Wood street, Friday evening, 21st inst., at 7:30 o'clock.

195 shares Exchange National Bank.
75 shares Western Insurance Company.
20 shares Allegheny Insurance Company.
1 fifty year Allegheny county bond, 5 per cent.; amount $4,650.00.
2 City of Pittsburgh bonds, $1,000 each.
90 shares National Bank of Commerce.
100 shares Artizans Insurance Company.
10 acres of ground in Stowe township, with improvements.

THOS. F. STEWART,
Auctioneer.

Neglected Coughs and Colds—Few are aware of the importance of checking a Cough or "Common Cold," in its first itage; that which in the beginning would yield to "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," if neglected, often works upon the Lungs.

WEDDING GIFTS.

FRESH IMPORTATION OF

BRONZES,

Clocks, Side Pieces and Groups.

JOHN STEVENSON'S SONS,
93 Market Street,
PITTSBURGH.

DIED:

PRICE—Tuesday afternoon, January 18, 1876, Miss NETTIE PRICE.

Funeral from her late residence, Round House, Fifth avenue, THIS AFTERNOON at 2½ o'clock.

MAGILL—Wednesday morning, January 19th, at 9:20 o'clock, Mr. WILLIAM MAGILL, aged 73 years.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, Meadow street, second door from Lincoln avenue, 21st ward, on FRIDAY MORNING, at ten o'clock.

CONLON—On Tuesday afternoon, January 18th, Mrs. ANN CONLON, relict of the late John Conlon, in the 62d year of her age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, 436 Fifth avenue, this AFTERNOON at 2 o'clock. Services at St. Paul's Cathedral.

FLEMING—On Tuesday, January 18, 1876, at 12 M., ROBERT HAWKINS, youngest son of J. S. and S. J. Fleming, aged 2 years, 9 months and 22 days.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his parents, No. 71 Seventh avenue, on THURSDAY afternoon at 2 o'clock P. M. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

☞RODY PATTERSON, Jr., No. 117 Fourth avenue. Undertaking in all its branches promptly attended to. Fine carriages and hearses furnished at the lowest prices. Terms, cash.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

FLOWERS! FLOWERS!

FLOWERS of the finest quality, for Weddings, Banquets, Receptions, &c., in every desired style. Also, Canary Birds, Gold Fish,

Bird Cages,
Christmas Trees,
Hartford Fern,
Aquaria,
Immortelles,
Bird's Nests,
Fern Cases,
Ground Pine Wreathing,
Autumn Leaves,
Ornamental Grasses,
Bird Seed,
&c., &c., &c.

Floral Decorations a Specialty.

Estimates furnished when requested.

J. R. & A. MURDOCH, Florists,
112 Smithfield street (opposite the Postoffice).

Oldest Ins. Co. in America.
ASSETS, $4,686,812.96.
Insurance Co. of North America
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Losses adjusted and paid by
WM. L. JONES, 84 Fourth Avenue.

LANE BROTHERS
POCKET KNIVES,
Knives and Forks,
SPOONS, SCISSORS,
AXES, SHOVELS, LOCKS,
Hinges, Nails, Files, etc.
Carpenter's, Blacksmith's, and
AGRICULTURAL TOOLS,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Cor. Liberty & Sixth Street.
WHOLESALE HARDWARE

HEADACHE.

It is an established fact that the EXTRACT OF CRANBERRIES and HEMP, combined by Dr. J. P. MILLER, 327 Spruce street, Philadelphia, Pa., permanently cures the most obstinate cases of Dyspeptic, Nervous or Sick Headache, and is an absolute specific for Neuralgia and Nervousness. Prepared in pills: 50 cts. a box. [illegible] KELLER & CO., [illegible]

LATEST RIVER NEWS.

BROWNSVILLE, January 19, 1876.

The river is twelve feet and rising. Weather cloudy; thermometor 42 at 9 P. M.

RICE'S LANDING, January 19, 1876.

The river is eleven feet four inches and rising. Cloudy.

OIL CITY, January 19, 1876.

The river is seven feet three inches and rising. Weather mild.

WHEELING, January 19, 1876.

The river is eleven feet three inches and rising. Weather cloudy.

PARKER'S LANDING, January 19, 1876.

The river is seven feet six inches and rising. Weather cloudy.

CINCINNATI, January 19, 1876.

River 27 feet 6 inches; falling. Clear and cool. Arrived—Warner, New Orleans. Departed—Glasgow, Evansville; Cons. Millar, Memphis; Golden Rule, New Orleans.

EVANSVILLE, January 19, 1876.

Clear and cooler; mercury 39 to 40. River 27 feet—a rise of over 7 feet in the last twenty-four hours. Up—Keystone, 8 P. M.; Nail City, 10 A. M.; George Roberts, 1 P. M. Down—Morning Star, 2 P. M.; Aggie, 2 P. M. Nothing doing. The Pat Cleburne broke a shaft, and is coming on one wheel.

MEMPHIS, January 19, 1876.

The river fell 3 inches. Clear and pleasand. Departed—Scudder, last night, and Carondolet, St. Louis; to-night, Glencoe, New Orleans; Baum, Cincinnati; Augusta, White river; Belle of Texas, Arkasas river.

NEW ORLEANS, January 19, 1876.

Clear and pleasant. Arrived—Maud and Mary Belle, Memphis. Departed—Chas. Morgan, Ohio river; Maud and Memphis, Vicksburg. Down—James A. Wood and Bismarck. Up—Simpson Horner, Tolle City and City of Helena.

LITTLE ROCK, January 19, 1876.

Clear and warm. River 9 1-2 feet. Arrived—Clarksville, New Orleans; Ella Hughes and Evans, Ft. Smith. Rains have flooded the entire country. The streams are reported higher than ever known.

NASHVILLE, January 19, 1876.

River rising; 25 feet on shoals. Departed—T. T. Hillman, Cairo; John S. Bransford, Pt. Isabel.

ST. LOUIS, January 19, 1876.

Arrived—Mitchell, Keokuk; St. Joseph, Memphis. Departed—Mitchell, Keokuk; Colorado, Vicksburg; St. Joseph, Memphis. River fallen 10 inches. Clear and cool.

LOUISVILLE, January 19, 1876.

Cool and clear. Departed—Mary Houston, New Orleans. River 12 feet 8 inches in canal and 10 feet 8 inches on falls.

CAIRO, January 19, 1876.

Arrived—Bermuda, Nashville, 5 P. M. Departed—Julia, St. Louis, 3 P. M. River 26 feet 4 inches; rising. Clear, mercury 40.

☞*ADVERTISEMENTS on this page, under the several heads of "WANTS," "FOR SALE," "TO LET," &c., will be insered at transient rates only, TEN CENTS PER LINE for each insertion. No advertisement insertea for less than FIFTY CENTS.*

LOST.

LOST—BETWEEN GAZETTE OFFICE and Wylie avenue, via Sixth avenue, a small enameled WATCH, set with diamonds. Inside the case are engraved the words: "From Papa to Sadie." A suitable reward will be given if left at the GAZETTE office.

WANTED.

WANTED—SHORTLY—3 OR 4 GOOD Heaters, used to large or small work. One ten inch Mill Roller, capable of taking train by the ton. None but good sober hands, well recommended, need apply. Address, for further information and state terms, WM. MORRISON, C. B. R. Mills Co., Moose Path, New Brunswick. a15

WANTED—COLORED MAN AND WIFE (no children), man to do farm work, wife to do housework. Office No. 1 Sixth street. A

WANTED—SITUATION BY A YOUNG man as driver for a tea house or grocer; is a man of good address; can furnish the best of references and security if desired. Office No. 1 Sixth street. A

WANTED—COLORED MAN WITH best of reference; genteel appearance; wants a situation as carriage driver or house servant.

WANTED—AN ACTIVE MAN TO manage the exclusive sales of STAPLE GOODS in every county. Call or address N. Y. TOBACCO CO., 145 Reade St., N. Y. z76

WANTED—AN OLD COUPLE, (NO family) to take charge of farm house. Office No. 1 Sixth street. A

WANTED—TRAVELING SALESMAN —A thoroughly competent and experienced man, one well acquainted with Saddlery Hardware; references required. Address S. J. GAZETTE office. B

WANTED—A SITUATION AS A BARber; would take charge of a shop. Address Charles C., care of H. F. Walkmeyer, 107 James street, Allegheny. A.

WANTED — EMPLOYMENT BY A married man, who is a good blacksmith, or can run an engine. Apply to D. H. B., 61 Cedar alley, Allegheny. A

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED Saleslady, a situation in dry goods or trimming store; can give good references. Adress C. M. R., 43 Federal street, Allegheny. A

WANTED—A POSITION AS ASSISTANT in a business house. Understand book-keeping, single and double entry, and write a good business hand. References given. Address R. K., 346 Webster avenue. A

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A single man who understands the care of horses; would make himself generally useful, good references. Address W. PATTERSON, care of J. Marshall, Forty-first street and A. V. R. R. A

WANTED—A MARRIED MAN WANTS a situation as Carpenter, Porter or Warehouseman, or anything that I can make myself useful at; can take charge of machinery; have worked in mills; city reference given. Address E. J. T., 588 Fifth avenue. A

WANTED—A FRENCH LADY FROM Paris wishes pupils. Ladies (married or single) and young children taught to converse in French. Terms low this winter. Address J., P. O. Lock Box 535, Pittsburgh, Pa. A

WANTED—SITUATION AS BOOKKEEPER, assistant or copyist, or as salesman in a dry goods store, or anything else to make an honest living; best city reference given. Address L. K., 1812 Sidney street, Pittsburgh, South Side. A

WANTED—ANY BUSINESS THAT needs personal attention in the West will be taken charge of by a gentleman about taking a general tour. Address L. W. JONES, Pittsburgh Postoffice. A

WANTED—WORK BY A BRASS Moulder; willing to do anything for a living; good references. Address T. C——E, No. 28 Third avenue. A

WANTED—LEGAL PAPERS TO make out, or as clerk, engineer, plumbing, gas-fitting; had experience in all of above; wages low. Address HANDY MAN, 535 F[illegible] avenue, city. A

WANTED—A MAN AND WIFE, (NO family) to take a small dairy on shares. Office No. 1 Sixth St. A

WANTED—A SITUATION AS PRACtical Boiler maker; has had 12 years' experience. Address M. W., 1016 Penn street, Pittsburgh. A

WANTED—A GOOD, STEADY, INDUSTRIOUS and experienced Printer wants employment. Address W., 30 Avery street, Allegheny. A

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT Cigar Maker, who thoroughly understands the business. Address J. A. C., 41 Pennsylvania avenue, Allegheny City. A

WANTED—BY A 40-YEAR OLD single man, to do any kind of work; speaks English and German. Address E. A., 209 Penn avenue. A

WANTED—BY A MAN OF FAMILY, employment at anything he can make a living at; best of reference. Address Mason, No. 4 Virgin alley. A

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARdener or driver to a private family, by a man who has had experience; am willing to make myself useful. Address S. H., 305 Second avenue, Pittsburgh. A

WANTED—BY A MAN WHO UNDERstands horses and gardening, work of any kind. Address Charles Harley, care of Alliance Rooms, Penn avenue and Sixth street. A

WANTED—WORK OF ANY KIND, farming preferred, by a strong man in need. Apply to Michael Feeldin, Young Men's Home, Duquesne way. A

WANTED—A RESPONSIBLE PARTY to take the agency in any of the principal cities in the U. S. to open rooms for the introduction and sale of "Marsh's Improved Health Lift," now the cheapest and most popular Lift ever invented. A profitable and respectable business can easily be established. For particulars, address J. P. MARSH & CO., 15 S. Canal street, Chicago, Proprietors. z99

OFFICE PENNA. REFORM SCHOOL,
Corner Fourth Avenue and Market Street.
PITTSBURGH, PA., Jan. 17, 1876.

WANTED—FARMER AND GARDENER to take charge of the Farm and Gardening industries of the Pennsylvania Reform School, at Morganza Station, Chartiers Valley Railroad, Washington county, Pa. For further information apply in person or by letter, at this office before February 1, 1876.

By order of Committee on Farm.

z83 ALEX. D. ROSS, Clerk.

HENRY G. HALE,

MERCHANT TAILOR

Corner

Penn Avenue and 6th Street.

THE COLORED PERSON, NAME UNKNOWN, [illegible] at J. Boyd's Blacksmith Shop [illegible] 1874, for repairs, will come forward [illegible] or it will be sold according [illegible]

JOHN BOYD.

TO LET.

TO LET—THREE STORY BRICK dwelling, No. 62 Penn street, and a two story brick dwelling, No. 18 Second avenue; range, hot water and gas in both houses. Will be rented low to good tenants. Inquire of JOHN A. WARDEN, office of Warden & Oxnard, Duquesne Way. a14

TO LET—CORNER OF SIXTH AVENUE and Smithfield street, the room now occupied as a jewelry store. Inquire of J. M. MURTLAND, 112 Smithfield street. a7

TO LET—DESIRABLE COUNTRY RESIDENCE on the Perrysville Plank Road, one mile from the head of Federal street, Double Brick House of Eleven Rooms, with Bath-room and Wash-room. About 4 acres of Orchard, Garden and Shrubbery. Stabling and Carriage House, &c. Inquire of W. B. PUSEY, 19 Sherman avenue, Allegheny City. a5

TO LET—STORE BUILDING, NO. 175 Liberty street, one door from Sixth street, now occupied by R. S. Davis & Co. Inquire of L. H. SMITH & Co., 49 Sixth street. 295

TO LET—TWO-STORY HOUSE, NO. 45 Third Avenue. All modern improvements. Wash House and Drying Room. Enquire at No. 82 MAKET STREET.

a1 B. OPPENHEIMER.

TO LET—LARGE, COMMODIOUS AND well furnished ROOMS, with or without Board, at No. 26 Anderson street, Allegheny.

TO LET—A FURNISHED ROOM WITH GOOD BOARDING, at No. 148 THIRD AVENUE.

TO LET—ROOM SECOND FLOOR front, No. 1 Sixth street, now Sewing Machine Sales Room. Desirable for business or office.

TO-LET—NO. 141 SMITHFIELD STREET, the four-story brick building, 24x60, now occupied by G. J. Young & Sons as picture store and shoe case factory. Inquire of A. STEINMEYER, 139 Smithfield street.

TO-LET—WOOD STREET WAREHOUSE—That 3-story brick warehouse, No. 81 Wood street, next door People's National Bank, now occupied by John P. Dean as a hardware store, to rent from April 1. Apply to MELLOR & HOENE, 79 Fifth avenue. z85

TO-LET—2 NEW DWELLING HOUSES now building, and which will be ready for occupancy about March 1, situated on Penna. avenue, Allegheny, a few doors from Bidwell street, on line of street cars, containing 9 rooms, bath room, finished attic, wash-house. Each lot 24 by 137. Apply to MELLOR & HOENE, 79 Fifth avenue. z84

TO LET—A LARGE, WELL FINISHED dwelling house, situated on Centre avenue, 1½ miles from the Court House, with about 8 acres of land, on which is a large variety of bearing fruit trees, fine stable and tenant house, spring of good water and spring-house. Would sell the above on reasonable terms. Apply to ROBERT DICKEY & CO., 80 Water street.

TO LET
The "Hare Hotel Property."

The Hotel property known as "Hare's Hotel," on Liberty street, fronting Fifth avenue, together with the large brick stable, 45 by 115 feet fronting on Penn avenue, with yard 45 feet by 125 feet through to Liberty street. This property is favorably situated and commands a large city and country patronage, convenient for the traveling public. Possession given first of April. Apply at the office of BROWN & CO., Wayne Iron and Steel Works. 280

TO LET OR FOR SALE—A HOUSE OF seven Rooms, with twelve acres of ground suitable for gardening, on Hiland avenue. Will be sold in whole or in part, to suit purchasers.

ALSO,

To Let, a Room 32x65 feet, with power. Inquire of

S. LOGAN,
83 Corner Twenty-sixth and Penn streets.

TO LET—
The executors of the estate of Washington McClintock, deceased, offer the following for rent, at low rates, viz.:

1st. The LARGE BRICK MANSION, containing ten rooms—also, a brick Stable.

Situated at the head of Buena Vista street, on the Perrysville Plank Road, in Second ward, Allegheny—being in CITY, and yet having the pure air of the COUNTRY.

2d. The HANDSOME FRAME RESIDENCE, containing eight rooms, wash room and bath room, with city gas; also, stable, situated same as the above. Inquire of

OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO.,
Carpet Store, 33 Fifth avenue,
90;z Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—DWELLING—THE 3-story brick dwelling, with 3-story back building, occupied by the subscriber, No. 248 Penn avenue, one door below Eighth street. The house contains modern improvements, in good condition, and occupies a very prominent location. Price and terms reasonable. Inquire at Union National Bank of J. R. McCUNE. 297

FOR SALE—TWELVE NEW AND second-hand Engines, 2 Portables; 6 Second Engine Lathes, 1 Planer. T. CARLIN, corner of Lacock and Sandusky streets, Allegheny.

FOR SALE—LARGE STOCK OF NEW and second-hand BOILERS, in complete order. County Inspector's certificate of test with each boiler. Repairing done promptly at the WEST POINT BOILER WORKS, 13 Water street, R. MUNROE, successor to Watson & Munroe.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—FOUR PORTABLE ENGINES attached to Boilers, from 10 to 20 horse power, at

JAMES HILL & CO.'S,
Cor. Marion avenue and P. Ft. W. & C. R. R.,
Allegheny City, Pa.

FOR SALE—RARE CHANCE.—A FARM on the line of P. R. R., containing 150 Acres, or one-half if desired, situated in Westmoreland county, Pa., ten minutes' walk of station. Good improvements—Stone House of 9 Rooms; large frame barn, corn crib, wagon shed and pig pens; large orchard, two wells and spring at house, soft water. Will sell with privilege of Milk Dairy, now doing a good cash business. Will sell low and on easy terms on account of other business. For information call on or address E. J. KEENAN, Greensburg, Pa.

AUCTION SALES.

XECUTOR'S SALE

OF

REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned Executor of the estate of WM. MARSHALL, dec'd, late of Little Beaver township, Lawrence county, Pa., will sell the farm of the said decedent at public sale on the premises, on FRIDAY, February 25th, A. D. 1876, containing about 140 acres, being one of the finest farms in the township, in good repair, well watered and well timbered, with a good orchard facing to the south. Improvements of said farm are a large frame cellar barn 44x58 feet, in which is one of McCown's Patent Hay Elevators, which he warrants to the purchaser of the premises that it will unload hay or loose oats with greater ease, safety and facility, and more durable than anything of the kind that can be produced at the Centennial Fair, and that he agrees to pay all damages if the above statement is not true in every particular. Dwelling house 28x30 feet, two stories high, containing 7 rooms, with cellar underneath, and other farm buildings. Also an excellent never-failing spring of pure water near the house, with its stream passing near the barn. Situated 4 miles north of Enon Station, on the Fort Wayne Road. Also a public road running through the farm. Terms of sale, one-third of the purchase money to be paid at the confirmation of the sale at the May term of Court, and one-third in a year from the confirmation of sale, with interest from the date of sale, and the balance to be paid at decease of widow, with interest annually paid to her from the date of sale; but the third payment in no event to become due till two years from date of confirmation. Deed to be delivered to purchaser at the time of the first payment, the purchaser giving bond and mortgage on the premises for the back payments, and the necessary obligations for the payment of the interest annually to the widow. Possession given April 1, 1876. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M.

Conditions of sale to protect the rights of both seller and purchaser in regard to the above and for the faithful performance of both parties made known on day of sale.

HARVEY McCOWN,
a10 Enon Valley, Pa

ASSIGNEE'S SALE

OF

Leasehold Property on the Allegheny Diamond and Ohio Street,

ON TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 8th,

AT TEN O'CLOCK,

Will be sold on the premises, all that certain leased property belonging to the estate of John Emmel, Bankrupt, situate on northwest corner of Ohio street and Diamond, containing four stores fronting on Ohio street; one barber shop fronting on the Diamond, and hotel on second floor. Rent $2,000 a year.

Positive sale, by order of Lewis McMullen, Assignee.

a2 A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.

PITTSBURGH, PA., January, 1876.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL EXPOSE at Public Sale, on

SATURDAY, Jan. 22d, 1876,

At 10 o'clock A. M., at the corner of Smithfield street and Sixth avenue, the following property, viz: The HOUSE AND LOT, one door from 6th avenue on Smithfield street, now occupied by Dr. S. Smith, having a front of 20 feet on Smithfield street, extending back 60 feet to an alley. Also, LOT on corner of Hazel and Scott streets, fronting 24 feet on Scott street and 100 feet on Hazel street, on which are 3 brick and 1 frame tenements.

TERMS—One-third cash and balance in one and two years, with interest.

GRAHAM SCOTT,
A. B. YOUNG,
271 Executors.

PORTABLE GAS

READING LIGHTS

In great variety, beautiful designs, exquisitely finished, with Argand burner and richly decorated shade.

Tate, Munden & Tate

313 Liberty Street.

W. B. SCROGGINS,
Fashionable Hair Dressing
AND
Shaving Saloon [illegible] Rooms Attached.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

EXECUTRIX'S SALE

ON MONDAY, JANUARY 10

A GRAND CLOSING-OUT SALE

Of the entire and valuable stock of Goods in the store of the late PHILIP GRAEFF, No. 87 Market street, consisting of the Finest and Costliest

Silks, Satins, Cashmeres, Velvets and Silk Poplins, Laces, Flowers and Dress Goods

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

REDUCED 50 TO 75 PER CENT.,

And far below Factory Cost, affording the Greatest Bargains ever known in this City.

MONDAY, JANUARY 10, and following days till entire stock is sold.

NO. 87 MARKET STREET.

L. B. FLANNERY, Executrix.

AMUSEMENTS.

☞PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.

ELLSLER & GOTTHOLD............Managers.

The Distinguished Tragedian,

JOHN M'CULLOUGH.

THURSDAY EVENING, January 20,

HAMLET!

Friday—Benefit of John McCullough.
THE GLADIATOR.
Grand Matinee Saturday.

☞TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES.

FRED. AIMS..........................Manager.

NEW COMPANY; NEW COMPANY.

The Great Phenomenal Artists, the Girards, the Dupont Brothers, M'lle Zittella, Nell West, Eloise Allen, Minnie Seaman, Kitty Rowell, &c. Over 50 talented artistes. Female Minstrels. Living Statues. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.

☞LIBRARY HALL.

EX-PRIEST

FATHER GERDEMAN,

Of Philadelphia, will Lecture at Library Hall,

On Monday Evening, Jan. 24th.

SUBJECT:

"The Romish Church of To-day."

Admission 50 cents. No charge for reserved seats. Tickets can be had at the Box Office, Library Hall, on Monday. Office open at 10 A. M.

☞ANNOUNCEMENT EXTRAORDINARY.

OPERA HOUSE, Pittsburgh,

ELLSLER & GOTTHOLD........Managers.

One week, commencing MONDAY, January 24, Wednesday and Saturday Matinees, the Supreme Favorite,

MAGGIE MITCHELL,

Supported by Mr. WM. HARRIS and her own Company, H. T. PADDOCK, Manager. Monday evening, January 24—LITTLE BAREFOOT. Tuesday evening, January 25—PEARL OF SAVOY. Wednesday Matinee, January 26—LITTLE BAREFOOT. Wednesday evening, January 26—LORLE. Thursday evening, January 27—FANCHON. Friday evening, January 28—JANE EYRE. Saturday Matinee, January 29—FANCHON. Saturday evening, January 29—PEARL OF SAVOY. Seats can be secured at the box office.

THOS. W. BROWN, Agent.
JOS. W. BOYLE, Asst. Agt.

☞THE LADIES OF THE

Second Presbyterian Church

WILL SERVE A

HOT DINNER AND SUPPER

in aid of the Church Fund, at the Church, corner Penn avenue and 7th street,

ON THURSDAY, JANUARY 20TH, 1876.

Dinner will be served from 12 to 2 o'clock; Supper from 6½ to 8. Dinner Tickets, 50 cents; Supper Tickets 25 cents. a4

☞ART EXHIBITION—ADMISSION FREE.

The School of Design Exhibition

will open to the public on MONDAY, January 24, at 10 o'clock, and remain open daily all week from 10 till 5 o'clock.

HUGH NEWELL,
z8 Principal.

☞A CONCERT AND SUPPER WILL be given on Thursday evening, January 20th, in the Fifth U. P. Church, Irwin avenue. Allegheny. Doors open at seven o'clock. Come all. A rich musical treat. An elegant supper. Admission 50 cents. Tickets at the door. z9

☞GRAND

CHARITY CONCERT

For the Benefit of the New Relief Society,

At Mercantile Library Hall,

Thursday Evening, Jan. 20th,

AT 8 O'CLOCK.

MISS JULIA RIVE, of Cincinnati, (a Pupil o Liszt.)
MISS ZO SWISSHELM.
MISS WALLACE.
MISS COLVILLE.
MISS HUGHES.
MR. J. NEWTON GOTTHOLD.
PROFESSOR HAUGHAWAUT.
MR. BRECHT.
MR. BOEHME.
MR. BUSSMAM.
MR. HUNTINGDON.
MR. F. ZITTERBART, JR.
THE GREAT WESTERN BAND, PROF. WEISE.

Treasurer, JAMES PARK, JR., ESQ.

TICKETS, $1, for sale at Hale's Music Store. No charge for reserved seats. The sale of reserved seats at Hale's, Smithfield street, will commence on Thursday, the 13th inst., at 9 A. M.

Committee to act with the Lady Managers: Jos. Dilworth, Wm. E. Schmertz, Wm. McCreery, John H. Hampton, Arthur W. Bell, J. H. White, John A. Warden, Gen. J. D. Sweitzer, Stephen C. McCandless Charles W. Robb, Morrison Foster, Charles F. Wells. The Committee on behalf of the Lady Managers are Mrs. Dr. Cote and Mrs. Morrison Foster.

Accommodation trains on Fort Wayne and Pennsylvania Railroads will not leave before the Concert is out The Connellsville R. R. train will wait until 11:30 P. M.

ORDINANCES.

[No. 147.]

AN ORDINANCE—Providing for a preliminary examination of all petitions or Ordinances for Street or Sewer improvements by the Board of City Viewers.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That hereafter all petitions or Ordinances presented to Councils for the opening of streets or avenues, for the grading and paving of streets or avenues, or for the construction of sewers in said city, shall be referred by Councils to the Board of City Viewers.

SEC. 2. That it shall be the duty of said Viewers to obtain from the City Engineer an estimate of the probable cost of the proposed improvements, then to view the locality of the improvement and then determine, in their judgment whether the cost thereof can be realized from an assessment upon the property fronting thereon, or in its vicinity, in cases where the cost is to be assessed upon properties benefited, and shall then make a report of their findings in writing to Councils.

SEC. 3. The said Viewers shall be paid as compensation for the time actually occupied in the performance of said duties at the rate of five dollars per day, and the City Controller is hereby authorized to issue his certificate for warrants in favor of said Viewers upon their monthly sworn return, and charge the same to the Street Appropriation.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 27th day of Dec., A. D. 1875.

A. H. GROSS,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. B. NEGLEY,
President of Common Council.
Attest: GEO. BOOTH,
Clerk of Common Council.
Approved Dec. 29.
Recorded in Ordinance Book, vol. 4, page 171, Jan., 19th, A. D. 1876. j20

[No. 146.]

AN ORDINANCE — Establishing the salaries of the employes of the Market Department.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after the first day of February, 1876, the salaries of the employes of the Market Department shall be and the same is hereby established as follows:

Superintendent of Markets	$1,080 00
Clerk of Markets, North Side	1,080 00
Clerk of Markets, South Side	800 00
Market Constables	700 00
Sweepers, Diamond Market	540 00
Carter	600 00
Sweeper, Fifth ward Market	300 00

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 27th day of December, A. D. 1875.

A. H. GROSS,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. B. NEGLEY,
President of Common Council.
Attest: GEO. BOOTH,
Clerk of Common Council.
Approved December 29, 1875.
Recorded in Ordinance Book, vol. 4, page 170, Jan. 15, 1876.

VIENNA

Glycerine Soap

25 Gross just received for Winter use. This Celebrated Soap contains one-third part of Sarg's Pure Glycerine. Price, 3 Cakes, 50 Cents. Also, a large lot of Brecknell's Skin Soap, Low's, Lubin's, &c., all direct Importation.

SIMON JOHNSTON,

Cor. Smithfield St. & Fourth Ave.

W. B. LUPTON & CO.,

Slate Roofers,

AND DEALERS IN

SLATE OF VARIOUS COLORS,

OFFICE, 354 PENN AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Orders promptly attended to.
Repairing neatly done.

Franklin Fire Ins. Company
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Losses Paid since 1829, nearly $7,000,000.
Cash Assets January 1st, 1875, $3,[illegible]
LOSSES ADJUSTED AND PAID BY
J. G. COFFIN & CO.,
[illegible]

DIVIDENDS.

BANK.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK,
No. 89 Wood Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA., January 12, 1876.

☞DIVIDEND—THE DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FOUR PER CENT., payable on demand.

ja13 JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.

THE SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH, No. 83 Fourth avenue,
PITTSBURGH, January, 1876.

☞THE DIRECTORS OF THIS INstitution have this day declared a dividend of THREE (3) per cent. on the capital stock, payable to stockholders or their legal representative on or after the 11th instant.

WM. LITTLE,
40z Secretary and Treasurer.

MASONIC DEPOSIT SAVINGS BANK,
PITTSBURGH, PA., January 4, 1876.

☞DIVIDEND.—THE PRESIDENT and Directors of this bank have this day declared a dividend of FOUR (4) PER CENT. out of the earnings of the last six months, payable on demand, free of all tax.

GEO. C. McLEAN, Cashier.

☞QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.

THIRD NATIONAL BANK,
ALLEGHENY, PA., January 3, 1876.

The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of TWO ($2) DOLLARS per share, on the Capital stock out of the earnings of the past three months, payable on and after the 12th inst.

H. A. SPANGLER,
Acting Cashier.

FREEHOLD BANK AND BUILDING ASSOCIATION, 68 Smithfield street,
PITTSBURGH, December 31, 1875.

☞DIVIDEND—THE DIRECTORS of this bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, free of tax, payable forthwith.

THOMAS STEEL,
31z Secretary and Treasurer.

GIRARD SAVINGS BANK,
No. 64 Federal street,
ALLEGHENY, January 4, 1876.

☞THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have declared a dividend of FOUR (4) PER CENT. on the stock as paid up to June 30th, 1875, payable on demand.

S. S. BRYAR, Cashier.

BANK OF INDUSTRY,
PITTSBURGH, January 3, 1876.

☞DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FOUR PER CENT., payable on demand.

z21 M. HANRAHAN, Cashier.

☞DUQUESNE NATIONAL BANK—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of (4) FOUR per cent., payable on demand.

A. H. PATTERSON, Cashier.

Pittsburgh, January 4, 1876.

UNION NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, January 3, 1876.

☞DIVIDEND—THE DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of five (5) per cent. out of the profits of the last six months. Payable on demand—free of tax.

z15 R. S. SMITH, Cashier.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, PA.,
PITTSBURGH, January 3, 1876.

☞QUARTERLY DIVIDEND — THE Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Quarterly Dividend of two and one-half per cent. on the capital stock, payable forthwith, free of tax.

J. D. SCULLY,
z8 Cashier.

PENN BANK,
PITTSBURGH, January 3, 1876.

☞A DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT. will be paid on demand, free of tax.

W. N. RIDDLE,
z16 Cashier.

AMERICAN BANK,
PITTSBURGH, January 3, 1876.

☞THE DIRECTORS OF THIS Bank have this day declared a dividend of FOUR PER CENT., payable on or after the 13th inst.

z17 WM. FLOYD, Cashier.

NATION'S BANK FOR SAVINGS,
No. 51 North Diamond St.,
ALLEGHENY, PA., January 3, 1876.

☞DIVIDEND—THE DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the capital stock out of the earnings of the last six months, free of tax, the dividend to be credited to the stock.

C. W. BENNEY,
219 Treasurer.

MERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, December 31, 1875.

☞DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FOUR (4) PER CENT. on the capital stock, out of the earnings of the last six months, payable forthwith, free of tax.

W. A. SHAW, Cashier.

PEOPLE'S NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, Jan. 3, 1876.

☞DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS of this bank have this day declared a dividend of FOUR PER CENT., payable on demand.

F. M. GORDON, Cashier.

FARMERS DEPOSIT NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, December 31, 1875.

☞QUARTERLY DIVIDEND—THE Directors have this day declared a dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on the capital stock out of the profits of the past three months, payable on demand, free of taxes.

S. GEORGE, JR.,
Cashier.

ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, December 31, 1875.

☞DIVIDEND—THE DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on the capital stock, out of the earnings of the last six months, payable forthwith free of tax.

W. McCANDLESS, Cashier.

MECHANICS NATIONAL BANK.—A dividend of six per cent. will be paid on and after Jan. 11th. WM. R. THOMPSON, Cashier.

INSURANCE.

OFFICE ARMENIA INSURANCE CO.,
PITTSBURGH, January 8, 1876.

☞THE DIRECTORS OF THIS COMpany have this day declared a Dividend of Six Dollars per share on the earnings of the past six months, free from all taxes and payable forthwith.

256:MWF E. A. CURTIS, Secretary.

OFFICE PENNSYLVANIA INS. CO.,
PITTSBURGH, January 11, 1876.

☞DIVIDEND NO. 25. TWO DOLLARS per share (four per cent.) will be paid forthwith.

THOS. D. KELLER,
WFM:266 Secretary.

OFFICE OF BEN FRANKLIN INS. CO.,
No. 41 and 43 Ohio street.
ALLEGHENY, PA., January 10, 1876.

☞XVTH DIVIDEND—THE BOARD of Directors have declared a dividend of ONE DOLLAR per share out of the earnings of the last six months, payable forthwith.

280 GEO. D. RIDDLE, Secretary.

OFFICE
ALLEMANNIA INSURANCE COMPANY,
PITTSBURGH, January 7, 1876.

☞DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS of this Company have this day declared a dividend of TWO AND A HALF DOLLARS per share, payable on and after Monday, January 10, 1876.

CHAS. F. HERBOZIE,
z47 Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE CASH INSURANCE CO.,
PITTSBURGH, January 4, 1876.

☞DIVIDEND—THE DIRECTORS of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of eight per cent. ($4.00 per share) out of the earnings of the last six months, payable on and after the 10th inst.

JOSEPH T. JOHNSTON,
z26 Secretary.

OFFICE OF CITY INSURANCE CO.,
64 Fourth Avenue (Second Floor),
PITTSBURGH, January 4, 1876.

☞DIVIDEND NO. 6.—THE BOARD of Directors have this day declared a dividend of TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS ($2.50) per share on the Capita Stock, payable on and after the 13th inst.

JOHN R. GLONINGER,
z26 Secretary.

OFFICE MANUFACTURERS & MERCHANTS INS. CO., No. 37 Wood street,
PITTSBURGH, Jan. 4, 1876.

☞DIVIDEND—THE BOARD OF Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of Three Dollars per share, Two Dollars payable in cash on demand, and One Dollar to be credited on stock notes.

z27 JAS. M. KENNEY, Secretary.

OFFICE GERMAN AMERICAN INS. COMPANY OF PENN'A,
JANUARY 30, 1876.

☞THE DIRECTORS OF THE above company have this day declared a dividend of $3.00 per share, payable on and after MONDAY, January 10th, 1876.

W. J. PATTERSON,
29;z Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE ALLEGHENY INS. CO.,
No. 67 Fourth avenue,
PITTSBURGH, January 3, 1876.

☞DIVIDEND NO. 19.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE DOLLARS ($5 00) per share, to be credited on Stock Notes.

C. G. DONNELL,
z12 Secretary.

☞DIVIDEND NO. 21.

OFFICE OF THE PEOPLE'S INSURANCE CO.

The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of THREE DOLLARS per share, free of taxes, out of the earnings of the past six months, payable on and after the 10th inst.

WM. F. GARDNER,
Secretary.

PITTSBURGH, January 3, 1876. z13

BRIDGE.

☞EWALT STREET BRIDGE CO.—The Managers of this Company have declared a Dividend of THREE PER CENT. on the capital stock, payable at the office of the Treasurer, 406 Penn street, on and after the 20th inst.

CHRISTIAN SIEBERT, Treasurer.

PITTSBURGH, January 5, 1875. z100

OFFICE ALLEGHENY BRIDGE CO.
PITTSBURGH, January 1, 1876.

☞DIVIDEND.—THE PRESIDENT and Managers of the Company for erecting a bridge over the Allegheny river, opposite Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, have this day declared a dividend of TWO DOLLARS on each share of the capital stock out of the earnings of the last six months, payable to stockholders or their legal representatives by the Treasurer, forthwith.

z6 W. ROSEBURG, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF MONONGAHELA NAVIGATION CO.,
PITTSBURGH, January 13, 1876.

☞THE BOARD OF MANAGERS OF the Monongahela Navigation Company have this day declared a dividend of TWO DOLLARS ($2.00) per share on the capital stock, payable on and after Monday, the 17th of January, inst., at the office of the Company, No. 9 Diamond street.

z79 W. BAKEW[illegible]

$57.60 AGENTS' PROFITS [illegible]